Strategies for Surface Water Monitoring and Assessment ^{10-Year Vision} for Watershed Planning in Massachusetts

Clean Water Act Vision Workshop: Watershed Planning Program April 26, 2017

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Goals for Today

- Engage stakeholders in strategic planning
- * Share state strategies and elements of a balanced monitoring program
- * Expand MassDEP's understanding of monitoring conducted by non-DEP entities
- Build relationships and structures of collaboration to enhance-partnerships in data collection
- Generate ideas and receive feedback on how MassDEP can structure future engagement with stakeholders
- * Follow-up workshops Fall of 2017

Workshop Overview

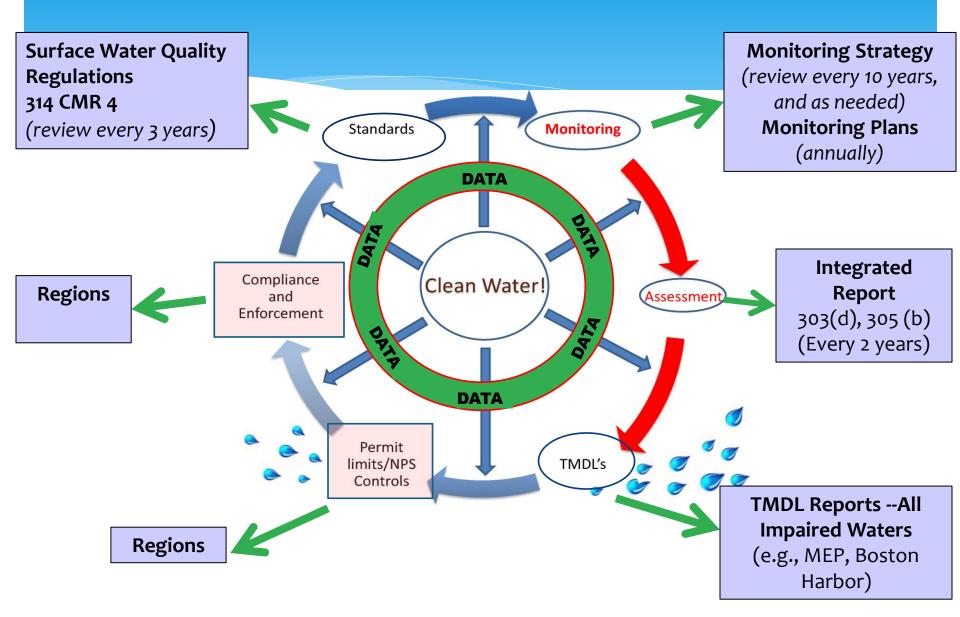
MassDEP Perspective

- * Background on CWA Programs and State's role
- * MassDEP Monitoring & Assessment- baseline programs
- * Challenges & Opportunities

Panel and Breakout Sessions

- * Panel Elements of a Balanced Monitoring Program
- * Breakouts and group reports What questions do we need to answer through monitoring? How is information used?
- * **Panel** Engagement & Integration for Monitoring & Assessment
- * **Collective Discussion** Engagement & Integration

Clean Water Act – Management Process



CWA Monitoring Objectives

- 1. Assess the status or condition of Massachusetts' waters Integrated Report
- 2. Develop, implement and evaluate pollution control strategies

NPDES Permits, TMDLs, Alternative Plans (NPS Watershed Plans)

 Develop policies and standards and identify/explore emerging issues

E.g., Biological criteria, emerging contaminants

4. Measure the effectiveness of water quality management programs

Are standards met? (success stories, trends, delisting of impaired waters)

MassDEP Surface Water Strategic Monitoring Goal

Plan and implement a comprehensive monitoring program that serves <u>all water management needs</u> and addresses <u>all</u> <u>State waters</u>, including all waterbody types (e.g., streams, rivers, lakes, reservoirs, estuaries, coastal areas, wetlands and groundwater.

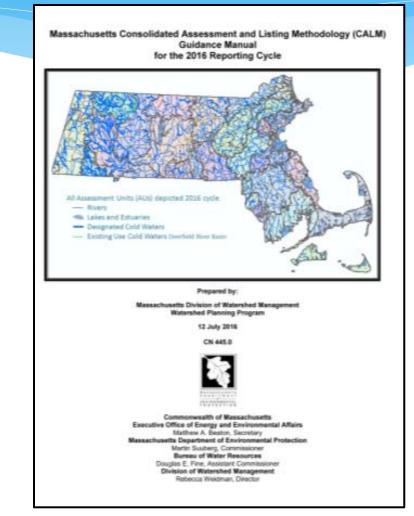
Statewide Monitoring Strategy and Annual Plans



MassDEP Strategic Assessment Goal

- Document the methods for assessing surface water quality conditions for MassDEP staff and the public
- Consolidated Assessment and Listing Methodology (CALM)

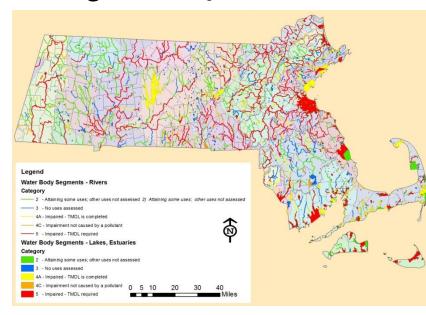
www.mass.gov/eea/docs/dep/wat er/resources/07v5/2016calm.pdf

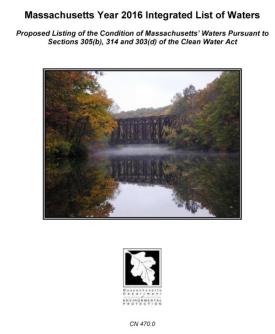


MassDEP Strategic Assessment Goal

 Complete and document water quality assessment decisions in a timely and defensible manner using available and appropriate data

Integrated Report





Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs Matthew A. Beaton, Secretary Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Martin Suuberg, Commissioner Bureau of Water Resources Douglas E. Fine, Assistant Commissioner

Massachusetts Surface Waters

Water Body Type	Value (units)
Rivers and Streams	13, 919 (miles)
Lakes and Ponds	196,121 (acres)
Coastal Waters	2,726 (sq miles)
Coastal Tidal Shoreline	1,519 (miles)
Wetlands	1,149,712 (acres)

Current Baseline Monitoring Program

* Probabilistic

- * Wadeable Streams (182 streams/state 2011-2015)
- * Lakes (75 lakes/state 2016-2018)

* Targeted

- * Reference Site Network (27 streams/state)
- * Effectiveness Monitoring (5 sites 2016)
- * Cyanobacteria bloom response (29 sites 2016)
- * Fish Toxics (varies)
- Bacteria Source Tracking Southeast Region (20 sub watersheds)
- * Monitoring to Assess Climate Change (5 sites)

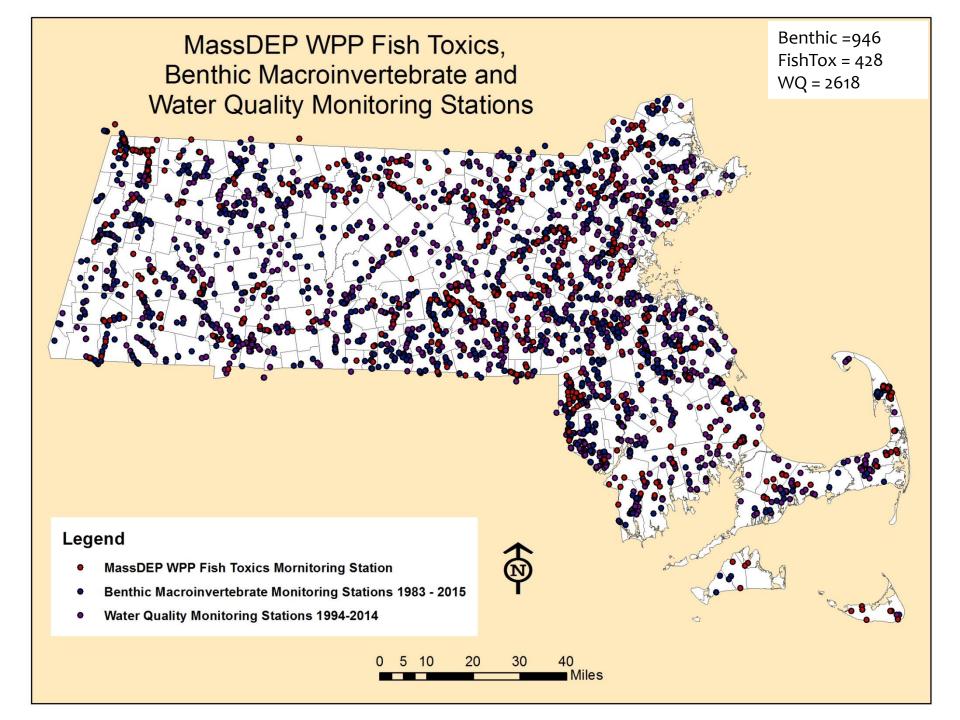
Current Baseline Monitoring Program

Targeted (cont.)

* Total Maximum Daily Load - Nutrient reduction

- * Long Island Sound (VT-NH/MA flow gauge)
- * **Mt Hope Bay/Taunton River** (2 Dissolved Oxygen Buoys)
- * Massachusetts Estuaries Project (70 Embayments, water quality studies & modeling)
- * **Blackstone** (Stateline water quality station)
- * Mystic River (Field support river loading)
- * Assabet (Duckweed biomass surveys)
- * Monponsett Pond (water quality & modeling)
- * White Island Pond (water quality & modeling)

What is the challenge?



What is the Opportunity?

Optimize collaboration between MassDEP and non-DEP monitoring programs

Water Quality Data Sources

Massachusetts State Agencies

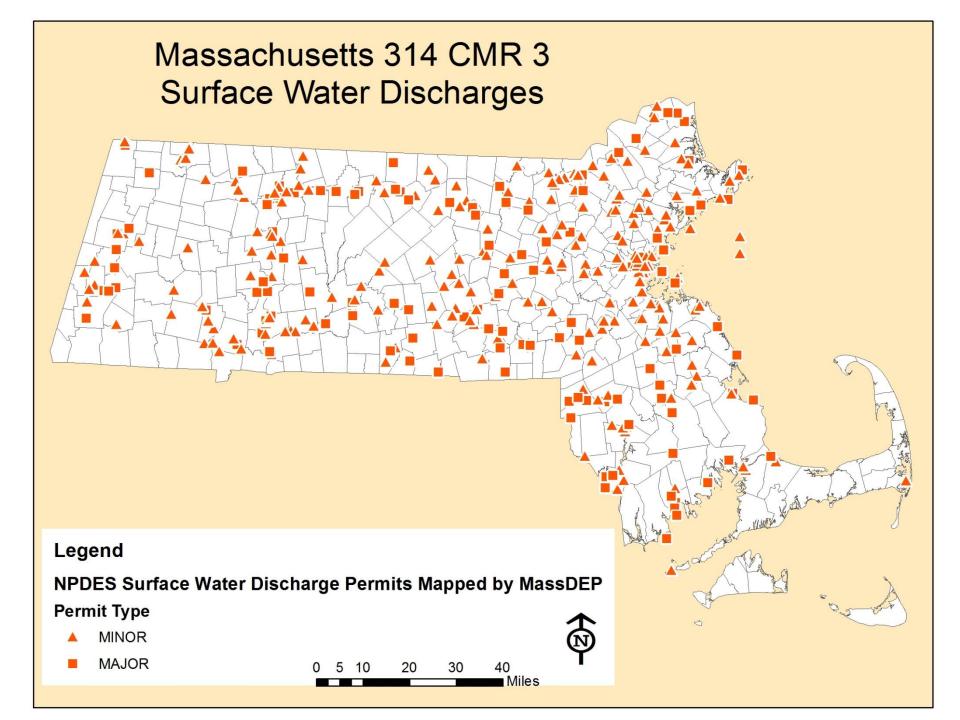
- MassDEP- Drinking Water
- MassDEP- Wetlands and Waterways
- MassDEP- Watershed Planning and Permitting
- MassDEP Massachusetts Estuaries Project (MEP)
- MassDEP - Wastewater Management
- Office of Coastal Zone Management (CZM)
- Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR)
- Department of Fish and Game (DFG)-Division of Marine Fisheries
- DFG Division of Fisheries and Wildlife
- Department of Public Health (DPH)
- Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (MWRA)
- MassGIS land use, impervious cover

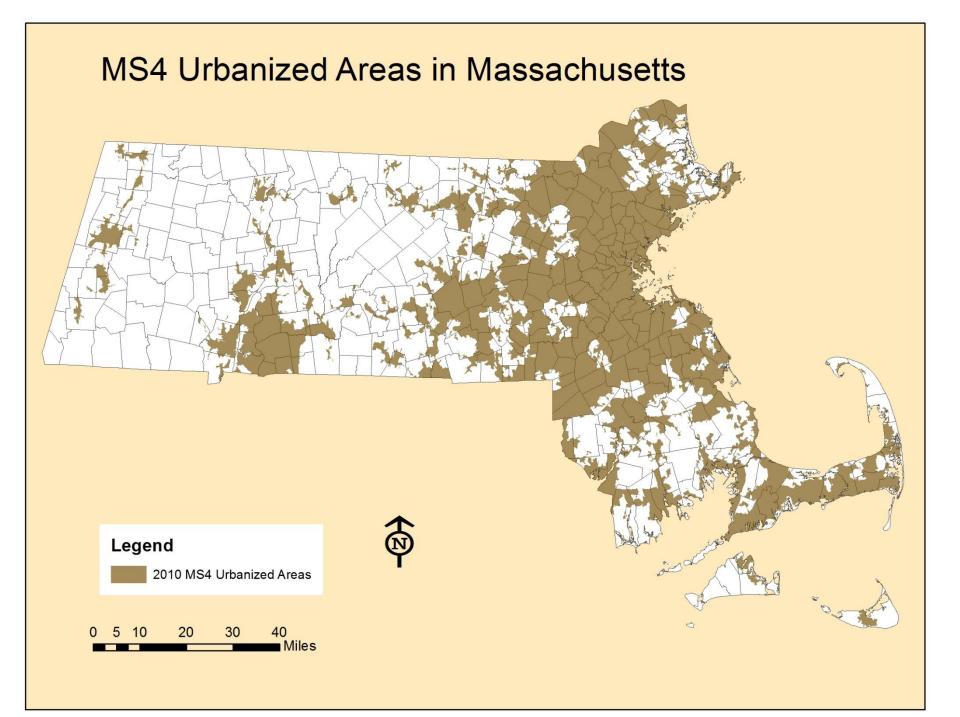
Federal Agencies

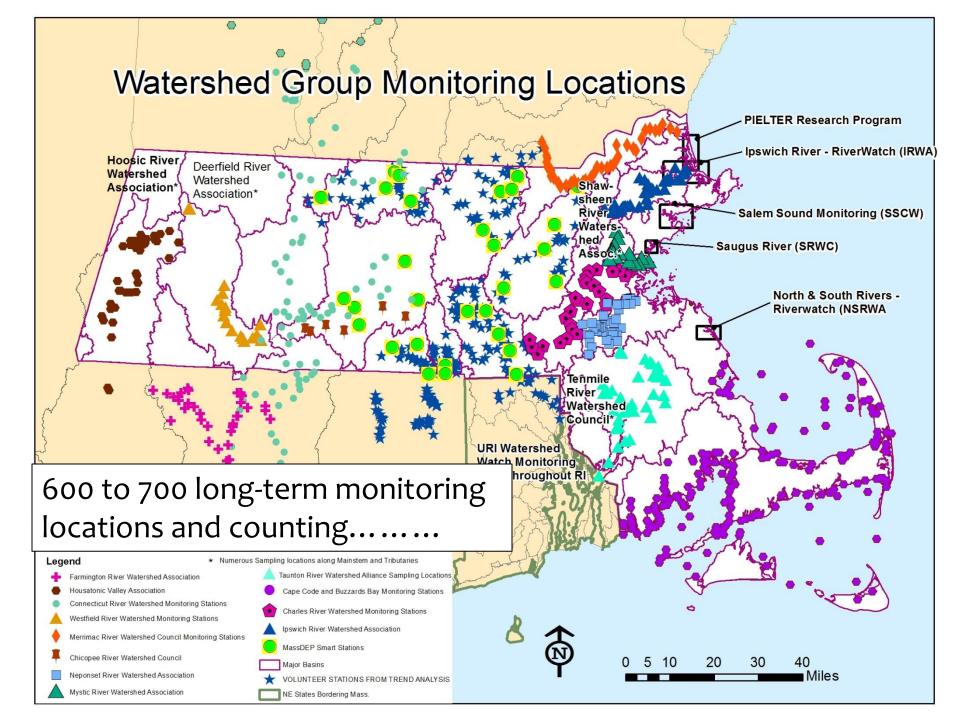
- U.S. Geological Survey
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration

Other Sources

- Massachusetts Water Resources Research Center
- Colleges, Universities & academic institutions
- Watershed and lake associations
- Citizen monitoring programs
- Municipal Conservation Commissions
- NPDES Permit Monitoring Requirements
- Municipal Facilities Plans
- Environmental consultants







Summary

Challenge

Resources are tight

Data collection is expensive

- Increasing number of data collectors
- Many data gaps

Opportunity

- Leverage partnerships and crossprogram integration (4 mgmt. goals)
- Optimize data usability increase consistency of QA
- Technology improves opportunities for data sharing
- Align MassDEP and non-DEP monitoring activities

Rowing together to Protect and Restore the Waters of the Commonwealth

