WHITE-TAILED DEER MANAGEMENT AT THE SUDBURY RESERVOIR;

Incorporating wildlife management into forest resilience





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• IT IS OUR MISSION ASSURE THE AVAILABILITY OF PURE WATER FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS.

PROTECTION FORESTS

MAINTAIN a forest that is both RESISTANT AND RESILIENT climate change, forest pests, and potential disease.

Society of American Foresters describes a Protection Forest as: "An area, wholly or partly covered with trees, managed primarily to regulate stream flow, maintain water quality, minimize erosion, stabilized drifting sand, conserve ecosystems or provide other benefits via protection" (SAF 2008).

The Forest as a Filter

FORESTS form the optimal land cover for high quality water:

- Intercept and absorb the energy of falling precipitation via leaves, bark, and litter, preventing soil particles from dislodging and eroding into streams.
- Develop organic soil structure that increases water infiltration rates and prevents erosional overland flow.
- Capture soil nutrients as they take in water through their roots.
- Accumulate biomass rapidly for long portions of their lives.
- Provide shade that regulates decomposition processes and the temperature of streams.
- Provide seed to perpetuate their occupancy on the landscape.



DEER AND FOREST REGENERATION

Over-abundant deer populations can influence and the affect the abundance of woody species (trees!).

Intensive deer browse causes problems regenerating particular species- impacting diversity.

When deer populations are protected for many years and sustained at high densities, forest structure may be completely altered.

(Gill and Beardall, 2001)

FOREST HEALTH AT THE SUDBURY

2018: REGENERATION STUDY

136 plots were surveyed: 70% had no regeneration above 4.5 ft. Why >4.5 ft?... trees can escape deer damage

63% of the plots surveyed had no qualifying regeneration. Increase of dense fern cover- compounding the problem. FOREST HEALTH AT THE SUDBURY 2018: REGENERATION STUDY Benchmark of 2000 stems per acre at or above 4.5ft Sudbury: 448 stems/acre

LEVEL OF BROWSE:

94% of plots had over 50% of stems browsed

Almost 60% had severe browse



SUDBURY DEER DENSITY ESTIMATE 2016 & 2018



FOREST HEALTH AT THE SUDBURY

Lack of Regeneration + High Deer Density= Invasive Plants



Oak seedling

Asiatic Bittersweet

SUDBURY RESERVOIR- ISSUES OVERVIEW

- The Sudbury has not been included in the Division's hunting plans and no deer management has occurred here since before the 1900s.
- Deer density estimates are significantly higher than the recommended 20 deer/mi²
- Forest management has been conducted in the past, but forest regeneration is unreliable and often limited due to invasive species. Missing the Protection Forest.
- Although it is an emergency water supply, the Sudbury is an important part of the MWRA system. (Weston 2010)

RECOMMENDED ACTION

- 1. Open the Sudbury Reservoir to deer hunting.
- 2. Hunting would be by a free, online 5-year access permit only.
- 3. Hunting would be open beginning in 2019

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DEER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM AT THE SUDBURY

GOAL:

Reduce the impacts of deer browsing to a level that allows and promotes the development of a healthy, resilient, diverse forest that can adequately protect water quality.

MAJOR COMPONENTS:1) Reduction of deer population densities.

 Maintain those densities at a level that allows continued growth and regeneration of forest tree species.



Two Areas open to hunting will be:

- 1. Lands immediately surrounding the Sudbury Reservoir (1400-acres)
- 2. Crane Swamp/Walnut Hill area (650-acres).



SUDBURY RESERVOIR DEER HUNT 2019

2-week comment period following this meetingDCR Homepage

- Open the designated Sudbury lands to deer hunting in 2019
- Hunting would be by permit only.
 - Available online starting Friday, October 4th.
- Open for hunting beginning on Monday, October 21st (Zone 9 date).
- Online Map available October 4th
 - Walk in from gates or other access points labelled on the map.
- No "bonus" antlerless permits Use Zone 9 & 10 Tags

QUESTIONS?

dct Massachusetts