Sawmill Brook Culvert at Taunton St

Southern Outlet from Turnpike Lake June 2021

CULVERT EVALUATION REPORT



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Plainville, MA
Southern Outlet from Turnpike Lake

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Prepared by: BETA GROUP, INC.
Prepared for: Town of Plainville

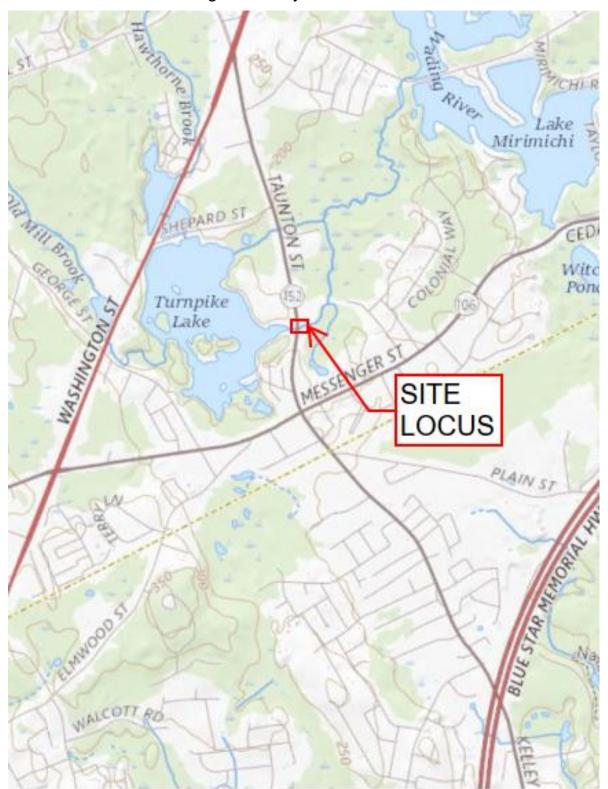
June 2021

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1.0 PROJECT LOCUS

Figure 1-1: Project Locus – USGS





2.0 OBJECTIVE OF REPORT

This report is provided to document the existing condition, capacity and vulnerable of this culvert to climate change. It is meant to evaluate potential issues such structural stability and flooding issues associated with higher current rainfall depths. This information will be utilized to prioritize capital improvement projects for the protection of public infrastructure, roadway and utilities, potentially improve the environment and connectivity of the stream.

The culvert was analyzed for the 10- and 100-year storm events for capacity and flooding purposes

3.0 CALCULATION METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The hydrologic and hydraulic flow calculations were completed stormwater runoff is analyzed using the following:

- HY-8 Culvert Hydraulic Analysis Program provided by the Federal Highway Administration
- Flood Insurance Study revised June 9, 2014
- Flood Insurance Rate Map Norfolk County. Massachusetts 25021C0339F effective July 16, 2015 provided by Federal Emergency Management Agency
- Culvert information was obtained via a field observation completed in May 2021.
- StreamStats flows data (workspace ID: MA20210504144106929000) (see Appendix C):
- Technical Paper No. 40 (TP-40) Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States
- NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates

4.0 Project Area Location and Bridge/Culvert Description

This structure consists of a concrete pipe supported by a masonry wall on each side. The concrete pipe is 3'-0" in diameter and approximately 55'-6" in length. The masonry wall on the east side is approximately 20'-0" long and extends about 3'-3" above the top of the concrete pipe. The masonry wall on the west side is smaller, measuring approximately 10'-0" long and extending about 1'-0" above the top of the concrete pipe. There is fill above the masonry walls up to the roadway. The approximate depth of fill was measured at 1'-10" on the east side and 1'-0" on the west side. The direction of flow is west to east and the depth of flow was recorded at 1'-0" at the east entrance and 7" at the west entrance.

The roadway width over the culvert is approximately 40'-0" curb-to-curb. The sidewalk on the east side was measured to be about 4'-6". There is a driveway located at the north approach.

There are overhead wires on both the west and east sides. A catch basin is present on the southwest corner of the road over the culvert. Existing guardrail is present on the east side only.

The waterway on both sides contains debris and heavy vegetation.

5.0 CULVERT CONDITION

The overall condition of the structure is fair with several deficiencies noted. The concrete pipe through the culvert is in fair condition. Abrasion is present across the pipe, continuing approximately to the center. There is spalling with exposed rebar on the outside of the concrete pipe on the east side, measuring 10' long and 1" deep (Photo 2). There is a drainpipe present on the east side, potentially from the catch basin on the west side. The drainpipe is in poor condition, showing heavy deterioration up to 2' deep into the pipe (Photo 5).



The stone masonry wall on the east side is in poor condition. There are several boulders that have fallen off into the water at the base and there are areas of loose stones and missing mortar throughout. There is also a horizontal crack that runs the full length of the wall, approximately 16" above the top of the pipe (Photo 1). Vegetation and debris are present on the east side (Photo 8). The stone masonry wall on the west side is in fair condition with a few deficiencies noted. There is some missing mortar and an area of potential washout on the northwest embankment (Photo 10). On the west side, there is heavy vegetation on the embankments and over the waterway (Photo 3 and 9).

The roadway over the culvert and at both approaches is in good condition. It is noted that the road appears to have heavy traffic. The guardrail present on the east side is in good condition. There is no guardrail present on the west side, although it is not necessarily because the wall is set back approximately 15'-0" from the curb line.

6.0 DATA COLLECTION

The following are the data sources and hydrologic data use for this evaluation

Details Data Type Source **Culvert Data** BETA Group, Inc. (2021) Field Measurements Structural Evaluation BETA Group, Inc. (2021) **Project Locus USGS Aerial Mapping** Google Earth (2020) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Community Panel No. Flood Data Zone AE –elevation 199 25021C 0343F **Turtle Brook** Stream Profile FEMA – FIS Norfolk County, MA Flood Profile 228P Workspace ID: StreamStats Report USGS (2020) MA20210504145620931000

Table 6-1: Data Sources

Table 6-2: Hydrologic Data

Hydraulic Design Data			Flood of Record				
Drain Area	4.28 sq. mi.		Discharge		Discharge		Unknown
Bank Full Width			Frequency U		Unknown		
Design Flood Discharge	421 cfs*		Maximum Elevation		Unknown		
Design Flood Frequency	25-year		Date N		March 1968		
Base (100-year) Flood Data*							
Base Flood Discharge*	605 cfs*		Base Flood Elevation 199 (NGVD)				

^{*}Adjusted for Climate Change – See Appendix E



7.0 HY-8 MODEL — EXISTING CULVERTS

Field measurements were taken to develop a basic hydraulic model using HY-8 program. Turnpike Lake has two dam-controlled outlets. The north outlet (Turtle Brook) is conveyed under Taunton Street in a 6-foot wide by 4-foot-high concrete box culvert (24 sq. ft.). While the southern outlet (Sawmill Brook) is conveyed under Taunton Street in a 36-inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe (7.1 sq. ft.). To evaluate the capacity of the culvert two methodologies were considered. The first is using a proportioned flow based on the relative capacity of the two culverts crossing Taunton Street and the second is a 50/50 split of the flow.

Note elevations in these calculations refer to an assumed datum.

7.1 OPTION 1 - PROPORTIONED FLOW

If outflow of the two dams is managed based on the capacity of the Taunton Street culverts the southern culvert will need to pass 96± cfs (23%) of the flow.

The results indicate that the culvert is sufficient to convey the 25-year storm flows (96 cfs – Streamstats data modified for climate change and proportioned based on culvert size with the Turtle Book outlet). The following figures and table show that the road is not overtopped during the design (25-year storm).



Figure 7-1 HY-8 Existing Model Overview



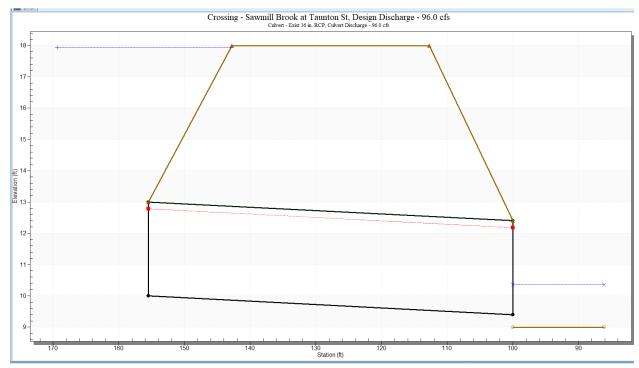


Figure 7-2 Existing 36" RCP Profile

Table 7-1 Existing Crossing Summary Table

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Exist 36 in. RCP Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
12.14	22.00	22.00	0.00	1
12.75	33.70	33.70	0.00	1
13.37	45.40	45.40	0.00	1
14.12	57.10	57.10	0.00	1
15.05	68.80	68.80	0.00	1
16.17	80.50	80.50	0.00	1
17.47	92.20	92.20	0.00	1
17.93	96.00	96.00	0.00	1
18.41	115.60	99.80	15.79	6
18.57	127.30	101.07	26.20	5
18.72	139.00	102.19	36.73	4
18.00	96.54	96.54	0.00	Overtopping

FEMA Flood maps indicate that the flood elevation is below the road elevation and equal on both sides of the road.

7.2 EVEN SPLIT FLOW

If outflow of the two dams is not strictly managed flow out of these structures will likely be split close to 50% each. The following includes an analysis of the minimum culvert size required to convey the 25-year storm flows (211 cfs – 50% Streamstats data modified for climate change).



Figure 7-3 New 4'x4' Conc. Box Overview

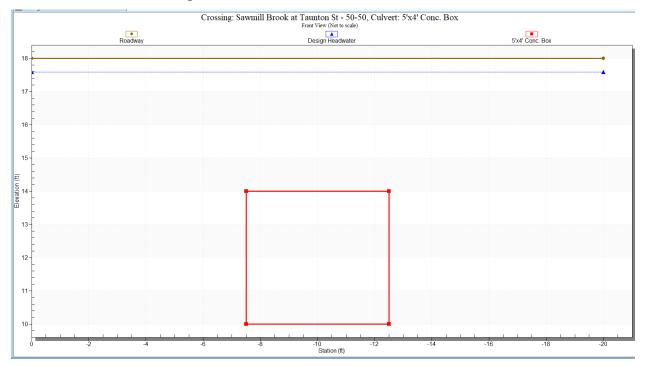


Figure 7-4 New 5'x4' Conc. Box Profile

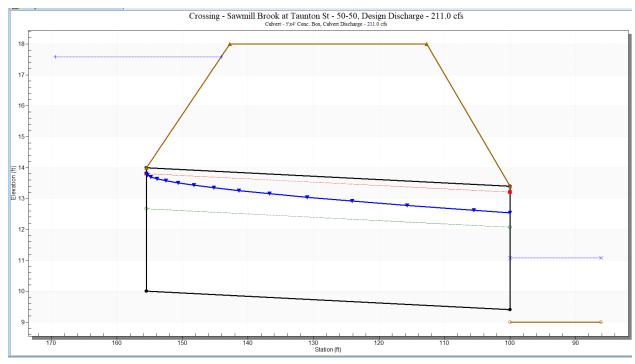


Table 7-2 New 5'x4' Conc. Box Crossing Summary Table

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	5'x4' Conc. Box Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
12.90	64.00	64.00	0.00	1
13.57	87.90	87.90	0.00	1
14.23	111.80	111.80	0.00	1
14.91	135.70	135.70	0.00	1
15.65	159.60	159.60	0.00	1
16.49	183.50	183.50	0.00	1
17.43	207.40	207.40	0.00	1
17.58	211.00	211.00	0.00	1
18.53	255.20	232.10	23.03	3
18.78	279.10	237.40	41.62	4
19.00	303.00	242.01	60.94	4
18.00	220.66	220.66	0.00	Overtopping

8.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

8.1 STRUCTURE:

The overall condition of the structure is fair, while the east masonry wall is poor. Based on recent inspection findings, BETA recommends a full replacement of the east wall. Considering the condition of the wall, with cracking and voids at the base, replacing the wall with a C.I.P. concrete wall is the best long-term solution. In order to prevent further deterioration, the following items should be addressed in the interim:

- Replace all missing and/or loose stones in the stone masonry walls, especially at the base of the
 east wall.
- Repoint all masonry joints to the stone masonry walls on both sides.

8.2 FLOOD IMPACTS:

If flows to the two outlets to the Turnpike are managed based on the capacity of the two culverts crossing Taunton Street there is sufficient capacity to accommodate the 25-year storm. Stated another way, the 36-inch RCP can convey 23% of the flow out of Turnpike Lake for the 25-year storm event.

If the flow is closer to 50% then the minimum size culvert necessary to convey the 25 Year storm is a 4'x4' box culvert. If the culvert is to be replaced, consider upsizing to meet the stream crossing guidelines.



8.3 COST ESTIMATE

BUDGETARY COST ESTIMATE

Interim Repairs

Construction: \$32,000 Engineering: \$8,000 Total: \$40,000

Full-Replacement

Construction: \$250,000 Engineering: \$65,000 Total: \$315,000





Town of Plainville, Massachusetts

Bridge/Culvert Inspection Checklist

General:

Street Name: Taunton Street Waterway: Sawmill Brook Inlet Culvert ID:

Inspectors:

Name: Peter Kotowski Position: Senior Structural Engineer

Name: Brandon Nelson Position: Staff Engineer

Name: Position:

Inspection Conditions:

Date: 5/12/2021 Weather: Sunny Temp: 59°F

General Information:

Bridge Type: Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP) Construction Date: Unknown

Hydraulic Opening Height (Feet): 3'-0" Diameter Pipe Out-To-Out Length (Feet): 3

Hydraulic Opening Width/Span Length (Feet): 3'-0" Diameter Pier Depth of Fill Over Culvert Inches: Varies 12" (Min.) - 2

Depth of Flow During Inspection: 12" +/- Direction of Flow: East

Utilities Carried By Structure: Overhead Wires, Gas, Hydrant in North Approach

Drainage Structures: Catch Basin in NW Approach

Recommendations: Replace missing/loose chinking stones in headwall; Repoint masonry headwalls (Does not address hydraulic issues)

Abutments/Culvert Sidewalls:

North Sidewall: NA

South Sidewall: NA

Center Pier: Hvy. Detierioration of drain pipe; Overall poor condition; Missing and loose stones typical; full length horiz crack; Hvy

vegitation & debris

Channel Walls: Fair condition; Hvy vegiation; Few areas of missing mortar

Abutment North Sidewall Rating: NA Abutment South Sidewall Rating: NA Center Pier Rating: 4 Channel Wall Rating: 6

Superstructure/Culvert Roof:

Condition Notes: NA

Rating: NA

Culvert Floor/Channel

Scour: Debris: Floor/Channel Rating: 5

Floor/Channel Notes: Concrete pipe in fair condition; Minor abrasion typical at water line

Town of Plainville, Massachusetts

Bridge/Culvert Inspection Checklist

<u>Training/Wingwalls:</u>

North East Wall: Headwall North West Wall Type: Masonry North West Wall Rating: See East Wall

North East Wall: See East Wall notes

North West Wall: NA North West Wall Type: NA North West Wall Rating: NA

North West Wall: NA

South East Wall: NA South East Wall Type: NA South East Wall Rating: NA

South East Wall: NA

South West Wall: Headwall South West Wall Type: Masonry South West Wall Rating: See West Wal

South West Wall: See West Wall notes

Head Wall: See Sidewall Notes Head Wall Type: See Sidewall Note Head Wall Rating:

Head Wall Notes: See Sidewall Notes

Roadway Condition:

Culvert/Bridge Roadway Condition: Good condition Culvert/Roadway (Feet): 40'-0" +/-

Culvert/Bridge Roadway Settlement: No settlement noted Culvert/Roadway Rating: 7

Culvert/Bridge Roadway Alignment: Straight

North Roadway Approach Condition: Good North Roadway (Feet): 40'-0" +/-

North Roadway Approach Settlement: No settlement North Roadway Rating: 7

North Roadway Approach Alignement: Straight

South Roadway Approach Condition: NA South Roadway (Feet): NA South Roadway Approach Settlement: NA South Roadway Rating: NA

South Roadway Approach Alignement: NA

East Roadway Approach Condition: NA East Roadway (Feet): NA East Roadway Approach Settlement: NA East Roadway Rating: NA

East Roadway Approach Alignement: NA

West Roadway Approach Condition: Good condition West Roadway (Feet): 40'-0" +/-

West Roadway Approach Settlement: No settlement noted West Roadway Rating: 7

West Roadway Approach Alignement: Straight

Safety Barrier

Bridge Rail Type: Steel GR on East side of road

Bridge Rail Condition: GR on East in Good condition; No GR on West side of road

Bridge Rail Rating: 6

Approach Rail Notes: East side rail in Good condition

JOB Plaiville Inspections No. 7624 CALCULATED BY Browden Nelson DATE 5/12/21 T.O. Roodway CHECKED BY_ DESCRIPTION TRUMON St OVER TURNER SHEET NO. 1 OP 2 **ENGINEERING SUCCESS TOGETHER** VT.O. Misonry Wall [= 20'L] Longit # See Nute I'd Spall, lo' Lows 24'd We -= 44" & We T.O. Road is 5 ± Cone grain byte Grapey 5, in T.O. Pope to 24 T.O. WALL IS 3.2+ 2'=-K East ELEV Llooking WJ Else of Shak is 4.5) 13, 819W CONC. -1, 6 Obening 12' ± East Plan # = Water Elev

JOB Plannille Inspections No. 7624 CALCULATED BY Broaden Nolson DATE 5/12/21 DESCRIPTION TOWN A. ONE TUMPER SHEET NO. 2 of 2 CHECKED BY T.O. Rordway **ENGINEERING SUCCESS TOGETHER** -t. 0. Masorry wall [= 10"+] T.O. Pipe to T.O. Pipe to T.O. Wall is 43 t Notes - WENER MEDERS D.A. Minh warter or stows Mushaux Stones Falling N BAN OF West Elev [Looking E] MAL 151 to COM. Pipe -610 4 Notes AUG is 0.6' Store Loved Charmel Dowk (0.6) Wast Plan

APPENDIX B Photo Survey



Photo Survey
June 2021 Plainville, MA



Photo 1 Looking West: East Elevation



Photo 2 Looking West: East View of Pipe



Photo 3 Looking East: West Elevation



Photo 4 Looking East: Water Through Pipe



Photo 5 Looking East: Secondary Pipe Deteriorated



Photo 6 Looking North: Northeast Embankment



Photo 7 Looking Southwest: Southeast Embankment

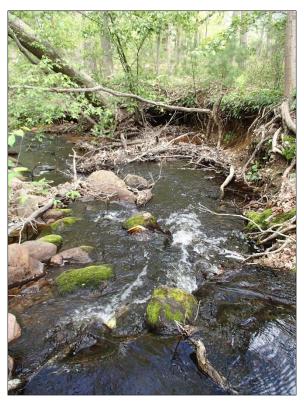


Photo 8 Looking East: Water Flow

Photo Survey
June 2021 Plainville, MA



Photo 9 Looking West: Water Flow



Photo 10 Looking Northeast: Northwest Embankment

Photo Survey
June 2021 Plainville, MA



Photo 11 Looking South: North Approach



Photo 12 Looking North: South Approach



Photo 13 Looking West: West Side Curb



Photo 14 Looking South: East Sidewalk



5/4/2021 StreamStats

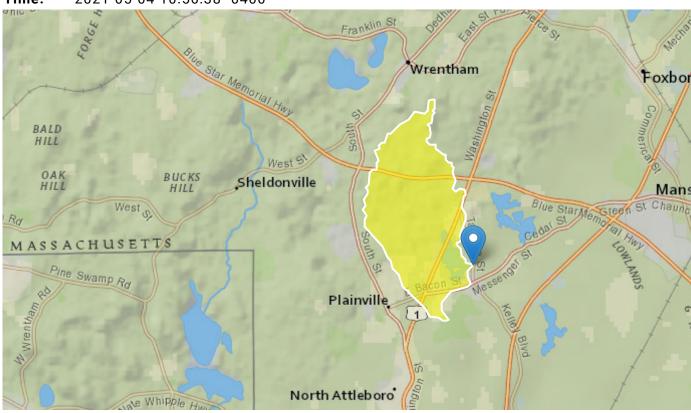
Taunton St Culvert - StreamStats Report

Region ID: MA

Workspace ID: MA20210504145620931000

Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude): 42.01491, -71.30595

Time: 2021-05-04 10:56:38 -0400



Basin Characteristics					
Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit		
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	4.28	square miles		
ELEV	Mean Basin Elevation	273	feet		
LC06STOR	Percentage of water bodies and wetlands determined from the NLCD 2006	11.21	percent		
BSLDEM10M	Mean basin slope computed from 10 m DEM	5.801	percent		

5/4/2021 StreamStats

Peak-Flow Statistics Parameters [Peak Statewide 2016 5156]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	4.28 square miles	0.16	512
ELEV	Mean Basin Elevation	273 feet	80.6	1948
LC06STOR	Percent Storage from NLCD2006	11.21 percent	0	32.3

Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Peak Statewide 2016 5156]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, Plu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	PII	Plu	SEp
50-percent AEP flood	114	ft^3/s	58.4	223	42.3
20-percent AEP flood	189	ft^3/s	95.5	374	43.4
10-percent AEP flood	247	ft^3/s	122	501	44.7
4-percent AEP flood	332	ft^3/s	158	696	47.1
2-percent AEP flood	403	ft^3/s	186	872	49.4
1-percent AEP flood	477	ft^3/s	214	1060	51.8
0.5-percent AEP flood	558	ft^3/s	243	1280	54.1
0.2-percent AEP flood	674	ft^3/s	280	1620	57.6

Peak-Flow Statistics Citations

Zarriello, P.J.,2017, Magnitude of flood flows at selected annual exceedance probabilities for streams in Massachusetts: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2016-5156, 99 p. (https://dx.doi.org/10.3133/sir20165156)

Bankfull Statistics Parameters [Bankfull Statewide SIR2013 5155]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	4.28	square miles	0.6	329
BSLDEM10M	Mean Basin Slope from 10m DEM	5.801	percent	2.2	23.9

5/4/2021 StreamStats

Bankfull Statistics Flow Report [Bankfull Statewide SIR2013 5155]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, Plu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	SEp
Bankfull Width	25.7	ft	21.3
Bankfull Depth	1.4	ft	19.8
Bankfull Area	35.8	ft^2	29
Bankfull Streamflow	95	ft^3/s	55

Bankfull Statistics Citations

Bent, G.C., and Waite, A.M.,2013, Equations for estimating bankfull channel geometry and discharge for streams in Massachusetts: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2013–5155, 62 p., (http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2013/5155/)

USGS Data Disclaimer: Unless otherwise stated, all data, metadata and related materials are considered to satisfy the quality standards relative to the purpose for which the data were collected. Although these data and associated metadata have been reviewed for accuracy and completeness and approved for release by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), no warranty expressed or implied is made regarding the display or utility of the data for other purposes, nor on all computer systems, nor shall the act of distribution constitute any such warranty.

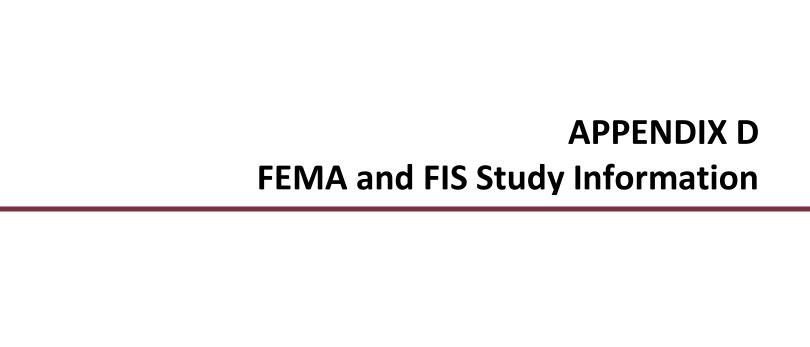
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Application Version: 4.5.2

StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

NSS Services Version: 2.1.1



FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY (FIS) INFORMATION

Flooding in the Town of Plainville can occur anytime; however, major flooding usually occurs during the spring as a result of heavy rain combined with snowmelt or late summer-early fall due to tropical storms. The greatest flood in the memory of town officials occurred in March 1968. During that flood, overflow from Turnpike Lake flooded sections of U. S. Route 1 and Shepard Street, and the Ten Mile River flooded part of West Bacon Street.

In Plainville, with the exception of the Ten Mile River and the Whiting Pond Bypass, peak discharges for floods with 10-, 2-, 1- and 0.2-percent-annual-chance recurrence intervals were estimated by use of formula developed by S. William Wandle, Jr. (Reference 90). Discharges for the Ten Mile River and the Whiting Pond Bypass were estimated by the USDA NRCS during the preparation of an Federal Insurance Agency (currently FEMA) Type 15 study of the adjoining Town of North Attleborough (Reference 116). Near the corporate limits, peak discharge of the Ten Mile River does not relate to drainage area because of flow diversion into the Whiting Pond Bypass.

On Turnpike Lake in Plainville there are two small dams. The Plainville Highway Department removes the flashboards of these dams when the water level of the lake approaches flood stage. For the dam computations it has been assumed that all flashboards would be removed. Water can be diverted from Turtle Brook into a canal just below Turnpike Lake Dam No.1. The diverted water can be returned to Turtle Brook upstream from the site of an abandoned mill at Taunton Street. Furthermore, there is a leakage from the canal which is at a higher elevation than the brook. However, because there is no way of knowing how much, if any, water would be diverted into the canal during a flood, it has been assumed that canal flow would be negligible.

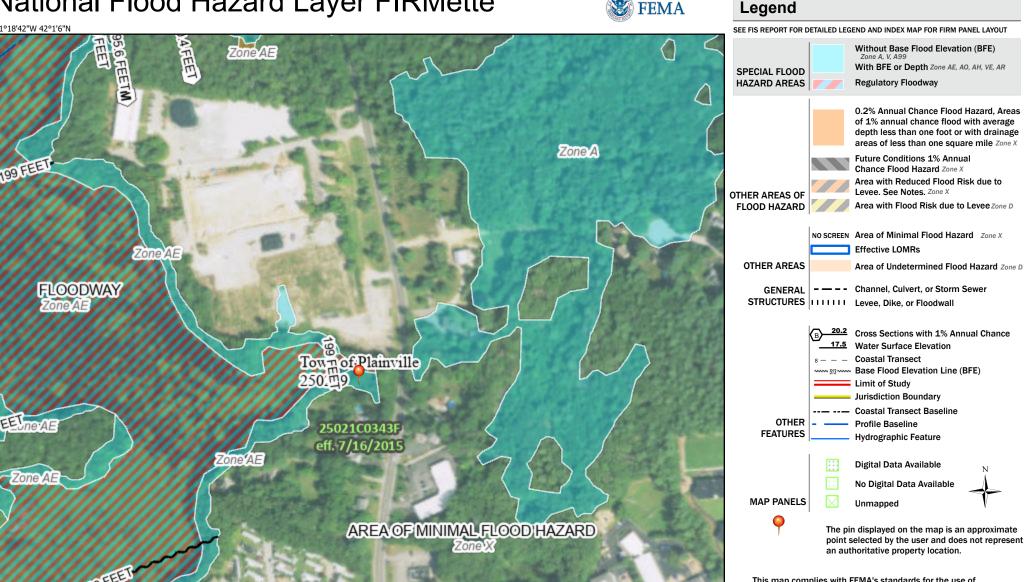
With the exception of the Ten Mile River and the Whiting Pond Bypass, water-surface elevations of floods of the selected recurrence intervals in Plainville were computed using USGS step-backwater computer program E431 (Reference 160). The elevations for the Ten Mile River and the Whiting Pond Bypass were computed at the time of the USDA NRCS Flood Insurance Study of the Town of North Attleboro (Reference 116). Elevations obtained for the Ten Mile River using USDA NRCS field data in the USGS computer program verify those obtained by the USDA NRCS. The flood elevations of Lake Mirimichi were used as starting elevations for Turtle Brook. The starting elevations on Brook No. 1 were determined by dam computations.

PEAK DISCHARGES (CUBIC FEET PER SECOND)

	DRAINAGE				
FLOODING SOURCE AND LOCATION	AREA (SQUARE <u>MILES)</u>	10-PERCENT ANNUAL <u>CHANCE</u>	2-PERCENT ANNUAL CHANCE	1-PERCENT ANNUAL <u>CHANC</u> E	0.2-PERCENT ANNUAL <u>CHANCE</u>
SUCKER BROOK					
At confluence with Massapoag Lake	1.10	63	92	104	141
TEN MILE RIVER					
At Plainville downstream corporate limits	4.23	86	150	200	390
At confluence with Whiting Pond Bypass	3.48	94	180	230	420
TURTLE BROOK					
At Mirimichi Street	5.29	260	440	540	830
Above confluence with Sawmill Brook	3.50	145	215	285	495
At Shepard Street	1.88	110	190	235	365

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





Feet

2.000

250

500

1,000

1,500

1:6.000

Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 5/4/2021 at 11:51 AM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, regulatory purposes.

legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for

APPENDIX E Hydrologic Data/Climate Change Adjustment



Hydrologic Data

StreamStats flows data (workspace ID: MA20210504145620931000) will be used to evaluate the culvert which are listed as follows:

$$10 \text{ Yr} = 247 \text{ cfs}$$

$$50 \text{ Yr} = 403 \text{ cfs}$$

$$100 \text{ Yr} = 477 \text{ cfs}$$

Climate Change Adjustment

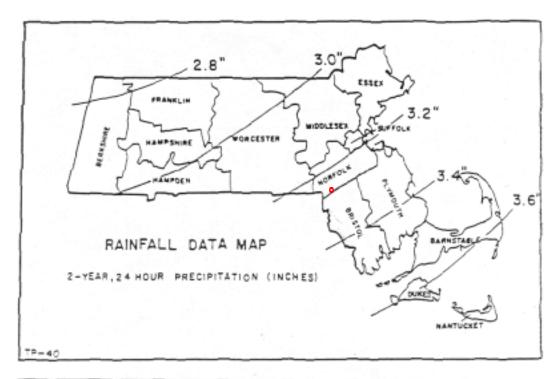
To adjust for climate change, BETA incorporated an adjustment of the StreamStats peak flow data using current (NOAA Atlas 14) rainfall data compared to the outdated TP-40 data.

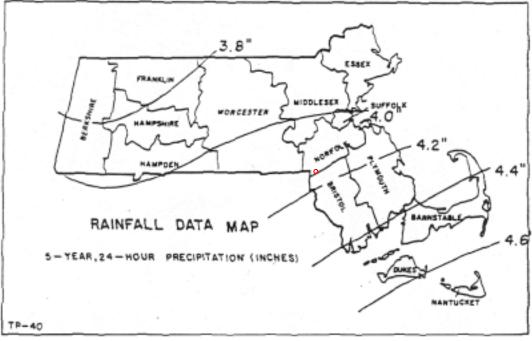
Accommodate Climate Change/Resiliancy Adjust Streamstats/FEMA FIS Flow Data By Ratio of TP 40 to NOAA Atlas 14 Rainfall Data

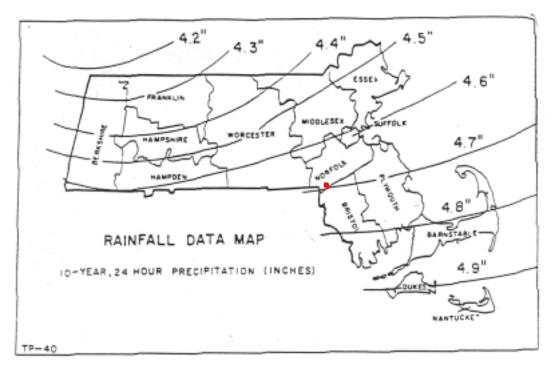
	1	2	3	4	5	
Storm Event	Rainfall TP-40		Flow Data (Streamstata)		Rainfall Atlas-14	Adjusted Flow
(Yr)	(in)	Δ	(cfs)	Δ	(in)	(cfs)
2	3.25		114		3.4	127
		0.9		75		
5	4.15		189		4.38	214
		0.54		58		
10	4.69		247		5.2	298
		0.85		85		
25	5.54		332		6.32	423
		0.61		71		
50	6.15		403		7.15	517
		0.65		74		
100	6.80	3.55	477	363	8.05	605

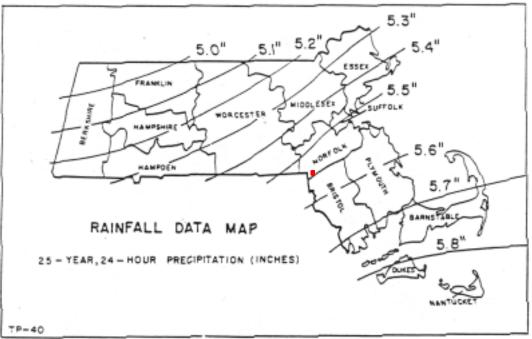
Adjusted Flow = 3+((5-1)/2)x4

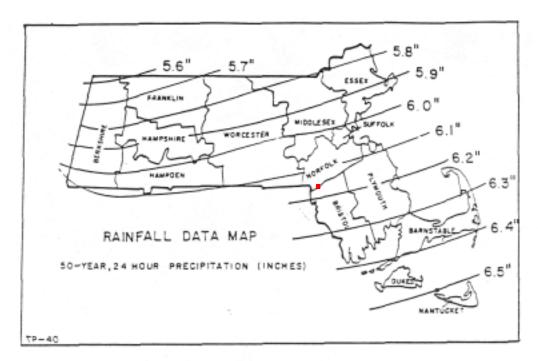


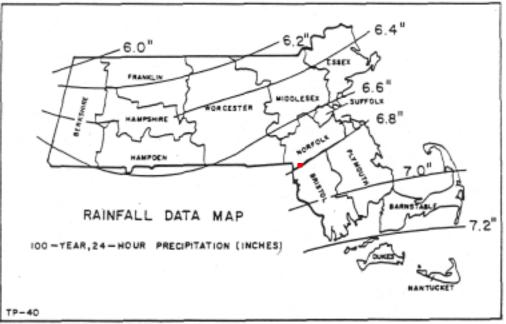














NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 10, Version 3 Location name: Plainville, Massachusetts, USA* Latitude: 42.0193°, Longitude: -71.3159°

Elevation: 199.23 ft**

* source: ESRI Maps

** source: USGS



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sandra Pavlovic, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Orlan Wilhite NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF_tabular | PF_graphical | Maps_&_aerials

PF tabular

PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.314 (0.249-0.393)	0.386 (0.306-0.483)	0.503 (0.397-0.632)	0.600 (0.471-0.758)	0.734 (0.556-0.970)	0.834 (0.619-1.13)	0.940 (0.677-1.32)	1.06 (0.719-1.52)	1.24 (0.808-1.84)	1.40 (0.884-2.10)
10-min	0.445 (0.353-0.557)	0.547 (0.433-0.684)	0.713 (0.563-0.896)	0.850 (0.667-1.07)	1.04 (0.788-1.38)	1.18 (0.876-1.60)	1.33 (0.959-1.87)	1.51 (1.02-2.15)	1.76 (1.14-2.61)	1.98 (1.25-2.98)
15-min	0.524 (0.415-0.655)	0.643 (0.509-0.805)	0.838 (0.661-1.05)	1.00 (0.784-1.26)	1.22 (0.927-1.62)	1.39 (1.03-1.88)	1.57 (1.13-2.20)	1.77 (1.20-2.53)	2.07 (1.35-3.07)	2.33 (1.47-3.51)
30-min	0.723 (0.574-0.905)	0.891 (0.706-1.12)	1.17 (0.920-1.46)	1.39 (1.09-1.76)	1.71 (1.29-2.26)	1.94 (1.44-2.62)	2.19 (1.58-3.08)	2.48 (1.68-3.54)	2.91 (1.89-4.30)	3.26 (2.07-4.92)
60-min	0.923 (0.732-1.16)	1.14 (0.902-1.43)	1.49 (1.18-1.87)	1.79 (1.40-2.26)	2.19 (1.66-2.90)	2.49 (1.85-3.37)	2.81 (2.03-3.95)	3.19 (2.15-4.55)	3.74 (2.42-5.53)	4.20 (2.66-6.33)
2-hr	1.18 (0.942-1.46)	1.47 (1.18-1.83)	1.96 (1.56-2.44)	2.36 (1.86-2.95)	2.91 (2.22-3.82)	3.31 (2.48-4.46)	3.75 (2.73-5.27)	4.28 (2.91-6.07)	5.09 (3.32-7.46)	5.78 (3.67-8.62)
3-hr	1.37 (1.10-1.69)	1.71 (1.37-2.12)	2.27 (1.82-2.82)	2.74 (2.17-3.42)	3.38 (2.60-4.43)	3.86 (2.90-5.17)	4.37 (3.20-6.11)	5.00 (3.41-7.04)	5.95 (3.89-8.67)	6.77 (4.32-10.1)
6-hr	1.78 (1.44-2.18)	2.21 (1.79-2.71)	2.90 (2.34-3.57)	3.48 (2.78-4.30)	4.27 (3.30-5.54)	4.86 (3.68-6.45)	5.49 (4.04-7.60)	6.26 (4.29-8.74)	7.43 (4.88-10.7)	8.43 (5.40-12.4)
12-hr	2.31 (1.89-2.81)	2.81 (2.29-3.42)	3.63 (2.95-4.43)	4.31 (3.48-5.29)	5.24 (4.08-6.73)	5.94 (4.52-7.79)	6.69 (4.94-9.12)	7.57 (5.22-10.5)	8.89 (5.88-12.7)	10.0 (6.44-14.6)
24-hr	2.80 (2.30-3.37)	3.40 (2.79-4.10)	4.38 (3.59-5.30)	5.20 (4.23-6.32)	6.32 (4.96-8.05)	7.15 (5.49-9.31)	8.05 (5.99-10.9)	9.12 6.33-12.5)	10.7 (7.12-15.2)	12.1 (7.82-17.4)
2-day	3.10 (2.62.3.77)	3.89 (3.22.4.85)	5.09 (4.20.6.10)	6.09 (4.00.7.33)	/.45 (5.00.0.43)	8.47 (6.56.11.0)	9.5/ (7 10 12 0)	10.9 (7.62.14.8)	13.0	14.8







JOB
CALCULATED BY
CHECKED BY
DESCRIPTION

Plainville	No.	7624
TMW	DATE	6/25/2021
	DATE	
Cost Analysis	SHEET NO.	

Masonry Repairs =

\$6,300

Taunton Street over Sawmill Brook/Turnpike Lake

Interim Repairs:

Masonry Repairs (Replace Stones, Repoint Joints, Fill Voids)

Approximate Wall Length (East Side) = 20.00 ft
Approximate Wall Height (East Side) = 6.87 ft
Approximate Wall Depth (East Side) = 1.00 ft
Approximate Wall Length (West Side) = 10.00 ft
Approximate Wall Height (West Side) = 4.30 ft
Approximate Wall Depth (West Side) = 1.00 ft
Volume of Repairs = 180.33 cf

= 6.68 cy Say = 7.00

Stone Masonry Wall in Cement Mortar (Item 685.) = \$900.00 Per CY

Contingency & Misc. Items = 30.00% of construction cost Contingency & Misc. Items = \$1,890

Mobilization/Demobilization = 10.00% of total construction cost Mobilization/Demobilization = \$819

Cost of Interim Repairs = \$9,009.00

Call = \$10,000.00

25% Engineering Cost = \$3,000

TOTAL COST = \$13,000

Replacement:

Hydraulic Opening =	20.00 sf 55.50 ft		
Length to be Replaced = Total Volume =	1110.00 CF		
Precast Box Unit Cost =	\$30.00 Per CF (Wingwalls Included)		
Material Cost =	\$33,300.00		
Labor & Installation Cost = x	2.30	Culvert Cost =	\$76,590
			4: 5,555
Estimated Footing Length =	57.50 ft		
Estimated Footing Width =	4.00 ft		
Estimated Footing Depth =	2.00 ft		
\$ of Footings =	2.00 ea		
=	920.00 cf		
Total Volume =	34.07 cy		
Say =	40.00 CY		
4000 PSI Concrete Unit Cost =	\$750.00 Per CY (Item 904.)	Footing Cost =	\$30,000
A 400lb - 011 / 02/	4000 00 1 00		
Assume 100lbs Steel / CY =	4000.00 LBS	Detroferation Ocal	# 40.000
Steel Reinforcing Unit Cost =	\$3.00 Per LB (Item 910.)	Reinforcing Cost =	\$12,000
Bridge Railing =	\$150.00 Per LF		
Railing Length =	50.00 LF	Bridge Rail =	\$7,500
Roadway Work =	30.00% of culvert cost	Roadway Work =	\$37,827
LO Control Water Diversity	\$40,000,00 L Q	Water Birmin	# 40.000
LS Cost of Water Diversion =	\$10,000.00 LS	Water Diversion =	\$10,000
Contingency & Misc. Items =	30.00% of construction cost	Contingency & Misc. Items =	\$52,175
Contingency & Mico. Rems =	CO.CO /C CI CONSTITUCION COST	Contingency a Misc. Rems =	Ψ02,170
Mobilization/Demobilization =	10.00% of total construction cost	Mobilization/Demobilization =	\$22,609
		Cost of Replacement =	\$248,701
		Call = _	\$250,000
		25% Engineering Cost =	\$65,000
		25 % Engineering Cost = [\$05,000
		TOTAL COST =	\$315,000
			,,,,,,,,,