

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION ADVISORY SYSTEM U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Washington, D.C. 20210	CLASSIFICATION WIOA/Wagner-Peyser
	CORRESPONDENCE SYMBOL OWI
	DATE
	April 5, 2016

ADVISORY: **TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT GUIDANCE LETTER NO. 17-15**

TO: STATE WORKFORCE AGENCIES
ALL STATE WORKFORCE LIAISONS

FROM: PORTIA WU 
Assistant Secretary

SUBJECT: Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth Activities Program Allotments for Program Year (PY) 2016; Final PY 2016 Allotments for the Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service (ES) Program Allotments; and Workforce Information Grants to States Allotments for PY 2016

1. **Purpose.** To provide States and outlying areas with WIOA Title I Adult, Dislocated Worker and Youth Activities program allotments for PY 2016; final allotments for PY 2016 for the Wagner-Peyser ES Program, as required by section 6(b)(5) of the Wagner-Peyser Act, as amended; and the Workforce Information Grants to States allotments for PY 2016.

2. **References.**

- Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (Pub. L. 114-113)
- Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act, as amended (Title II of Pub. L. 99-177)
- Budget Control Act of 2011 (Pub. L. 112-25)
- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 21-12, *Updated Economically Disadvantaged Youth and Adult Data for use in Program Year (PY) 2013 and future Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Youth and Adult Within-State Allocation Formulas*
- Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014, Public Law 113-128, as amended
- Wagner-Peyser Act, as amended (29 U.S.C. 49 et seq.)
- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 11-12, *Using Funds Authorized Under Section 7(a) of the Wagner-Peyser Act of 1933 for Intensive Services as Defined by the Workforce Investment Act*
- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 26-14, *Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Transition Authority for Flexible Use of State Rapid Response Funds*
- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 23-14 (exceptions)
- *Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Technical Memorandum No. S-15-13*

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3. **Background.** On December 18, 2015, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016, Pub. L. 114-113 was signed into law (from this point forward, referred to as “the Act”). The PY 2016 Youth activities funds will become available for obligation in early April 2016. However, the Act funds the WIOA Adult and Dislocated Worker programs in two separate appropriations. The first becomes available for obligation on July 1, 2016; this portion is commonly referred to as the “base” funds. The second becomes available for obligation on October 1, 2016; this portion is commonly referred to as “advance” funds because they are provided in the appropriations act passed during the fiscal year immediately before the fiscal year when the funds are available. For example, funds for PY 2016 that will be made available on October 1, 2016 were appropriated during FY 2016, but not made available until FY 2017, and are called the FY 2017 “advance.”

The Act, Division H, Title I, Section 107, allows the Secretary of Labor to set aside up to .75 percent of most operating funds for evaluations. The evaluation provision is consistent with the Federal government’s priority on evidence-based policy and programming and provides important opportunities to expand evaluations and demonstrations in the Department to build solid evidence about what works best. In the past, funds for ETA evaluations and demonstrations were separately appropriated and managed by ETA. That separate authority has been replaced by the set aside provision. Funds are transferred to the Department’s Chief Evaluation Office to implement formal evaluations and demonstrations in collaboration with ETA. For 2016, the Secretary again set aside .25 percent of the Training and Employment Services (TES) and State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Services Operations (SUIESO) appropriations. ETA spread the amount to be set aside from each appropriation across all of the programs funded by that appropriation with more than \$100 million in funding. This includes WIOA Adult, Youth and Dislocated Worker and Wagner-Peyser Employment Service program budgets.

Like the last two years, the reductions for evaluations from the WIOA Adult and Dislocated Worker programs were applied to the FY 2017 “advance” funding levels; “base” funding will be disseminated at the full amount appropriated in the Act.

The Act also specifies the following provisions:

- The Secretary may reserve not more than 10 percent of the Dislocated Worker National Reserve funds to provide technical assistance and carry out additional activities related to the transition to the WIOA.
- In accordance with section 128(a)(1) of WIOA, the amount available for the Governor for Statewide workforce employment and training activities must not exceed 15 percent of the amount allotted to the State from each of the WIOA Youth, Adult, and Dislocated Worker, PY 2016 appropriations.
- Salary caps are imposed under Pub. L.114-113, Division H, Title I, Section 105. No funds under the header “Employment and Training Administration” shall be used by a recipient or sub-recipient to pay the salary and/or bonus of an individual, either as direct costs or indirect costs, at a rate in excess of Executive Level II, currently \$185,100. States also may establish lower salary caps. See TEGl 5-06.

WIOA allotments for States are based on formula provisions contained in WIOA (see Attachment A for WIOA and Wagner-Peyser formula descriptions). The Act waives the competition requirement contained in WIOA sections 127(b)(1)(B)(ii), 132(b)(1)(A)(ii), and 132(b)(2)(A)(ii) regarding funding to outlying areas (i.e., American Samoa, Guam, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of Palau, and the United States Virgin Islands). WIOA specifically included the Republic of Palau as an outlying area, except during any period for which the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education determine that a Compact of Free Association is in effect and contains provisions for training and education assistance prohibiting the assistance provided under WIOA; no such determinations prohibiting assistance have been made (WIOA section 3(45)(B)). For PY 2016, outlying area grant amounts will be based on the administrative formula determined by the Secretary that was used under WIA.

WIOA updated the Compact of Free Association Amendments of 2003, Pub. L. 108-188 (December 17, 2003) so that the Republic of Palau remained eligible for WIOA Title I funding. See 48 U.S.C.1921d(f)(1)(B)(ix). The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (Division H, Title III, Section 306 of Pub. L. 114-113) authorized WIOA Title I funding to Palau through FY 2016.

In addition to this TEGL, allotments and descriptions of the allotment formulas will be published in the Federal Register.

4. State WIOA Youth Activities Funds: Title I--Chapter 2--Youth Activities.

A. State Allotments. The appropriated level for PY 2016 for WIOA Youth Activities totals \$873,416,000. After reducing the appropriation by \$2,485,000 for evaluations, \$870,931,000 is available for Youth Activities, which includes \$13,063,965 for Native Americans, \$855,722,367 for States, and \$2,144,668 for outlying areas. Note that under WIOA the basis for calculating the $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1 percent reserved for outlying areas is based on the total available for Youth Activities after the Native American reservation. The Native American reservation is calculated on the total available for Youth Activities. Attachment B contains a breakdown of the WIOA Youth Activities program allotments by State for PY 2016 and provides a comparison of these allotments to PY 2015. Please note that the Department of Labor (the Department) will provide the Native American Youth allotments in a separate TEGL.

The three data factors required by WIOA for the PY 2016 Youth Activities State formula allotments are:

1. The average number of unemployed individuals for Areas of Substantial Unemployment (ASUs) for the 12-month period, July 2014 through June 2015, as prepared by the States under the direction of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS);
2. The number of excess unemployed individuals or the ASU excess (depending on which is higher) averages for the same 12-month period as used for ASU unemployed data; and

3. The number of economically disadvantaged Youth (age 16 to 21, excluding college students in the workforce and military) from special tabulations of data from the American Community Survey (ACS). The data used in the special tabulations for economically disadvantaged Youth were collected between January 1, 2006, and December 31, 2010.

Since the total amount available for States in PY 2016 is below the required \$1 billion threshold specified in WIOA section 127(b)(1)(C)(iv)(IV), which was also the case in PY 2015, the Department did not apply the WIOA additional minimum provisions (see Attachment A). Instead, as required by WIOA, the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) (Pub. L. 97-300), section 262(b)(2) (as amended by section 207 of the Job Training Reform Amendments of 1992 Pub. L. 102-367) minimums of 90 percent of the prior year allotment percentage and 0.25 percent State minimum floor apply. WIOA also provides that no State may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the allotment percentage for the State for the previous year.

- B. PY 2016 Funding WIOA Agreement/Notice of Award (NOAs). Upon execution of the PY 2016 WIOA Annual Funding Agreement/NOA, Youth program funds will be available for States to use.
- C. Within-State Allocations. States must distribute WIOA Youth Activities funds among local workforce areas (subject to reservation of the 15 percent limitation for statewide workforce employment and training activities as discussed in the Background Section of this TEGL) in accordance with the provisions of WIOA section 128 and the approved WIOA/Wagner-Peyser Act State Plan. For purposes of identifying ASUs for the within-state Youth Activities allocation formula, States should use data made available by BLS (as described in LAUS Technical Memorandum No. S-15-13). For purposes of determining the number of economically disadvantaged Youth for the statutory formula, States should use the special tabulations of ACS data available at <http://www.doleta.gov/budget/disadvantagedYouthAdults.cfm> for the within-state Youth program allocations. See TEGL 21-12 for further information.
- D. Transfers of Funds. Local workforce areas do not have the authority to transfer funds to or from the Youth Activities program.
- E. Reallotment of Funds. WIOA Section 127(c) requires the Secretary of Labor to recapture and reallocate Youth Activities program formula funds based on State obligation levels at the end of the first program year of use (ETA will continue to reallocate in accordance with 20 CFR 667.150 pending publication of the WIOA regulations). PY 2015 funds are only available for Federal obligation until the end of the program year, and so the Secretary does not have authority to reobligate PY 2015 funds after the first program year. Therefore, any reallocation of funds happens using PY 2016 funds. In other words, recapture and reallocation of PY 2016 funds is based on obligation levels of PY 2015 funds at the end of PY 2015.

1. The obligation threshold a State must meet to avoid recapture under WIOA Section 127(c)(2) is 80 percent. The term obligation is defined at 2 CFR 200.71. The funds that a State allocates to a local area are State obligations. WIOA requires States to allocate at least 85 percent of Youth Activities funds to local areas. The Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 superseded this provision of WIOA and required States to allocate at least 90 percent of PY 2015 Youth Activities funds to local areas. Therefore, by making the required local allocations, the State has obligated more than 80 percent of its PY 2015 funds and no further action is required regarding reallocation of PY 2016 funds.
 2. Allocations to the local areas are reported on the Local Youth ETA 9130 financial reports, along with obligations by local areas of those funds.
- F. Small State Minimum Allotment States. WIOA section 129(a)(4)(B) allows a state that receives a small state minimum allotment under WIOA sections 127(b)(1) (relating to the youth formula program) or 132(b)(1) (relating to the adult formula program) to submit a request for approval to the Department of Labor to decrease the percentage of funds spent on out-of-school youth to not less than 50 percent in a local area. To determine if a state receives a small state minimum allotment, review the PY 2016 columns in Attachments B and C. States that meet the criteria for PY 2016 as a minimum allotment state are those states that receive a PY 2016 WIOA Youth allotment of \$2,139,306 or receive a PY 2016 WIOA Adult allotment of \$2,028,005.
5. **State Adult Employment and Training Activities Funds: Title I--Chapter 3--Adult and Dislocated Worker Employment and Training Activities.**
- A. State Allotments. The total appropriated funds for Adult Activities in PY 2016 is \$815,556,000. After reducing the appropriated amount by \$2,321,000 for evaluations, \$813,235,000 remains for Adult Activities, of which \$811,201,912 is for States and \$2,033,088 is for outlying areas. Attachment C shows the PY 2016 Adult Employment and Training Activities allotments and a State by State comparison of the PY 2016 allotments to PY 2015 allotments.

The three formula data factors for the Adult Activities program are the same as those used for the Youth Activities formula, except the Department used data for the number of economically disadvantaged Adults (age 18 to 72, excluding college students in the workforce and military). Since the total amount available for the Adult Activities program for States in PY 2016 is below the required \$960 million threshold specified in WIOA section 132(b)(1)(B)(iv)(IV), as was also the case in PY 2015, the WIOA additional minimum provisions (See Attachment A) are not applicable. Instead, as required by WIOA, the JTPA section 202(b)(2) (as amended by section 202 of the Job Training Reform Amendments of 1992) minimums of 90 percent of the prior year allotment percentage and 0.25 percent State minimum floor apply. Also, like for the Youth program, WIOA also provides that no State may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the allotment percentage for the State for the previous year.

- B. PY 2016 Funding WIOA Agreement/Notice of Award (NOAs). For PY 2016, Congress appropriated funds for this program in two portions: \$103,556,000 is available for obligation on July 1, 2016 (PY 2016), and \$712,000,000 available for obligation on October 1, 2016 (FY 2017). The Department elected to use the funding available on October 1, 2016 for the evaluations set aside, reducing the amount available for Adult Activities on October 1, 2016, to \$709,679,000. The Department prorated allotments to States and outlying areas based on these total amounts and will issue two NOAs (subject to the state submitting an approved state plan under secs. 102 or 103 of WIOA): one for July 1, 2016, under the PY 2016 WIOA grant agreement, and the other for October 1, 2016, also under the PY 2016 WIOA grant agreement (see Attachment D).
- C. Within-State Allocations. States must distribute WIOA Adult Activities funds for PY 2016 allotments among local workforce areas (subject to reservation of the 15 percent limitation for statewide employment and training activities) in accordance with the provisions in WIOA section 133 and the approved WIOA/Wagner-Peyser Act State Plan. The 15 percent which may be retained for statewide activities must be calculated on the total final allotment for PY 2016.

Similar to the Youth Activities program, for purposes of identifying ASUs for the within-state Adult Activities allocation formula, States should use the data made available by BLS (as described in LAUS Technical Memorandum No. S-15-13). For purposes of developing the number of economically disadvantaged Adults for the statutory formula, States should use the special tabulations of ACS data available at <http://www.doleta.gov/budget/disadvantagedYouthAdults.cfm> for the within-state Adult allocations. See TEGL 21-12 for further information.

- D. Transfers of Funds. WIOA section 133(b)(4) provides the authority for local workforce areas, with approval of the Governor, to expend up to 100 percent of the Adult Activities funds on Dislocated Worker Activities, and up to 100 percent of Dislocated Worker Activities funds on Adult Activities.
- E. Reallotment of Funds. WIOA section 132(c) requires the Secretary of Labor to recapture and reallot Adult Activities program formula funds based on State obligation levels at the end of the first program year of use (ETA will continue to reallot in accordance with 20 CFR 667.150 pending publication of the WIOA regulations). PY 2015 funds are only available for Federal obligation until the end of the program year, and so the Secretary does not have authority to reobligate PY 2015 funds after the first program year. Therefore, any reallotment of funds happens using PY 2016 funds. In other words, reallotment of PY 2016 funds is based on obligation levels of PY 2015 funds at the end of PY 2015.
1. The obligation threshold a State must meet to avoid recapture under WIOA Section 132(c)(2) is 80 percent. The term obligation is defined at 2 CFR 200.71. The funds that a State allocates to a local area are State obligations. WIOA requires States to allocate at least 85 percent of Adult Activities funds to local areas. The Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 superseded this provision of WIOA

and required States to allocate at least 90 percent of PY 2015 Adult Activities funds to local areas. Therefore, by making the required local allocations, the State has obligated more than 80 percent of its PY 2015 funds and no further action is required regarding reallocation of PY 2016 funds.

2. Allocations to the local areas are reported on the Local Adult ETA 9130 financial reports, along with obligations by local areas of those funds.

6. **State Dislocated Worker Employment and Training Funds: Title I--Chapter 3-Adult and Dislocated Worker Employment and Training Activities.** The amount appropriated for Dislocated Worker activities in PY 2016 totals \$1,241,719,000. The total appropriation includes formula funds for the States, while the National Reserve is used for National Dislocated Worker Grants, technical assistance and training, demonstration projects, and the outlying areas' Dislocated Worker allotments. After reducing the appropriated amount by \$3,533,000 for evaluations, a total of \$1,238,186,000 remains available for Dislocated Worker activities. The amount available for outlying areas is \$3,095,465, leaving \$217,135,535 for the National Reserve and a total of \$1,017,955,000 available for States.

- A. **State Allotments.** Attachment E shows the PY 2016 Dislocated Worker activities allotments and a State by State comparison of the PY 2016 allotments to PY 2015 allotments.

The three data factors required in WIOA for the PY 2016 Dislocated Worker State formula allotments are:

1. The number of unemployed, averaged for the 12-month period, October 2014 through September 2015;
2. The number of excess unemployed, averaged for the 12-month period, October 2014 through September 2015; and
3. The number of long-term unemployed, averaged for the 12-month period, October 2014 through September 2015.

In PY 2016, under WIOA section 132(b)(2)(B)(iii)(I) the Dislocated Worker formula adopted a 90 percent minimum of the prior year allotment percentage. WIOA also provides that no State may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the allotment percentage for the State for the previous year under section 132(b)(2)(B)(iii)(II).

- B. **PY 2016 Funding WIOA Agreement/NOAs.** For PY 2016, Congress appropriated funds for this program in two portions for both formula funds and National Reserve funds. For State formula funds, \$160,860,000 is available for obligation on July 1, 2016 (PY 2016), and \$860,000,000 is available for obligation on October 1, 2016 (FY 2017). For the National Reserve, which includes funds for the outlying areas, \$20,859,000 is available for obligation on July 1, 2016 (PY 2016), and \$200,000,000

is available for obligation on October 1, 2016 (FY 2017). The Department elected to use the funding available on October 1, 2016 for the evaluations set aside, reducing the amount available for State formula funds on October 1, 2016 to \$857,095,000 and for the National Reserve to \$199,372,000. Allotments to States and outlying areas are prorated based on the two amounts for formula funds and National Reserve, respectively. Allotments will be issued in two NOAs (subject to the state submitting an approved state plan under secs. 102 or 103 of WIOA): one for July 1, 2016, under the PY 2016 WIOA grant agreement, and the other for October 1, 2016, (also under the PY 2016 WIOA grant agreement) (see Attachment F).

- C. Within-State Allocations. Subject to the Governor's reservation of up to 25 percent for statewide rapid response activities under WIOA 133(a)(2) and the 15 percent limitation for statewide employment and training activities as discussed in the Background Section of this TEGL, States will distribute Dislocated Worker Activities funds for PY 2016 among local workforce areas, in accordance with the provisions in WIOA section 133 and the approved WIOA/Wagner-Peyser Act State Plan. States must calculate the 15 percent which may be retained for statewide activities on the total final allotment for PY 2016. WIOA section 133(b)(2)(B)(iii) provisions regarding within-state allocation minimum percentages go into effect in PY 2016.
- D. Transfers of Funds. WIOA section 133(b)(4) provides the authority for local workforce areas, with approval of the Governor, to expend up to 100 percent of the Adult Activities funds on Dislocated Worker Activities, and up to 100 percent of Dislocated Worker Activities funds on Adult Activities.
- E. Reallotment of Funds. WIOA section 132(c) requires the Secretary of Labor to recapture and reallocate Dislocated Worker program formula funds based on State obligation levels at the end of the first program year of use (ETA will continue to reallocate in accordance with 20 CFR 667.150 pending publication of the WIOA regulations). PY 2015 funds are only available for Federal obligation until the end of the program year, and so the Secretary does not have authority to reobligate PY 2015 funds after the first program year. Therefore, any reallocation of funds happens using PY 2016 funds. In other words, the Department will reallocate PY 2016 Dislocated Worker formula funds among States during PY 2016 based on State obligations of PY 2015 funds made during PY 2015.
 - 1. WIOA Sec 134(a)(2)(A)(ii) gives States the flexibility to use PY 2015 Rapid Response funds that are not obligated by the end of PY 2015 for statewide activities. In TEGL 26-14, States were given the flexibility to use up to 50 percent of PY 2015 Rapid Response funds for WIOA implementation. Per WIOA Sec. 132(a)(2)(B), States must still obligate 80 percent of their PY 2015 Dislocated Worker program formula funds, which includes Rapid Response funds, by June 30, 2016 or potentially have PY 2016 funds recaptured and reallocated to States who have obligated 80 percent of their PY 2015 funds.

2. Change 4 to TEGL 29-14 indicated the Department used transition authority to forgo recapture and reallocation of PY 2015 WIOA funds. Change 4 was intended to communicate that recapture and reallocation of PY 2015 funds during PY 2015 based on obligation of PY 2014 funds at the end of PY 2014 will not happen. States still need to obligate 80 percent of their PY 2015 funds by the end of PY 2015 or their PY 2016 funds will be subject to recapture.
 3. The term obligation is defined at 2 CFR 200.71. Funds a State allocates to local areas are State obligations. Allocations to the local areas are reported on the Local Dislocated Worker ETA 9130 financial reports, along with obligations by local areas of those funds.
7. **Wagner-Peyser ES Final Allotments.** The appropriated level for PY 2016 for grants for the ES programs totals was \$680,000,000. After reducing the appropriation by \$1,845,000 for evaluations, \$678,155,000 is available for the ES programs. After determining the funding for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands, ETA calculates allotments to States using the formula set forth at section 6 of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49e). ETA based PY 2016 formula allotments on each State's share of calendar year 2015 monthly averages of the Civilian Labor Force (CLF) and unemployment. The distribution of Wagner-Peyser Act funds for PY 2016 includes \$676,501,894 for States, as well as \$1,653,106 for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands. Attachment G shows the distribution of PY 2016 ES formula amounts by State compared to PY 2015.

Section 7(a) of the Wagner-Peyser Act authorizes States to use 90 percent of the funds allotted to a State for labor exchange services, and other career services such as job search and placement services to job seekers; appropriate recruitment services for employers; program evaluations; developing and providing labor market and occupational information; developing management information systems; and administering the work test for unemployment insurance claimants.

Section 7(b) of the Wagner-Peyser Act, states that ten percent of the funds allotted to a State must be reserved for use by the governor to provide performance incentives, services for groups with special needs, and may be used for the extra costs of exemplary models for delivering job services.

8. **Workforce Information Grants.** Total funds for PY 2016 are \$32,000,000. Funds are distributed to States by administrative formula with \$176,800 for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands. Guam and the United States Virgin Islands allotment amounts are partially based on CLF data. The remaining funds are distributed to the States with 40 percent distributed equally to all States, and 60 percent distributed based on each State's share of the CLF for the 12 months ending September 2015. The allotment figures are listed in Attachment H. Policy guidance on the use of workforce information grants will be forthcoming.
9. **Submission.** In order to achieve greater efficiency and as part of ETA's ongoing effort to streamline the mandatory grant award process, all States are required to submit an

electronically signed copy of an SF- 424, Application for Federal Assistance, through Grants.gov for **each** WIOA funding stream under Funding Opportunity Numbers:

- **ETA-TEGL-PY-YOUTH-2016** [CFDA 17.259]
- **ETA-TEGL-PY-FY-ADULT-2016** [CFDA 17.258]
- **ETA-TEGL-PY-FY-DW-2016** [CFDA 17.278]

An electronically submitted SF-424 through Grants.gov constitutes an official signed document and must reflect the amount for **each** WIOA funding stream (Youth, Adult, and Dislocated Worker). The closing date for receipt of **each** SF-424 is **April 18, 2016**. The WIOA Youth funds will be awarded in early April 2016. The PY 2016 “base” allotment of WIOA Adult and Dislocated Worker funds will be awarded during the period of availability beginning July 2016. The FY 2017 “advance” allotment will be awarded in the period of availability starting October 2016. *A copy of the executed PY 2016 WIOA Agreement will be available upon award of funds.*

All States must submit an electronically signed SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance, through Grants.gov for **each** ES funding program under Funding Opportunity Numbers:

- **ETA-TEGL-ES-2016** [CFDA 17.207]
- **ETA-TEGL-WIG-2016** [CFDA 17.207]

An electronically submitted SF-424 through Grants.gov constitutes an official signed document and must reflect the amount for **each** ES program (Wagner-Peyser ES Program and Workforce Information Grants). The closing date for receipt of **each** SF-424 is **May 31, 2016**. The Wagner-Peyser Employment Service Program and Workforce Information Grant funds will be awarded in July 2016. *A copy of the executed PY 2016 ES Agreement will be available upon award of funds.*

Each SF-424 must reflect the exact amount of the designated State allotment in item #18, Estimated Funding. Item #11 must include the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number for the applicable Funding Opportunity.

To submit the required SF-424s, States must follow the “**Apply for Grants**” link on Grants.gov, and download the grant application package links. States should **not** follow the “Find Grants” link, as these are mandatory grants, not competitive funding opportunities.

This process can be complicated and time-consuming. As such, the Department strongly encourages States to initiate the process as soon as possible and to allow for time to resolve technical problems if necessary. The Department strongly recommends that States immediately initiate and complete the “Get Registered” registration steps at <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/register.html>. States should read through the registration process carefully before registering. These steps may take as much as four weeks to complete, and this time should be factored into plans for electronic submission in order to avoid unexpected delays that could result in the rejection of an application. The site also contains registration checklists to help you walk through the process. The Department

strongly recommends that States download the “Organization Registration Checklist” at <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration.html> and prepare the information requested before beginning the registration process. Reviewing and assembling required information before beginning the registration process will alleviate last minute searches for required information and save time.

All applicants for Federal grant and funding opportunities are required to have a Data Universal Numbering System (D-U-N-S®) number, and must supply their D-U-N-S® number on the SF-424. Before submitting, States must register with the System for Award Management (SAM), which has replaced the Central Contractor Registry (CCR). Instructions for registering with SAM can be found at <https://www.sam.gov>.

An awardee must maintain an active SAM registration with current information at all times during which it has an active Federal award or an application under consideration. To remain registered in the SAM database after the initial registration, there is a requirement to review and update the registration at least every 12 months from the date of initial registration or subsequently update the information in the SAM database to ensure it is current, accurate, and complete. Failure to register with SAM and maintain an active account will result in Grants.gov rejecting your submission.

The next step in the registration process is creating a username and password with Grants.gov to become an Authorized Organizational Representative (AOR). AORs will need to know the D-U-N-S® number of the organization for which they will be submitting applications to complete this process. To read more detailed instructions for creating a profile on Grants.gov visit: <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration/step-3-username-password.html>.

After creating a profile on Grants.gov, the E-Biz point of Contact (E-Biz POC) - a representative from your organization who is the contact listed for SAM - will receive an email to grant the AOR permission to submit applications on behalf of their organization. The E-Biz POC will then log in to Grants.gov and approve an applicant as the AOR, thereby giving him or her permission to submit applications. To learn more about AOR authorization visit: <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration/step-4-aor-authorization.html>.

To track AOR status visit:

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration/step-5-track-aor-status.html>.

Submitting through Grants.gov constitutes an electronically signed SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance. The registration and account creation with Grants.gov, with E-Biz POC approval, establishes an AOR. When you submit the SF-424 through Grants.gov, the name of your AOR on file will be inserted into the signature line. States must register the individual who is able to make legally binding commitments as the AOR.

If States encounter a problem with Grants.gov and do not find an answer in any of the other resources, call 1-800-518-4726 or 606-545-5035 to speak to a Customer Support Representative or email support@grants.gov. The Contact Center is open 24 hours a day, seven days a week. It is closed on federal holidays.

States should e-mail all submission questions to Rahel Bizuayene, Grants Management Specialist, at Bizuayene.Rahel1@dol.gov and must reference the specific Funding Opportunity Number, and along with question(s), include a contact name, email address, and phone number.

- 10. Reporting.** For the WIOA formula programs, States are required to submit the seven designated WIA quarterly financial status reports covering funds received for each of the programs (including separate reports for each of the fund year periods for the Adult and Dislocated Worker Activities programs, July 1 funds and October 1 funds) until revised WIOA quarterly financial status reports become available. These seven WIA quarterly financial reports cover financial data for Statewide Youth, Statewide Adult, Statewide Dislocated Worker, Statewide Rapid Response (Dislocated Worker Activities), local Youth, local Adult, and local Dislocated Worker activities. The Department also requires States to submit the designated financial reports each quarter for the Wagner-Peyser Act funds and the Workforce Information Grant funds.

The Employment and Training Administration has solicited comments concerning the collection of data for quarterly financial reporting on federally funded programs in two separate public comment periods (August 4, 2015 and December 28, 2015). While the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) conducts its final review prior to the approval of the revised ETA-9130 form, the current format remains valid on a month-to-month extension. Recipients are advised to continue to use the existing form for federal financial reporting. The ETA-9130 PRA package can be found at:

http://www.doleta.gov/grants/financial_reporting/9130renewal.cfm.

- 11. Inquiries.** Questions regarding these allotments may be directed to the appropriate Regional Office. Information on allotments and planning requirements may also be found on the ETA Web site at <http://www.doleta.gov>.

12. Attachments.

- A. WIOA and Wagner-Peyser Statutory Formula Descriptions
- B. WIOA Youth Activities Allotments, PY 2016 vs PY 2015
- C. WIOA Adult Activities Allotments, PY 2016 vs PY 2015
- D. WIOA Adult Activities PY 2016 Allotments, July 1 and October 1 Funding
- E. WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities Allotments, PY 2016 vs. PY 2015
- F. WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities PY 2016 Allotments, July 1 and October 1 Funding
- G. Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser) Allotments, PY 2016 vs PY 2015
- H. Workforce Information Grants Allotments, PY 2016 vs PY 2015

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration

Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) and Wagner-Peyser Act Statutory Formulas for State Allotments

State Allotment Formula Descriptions

WIOA Youth Activities

Formula:

- 1/3: State relative share of total unemployed in areas of substantial unemployment (ASU) (average 12 months ending 6/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of excess unemployed (average 12 months ending 6/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of economically disadvantaged youth (American Community Survey 2006-2010)

Minimums:

- (a) If total amount available for States is \$1 billion or less:
State allotment cannot be less than
 - (1) 90 percent of State relative share of prior year funding
 - (2) 0.25 percent of total available funds for States
- (b) If total amount available for States exceeds \$1 billion:
State allotment cannot be less than
 - (1) 90 percent of State relative share of prior year funding
 - (2) 2014 allotment amount (Not applicable for Adult minimum)
 - (3) 0.3 percent of first \$1 billion plus 0.4 percent of amount over \$1 billion

Maximum:

130% of State relative share of prior year funding

WIOA Adult Activities

Same as Youth Activities, except

- (a) Formula uses economically disadvantaged ADULTS instead of YOUTH
- (b) Threshold for selecting minimum provisions is \$960 million instead of \$1 billion

WIOA Dislocated Workers

Formula:

- 1/3: State relative share of total unemployed (average 12 months ending 09/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of excess unemployed (average 12 months ending 09/30)
- 1/3: State relative share of long-term unemployed (average 12 months ending 09/30)

Minimum: 90% of State relative share of prior year funding

Maximum: 130% of State relative share of prior year funding

Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser Act)

Formula for 97% of funds:

- 2/3: State relative share of civilian labor force (average 12 months ending 9/30 (preliminary) or 12/31 (final))
- 1/3: State relative share of total unemployment (average 12 months ending 9/30 (preliminary) or 12/31 (final))

Minimums:

- (a) 90 percent of State relative share of prior year funding
- (b) 0.28 percent of total available funds for States

Maximum: None

Distribution of 3% of funds:

- (1) States with civilian labor force below 1 million and under the national median civilian labor force density receive an amount which, when added to their share of the 97 percent portion, will result in an amount equal to 100 percent of their relative share of the prior year funding.
- (2) Remaining States losing in relative share receive a share of the remaining funds prorated based on the amount needed to achieve 100 percent of their relative share of prior year funding.

Formula Data Factor Definitions

WIOA Youth and Adults Programs

ASU: contiguous areas with unemployment rate of 6.5 percent or more

Excess unemployed: higher of:

- (1) excess unemployed (unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent) in ASU's; or
- (2) excess unemployed (unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent) in all areas

Economically disadvantaged adults: individuals, age 22-72, meeting (or member of family meeting):

Census poverty level or
70 percent of lower living standard income level (LLSIL).

Economically disadvantaged youth: individuals, age 16-21, meeting (or member of family meeting):

Census poverty level or
70 percent of lower living standard income level (LLSIL).

WIOA Dislocated Workers Program

Excess unemployed: unemployment in excess of 4.5 percent

Long-term unemployed: number unemployed 15 or more weeks

Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser) - Self-explanatory

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Youth Activities State Allotments
Comparison of PY 2016 Allotments vs PY 2015 Allotments

State	PY 2015	PY 2016	Difference	% Difference
Total with Evaluations	\$831,842,000	\$873,416,000	\$41,574,000	5.00%
Total (WIOA Youth Activities)	\$829,547,000	\$870,931,000	\$41,384,000	4.99%
Alabama	10,973,635	13,242,811	2,269,176	20.68%
Alaska	2,037,653	2,296,191	258,538	12.69%
Arizona	18,380,399	20,040,831	1,660,432	9.03%
Arkansas	7,694,400	7,839,730	145,330	1.89%
California	120,707,084	128,788,366	8,081,282	6.69%
Colorado	11,835,030	11,182,905	(652,125)	-5.51%
Connecticut	9,634,681	10,313,964	679,283	7.05%
Delaware	2,037,653	2,139,306	101,653	4.99%
District of Columbia	2,329,955	3,086,388	756,433	32.47%
Florida	42,774,978	49,787,759	7,012,781	16.39%
Georgia	27,630,735	30,707,383	3,076,648	11.13%
Hawaii	2,037,653	2,139,306	101,653	4.99%
Idaho	3,116,131	2,944,428	(171,703)	-5.51%
Illinois	42,336,174	40,003,397	(2,332,777)	-5.51%
Indiana	16,203,657	17,064,726	861,069	5.31%
Iowa	4,781,261	5,118,005	336,744	7.04%
Kansas	5,370,179	5,166,437	(203,742)	-3.79%
Kentucky	13,717,594	12,961,737	(755,857)	-5.51%
Louisiana	9,194,017	12,548,488	3,354,471	36.49%
Maine	3,214,985	3,208,693	(6,292)	-0.20%
Maryland	12,364,002	14,375,433	2,011,431	16.27%
Massachusetts	16,504,685	15,595,256	(909,429)	-5.51%
Michigan	31,250,104	29,709,018	(1,541,086)	-4.93%
Minnesota	9,078,036	8,577,825	(500,211)	-5.51%
Mississippi	9,151,084	10,193,683	1,042,599	11.39%
Missouri	14,228,439	16,472,508	2,244,069	15.77%
Montana	2,152,782	2,139,306	(13,476)	-0.63%
Nebraska	2,425,096	2,291,470	(133,626)	-5.51%
Nevada	9,034,617	9,531,729	497,112	5.50%
New Hampshire	2,037,653	2,139,306	101,653	4.99%
New Jersey	23,282,287	24,898,651	1,616,364	6.94%
New Mexico	5,249,778	6,167,206	917,428	17.48%
New York	52,128,262	54,003,637	1,875,375	3.60%
North Carolina	26,347,165	25,235,370	(1,111,795)	-4.22%
North Dakota	2,037,653	2,139,306	101,653	4.99%
Ohio	28,593,170	28,162,375	(430,795)	-1.51%
Oklahoma	6,941,080	6,558,618	(382,462)	-5.51%
Oregon	10,431,168	11,441,241	1,010,073	9.68%
Pennsylvania	30,984,178	29,652,886	(1,331,292)	-4.30%
Puerto Rico	19,489,676	23,096,083	3,606,407	18.50%
Rhode Island	4,106,989	3,880,689	(226,300)	-5.51%
South Carolina	11,474,747	14,636,640	3,161,893	27.56%
South Dakota	2,037,653	2,139,306	101,653	4.99%
Tennessee	17,503,627	18,911,472	1,407,845	8.04%
Texas	54,914,867	51,888,988	(3,025,879)	-5.51%
Utah	3,928,231	3,711,780	(216,451)	-5.51%
Vermont	2,037,653	2,139,306	101,653	4.99%
Virginia	13,325,559	15,728,252	2,402,693	18.03%
Washington	15,945,865	18,966,351	3,020,486	18.94%
West Virginia	3,987,564	5,350,384	1,362,820	34.18%
Wisconsin	14,041,859	13,268,135	(773,724)	-5.51%
Wyoming	2,037,653	2,139,306	101,653	4.99%
State Total	815,061,036	855,722,367	40,661,331	4.99%
American Samoa	217,678	228,951	11,273	5.18%
Guam	738,863	777,128	38,265	5.18%
Northern Marianas	403,686	424,593	20,907	5.18%
Palau	75,000	75,000	0	0.00%
Virgin Islands	607,532	638,996	31,464	5.18%
Outlying Areas Total	2,042,759	2,144,668	101,909	4.99%
Native Americans	12,443,205	13,063,965	620,760	4.99%
Evaluations set aside	2,295,000	2,485,000	190,000	8.28%

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Adult Activities State Allotments
Comparison of PY 2016 Allotments vs PY 2015 Allotments

State	PY 2015	PY 2016	Difference	% Difference
Total with Evaluations	\$776,736,000	\$815,556,000	\$38,820,000	5.00%
Total (WIOA Adult Activities)	\$774,593,000	\$813,235,000	\$38,642,000	4.99%
Alabama	10,701,084	12,855,265	2,154,181	20.13%
Alaska	1,931,641	2,141,082	209,441	10.84%
Arizona	17,323,692	18,879,837	1,556,145	8.98%
Arkansas	7,337,318	7,472,699	135,381	1.85%
California	115,578,226	123,210,917	7,632,691	6.60%
Colorado	10,974,957	10,370,217	(604,740)	-5.51%
Connecticut	8,856,853	9,481,516	624,663	7.05%
Delaware	1,931,641	2,028,005	96,364	4.99%
District of Columbia	2,119,523	2,829,641	710,118	33.50%
Florida	42,797,775	49,511,527	6,713,752	15.69%
Georgia	26,506,892	29,416,706	2,909,814	10.98%
Hawaii	1,951,282	2,028,005	76,723	3.93%
Idaho	2,894,258	2,734,779	(159,479)	-5.51%
Illinois	39,706,093	37,518,214	(2,187,879)	-5.51%
Indiana	14,770,963	15,474,763	703,800	4.76%
Iowa	3,398,273	3,662,040	263,767	7.76%
Kansas	4,502,095	4,279,457	(222,638)	-4.95%
Kentucky	13,954,626	13,185,700	(768,926)	-5.51%
Louisiana	8,816,204	12,032,822	3,216,618	36.49%
Maine	2,927,292	2,914,099	(13,193)	-0.45%
Maryland	11,464,414	13,348,546	1,884,132	16.43%
Massachusetts	14,722,745	13,911,495	(811,250)	-5.51%
Michigan	28,780,666	27,194,798	(1,585,868)	-5.51%
Minnesota	7,764,825	7,336,969	(427,856)	-5.51%
Mississippi	8,730,734	9,714,582	983,848	11.27%
Missouri	13,246,842	15,350,715	2,103,873	15.88%
Montana	2,047,140	2,028,005	(19,135)	-0.93%
Nebraska	1,931,641	2,028,005	96,364	4.99%
Nevada	8,809,234	9,285,903	476,669	5.41%
New Hampshire	1,931,641	2,028,005	96,364	4.99%
New Jersey	22,488,633	24,056,170	1,567,537	6.97%
New Mexico	5,044,948	5,913,046	868,098	17.21%
New York	50,421,651	52,214,166	1,792,515	3.56%
North Carolina	25,161,487	24,108,820	(1,052,667)	-4.18%
North Dakota	1,931,641	2,028,005	96,364	4.99%
Ohio	26,518,096	26,068,489	(449,607)	-1.70%
Oklahoma	6,689,426	6,320,826	(368,600)	-5.51%
Oregon	9,995,124	10,949,876	954,752	9.55%
Pennsylvania	28,195,888	26,866,202	(1,329,686)	-4.72%
Puerto Rico	21,215,910	24,742,775	3,526,865	16.62%
Rhode Island	3,569,777	3,373,076	(196,701)	-5.51%
South Carolina	11,072,827	14,080,837	3,008,010	27.17%
South Dakota	1,931,641	2,028,005	96,364	4.99%
Tennessee	17,031,743	18,374,267	1,342,524	7.88%
Texas	52,323,110	49,440,010	(2,883,100)	-5.51%
Utah	3,298,507	3,116,753	(181,754)	-5.51%
Vermont	1,931,641	2,028,005	96,364	4.99%
Virginia	12,370,494	14,623,934	2,253,440	18.22%
Washington	14,868,344	17,705,363	2,837,019	19.08%
West Virginia	4,056,659	5,356,273	1,299,614	32.04%
Wisconsin	12,196,759	11,524,695	(672,064)	-5.51%
Wyoming	1,931,641	2,028,005	96,364	4.99%
State Total	772,656,517	811,201,912	38,545,395	4.99%
American Samoa	205,921	216,608	10,687	5.19%
Guam	698,958	735,231	36,273	5.19%
Northern Marianas	381,883	401,702	19,819	5.19%
Palau	75,000	75,000	0	0.00%
Virgin Islands	574,721	604,547	29,826	5.19%
Outlying Areas Total	1,936,483	2,033,088	96,605	4.99%
Evaluations set aside	2,143,000	2,321,000	178,000	8.31%

U S Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Adult Activities
PY 2016 State Allotments

State	Total	7/1/2016	10/1/2016
Total with Evaluations	\$815,556,000	\$103,556,000	\$712,000,000
Total (WIOA Adult Activities)	\$813,235,000	\$103,556,000	\$709,679,000
Alabama	12,855,265	1,636,968	11,218,297
Alaska	2,141,082	272,642	1,868,440
Arizona	18,879,837	2,404,127	16,475,710
Arkansas	7,472,699	951,561	6,521,138
California	123,210,917	15,689,474	107,521,443
Colorado	10,370,217	1,320,526	9,049,691
Connecticut	9,481,516	1,207,361	8,274,155
Delaware	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
District of Columbia	2,829,641	360,322	2,469,319
Florida	49,511,527	6,304,716	43,206,811
Georgia	29,416,706	3,745,875	25,670,831
Hawaii	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
Idaho	2,734,779	348,242	2,386,537
Illinois	37,518,214	4,777,507	32,740,707
Indiana	15,474,763	1,970,531	13,504,232
Iowa	3,662,040	466,318	3,195,722
Kansas	4,279,457	544,939	3,734,518
Kentucky	13,185,700	1,679,045	11,506,655
Louisiana	12,032,822	1,532,240	10,500,582
Maine	2,914,099	371,077	2,543,022
Maryland	13,348,546	1,699,782	11,648,764
Massachusetts	13,911,495	1,771,467	12,140,028
Michigan	27,194,798	3,462,940	23,731,858
Minnesota	7,336,969	934,277	6,402,692
Mississippi	9,714,582	1,237,039	8,477,543
Missouri	15,350,715	1,954,735	13,395,980
Montana	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
Nebraska	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
Nevada	9,285,903	1,182,451	8,103,452
New Hampshire	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
New Jersey	24,056,170	3,063,273	20,992,897
New Mexico	5,913,046	752,957	5,160,089
New York	52,214,166	6,648,865	45,565,301
North Carolina	24,108,820	3,069,977	21,038,843
North Dakota	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
Ohio	26,068,489	3,319,518	22,748,971
Oklahoma	6,320,826	804,883	5,515,943
Oregon	10,949,876	1,394,339	9,555,537
Pennsylvania	26,866,202	3,421,098	23,445,104
Puerto Rico	24,742,775	3,150,704	21,592,071
Rhode Island	3,373,076	429,522	2,943,554
South Carolina	14,080,837	1,793,030	12,287,807
South Dakota	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
Tennessee	18,374,267	2,339,749	16,034,518
Texas	49,440,010	6,295,609	43,144,401
Utah	3,116,753	396,882	2,719,871
Vermont	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
Virginia	14,623,934	1,862,188	12,761,746
Washington	17,705,363	2,254,572	15,450,791
West Virginia	5,356,273	682,059	4,674,214
Wisconsin	11,524,695	1,467,536	10,057,159
Wyoming	2,028,005	258,243	1,769,762
State Total	811,201,912	103,297,110	707,904,802
American Samoa	216,608	27,583	189,025
Guam	735,231	93,623	641,608
Northern Marianas	401,702	51,152	350,550
Palau	75,000	9,550	65,450
Virgin Islands	604,547	76,982	527,565
Outlying Areas Total	2,033,088	258,890	1,774,198
Evaluations set aside	2,321,000	0	2,321,000

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities State Allotments
Comparison of PY 2016 Allotments vs PY 2015 Allotments

State	PY 2015	PY 2016	Difference	% Difference
Total with Evaluations	\$1,236,389,000	\$1,241,719,000	\$5,330,000	0.43%
Total (WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities)	\$1,232,978,000	\$1,238,186,000	\$5,208,000	0.42%
Alabama	15,012,219	16,427,975	1,415,756	9.43%
Alaska	2,184,119	2,854,009	669,890	30.67%
Arizona	22,511,715	25,029,051	2,517,336	11.18%
Arkansas	8,052,059	7,757,044	(295,015)	-3.66%
California	164,063,131	169,644,376	5,581,245	3.40%
Colorado	13,622,336	12,323,381	(1,298,955)	-9.54%
Connecticut	13,612,474	14,353,697	741,223	5.45%
Delaware	2,596,904	2,349,277	(247,627)	-9.54%
District of Columbia	3,443,627	4,499,821	1,056,194	30.67%
Florida	61,786,732	65,053,785	3,267,053	5.29%
Georgia	39,981,701	40,521,426	539,725	1.35%
Hawaii	1,931,277	1,894,161	(37,116)	-1.92%
Idaho	2,636,879	2,385,440	(251,439)	-9.54%
Illinois	58,325,151	52,763,567	(5,561,584)	-9.54%
Indiana	17,611,408	17,062,801	(548,607)	-3.12%
Iowa	4,426,239	4,004,176	(422,063)	-9.54%
Kansas	4,682,959	4,609,831	(73,128)	-1.56%
Kentucky	16,220,379	14,673,688	(1,546,691)	-9.54%
Louisiana	9,215,660	12,042,192	2,826,532	30.67%
Maine	3,592,396	3,249,844	(342,552)	-9.54%
Maryland	17,549,612	18,580,386	1,030,774	5.87%
Massachusetts	21,265,196	19,237,457	(2,027,739)	-9.54%
Michigan	40,080,962	36,259,049	(3,821,913)	-9.54%
Minnesota	8,332,420	7,537,884	(794,536)	-9.54%
Mississippi	11,047,184	11,826,808	779,624	7.06%
Missouri	18,476,297	17,142,075	(1,334,222)	-7.22%
Montana	1,699,458	1,537,406	(162,052)	-9.54%
Nebraska	2,016,308	1,824,043	(192,265)	-9.54%
Nevada	13,272,377	14,417,704	1,145,327	8.63%
New Hampshire	2,355,019	2,130,457	(224,562)	-9.54%
New Jersey	33,968,534	38,809,709	4,841,175	14.25%
New Mexico	6,691,816	7,937,300	1,245,484	18.61%
New York	69,009,253	62,428,888	(6,580,365)	-9.54%
North Carolina	31,698,026	31,022,721	(675,305)	-2.13%
North Dakota	566,170	728,444	162,274	28.66%
Ohio	33,758,857	30,539,787	(3,219,070)	-9.54%
Oklahoma	5,943,501	5,376,760	(566,741)	-9.54%
Oregon	13,672,401	14,140,167	467,766	3.42%
Pennsylvania	37,184,902	36,591,154	(593,748)	-1.60%
Puerto Rico	20,357,210	25,824,090	5,466,880	26.85%
Rhode Island	5,533,256	5,005,633	(527,623)	-9.54%
South Carolina	12,481,973	16,310,315	3,828,342	30.67%
South Dakota	856,158	1,070,734	214,576	25.06%
Tennessee	21,507,643	23,146,617	1,638,974	7.62%
Texas	55,598,809	50,297,194	(5,301,615)	-9.54%
Utah	2,963,244	3,143,067	179,823	6.07%
Vermont	806,732	890,075	83,343	10.33%
Virginia	17,685,631	16,945,520	(740,111)	-4.18%
Washington	19,533,856	22,462,284	2,928,428	14.99%
West Virginia	4,814,588	6,291,269	1,476,681	30.67%
Wisconsin	15,763,228	14,260,128	(1,503,100)	-9.54%
Wyoming	728,014	740,333	12,319	1.69%
State Total	1,012,728,000	1,017,955,000	5,227,000	0.52%
American Samoa	327,780	329,795	2,015	0.61%
Guam	1,112,584	1,119,421	6,837	0.61%
Northern Marianas	607,872	611,609	3,737	0.61%
Palau	119,383	114,191	(5,192)	-4.35%
Virgin Islands	914,826	920,449	5,623	0.61%
Outlying Areas Total	3,082,445	3,095,465	13,020	0.42%
National Reserve	217,167,555	217,135,535	(32,020)	-0.01%
Evaluations set aside	3,411,000	3,533,000	122,000	3.58%

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities
PY 2016 State Allotments

State	Total	7/1/2016	10/1/2016
Total with Evaluations	\$1,241,719,000	\$181,719,000	\$1,060,000,000
Total (WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities)	\$1,238,186,000	\$181,719,000	\$1,056,467,000
Alabama	16,427,975	2,595,993	13,831,982
Alaska	2,854,009	450,998	2,403,011
Arizona	25,029,051	3,955,158	21,073,893
Arkansas	7,757,044	1,225,789	6,531,255
California	169,644,376	26,807,663	142,836,713
Colorado	12,323,381	1,947,374	10,376,007
Connecticut	14,353,697	2,268,210	12,085,487
Delaware	2,349,277	371,239	1,978,038
District of Columbia	4,499,821	711,074	3,788,747
Florida	65,053,785	10,279,975	54,773,810
Georgia	40,521,426	6,403,305	34,118,121
Hawaii	1,894,161	299,320	1,594,841
Idaho	2,385,440	376,954	2,008,486
Illinois	52,763,567	8,337,841	44,425,726
Indiana	17,062,801	2,696,310	14,366,491
Iowa	4,004,176	632,751	3,371,425
Kansas	4,609,831	728,458	3,881,373
Kentucky	14,673,688	2,318,776	12,354,912
Louisiana	12,042,192	1,902,940	10,139,252
Maine	3,249,844	513,549	2,736,295
Maryland	18,580,386	2,936,123	15,644,263
Massachusetts	19,237,457	3,039,955	16,197,502
Michigan	36,259,049	5,729,753	30,529,296
Minnesota	7,537,884	1,191,157	6,346,727
Mississippi	11,826,808	1,868,904	9,957,904
Missouri	17,142,075	2,708,837	14,433,238
Montana	1,537,406	242,945	1,294,461
Nebraska	1,824,043	288,240	1,535,803
Nevada	14,417,704	2,278,325	12,139,379
New Hampshire	2,130,457	336,661	1,793,796
New Jersey	38,809,709	6,132,815	32,676,894
New Mexico	7,937,300	1,254,274	6,683,026
New York	62,428,888	9,865,182	52,563,706
North Carolina	31,022,721	4,902,294	26,120,427
North Dakota	728,444	115,111	613,333
Ohio	30,539,787	4,825,980	25,713,807
Oklahoma	5,376,760	849,650	4,527,110
Oregon	14,140,167	2,234,467	11,905,700
Pennsylvania	36,591,154	5,782,233	30,808,921
Puerto Rico	25,824,090	4,080,792	21,743,298
Rhode Island	5,005,633	791,004	4,214,629
South Carolina	16,310,315	2,577,400	13,732,915
South Dakota	1,070,734	169,200	901,534
Tennessee	23,146,617	3,657,691	19,488,926
Texas	50,297,194	7,948,098	42,349,096
Utah	3,143,067	496,676	2,646,391
Vermont	890,075	140,652	749,423
Virginia	16,945,520	2,677,777	14,267,743
Washington	22,462,284	3,549,551	18,912,733
West Virginia	6,291,269	994,163	5,297,106
Wisconsin	14,260,128	2,253,424	12,006,704
Wyoming	740,333	116,989	623,344
State Total	1,017,955,000	160,860,000	857,095,000
American Samoa	329,795	31,236	298,559
Guam	1,119,421	106,025	1,013,396
Northern Marianas	611,609	57,928	553,681
Palau	114,191	10,815	103,376
Virgin Islands	920,449	87,180	833,269
Outlying Areas Total	3,095,465	293,184	2,802,281
National Reserve Total	217,135,535	20,565,816	196,569,719
Evaluations set aside	3,533,000	0	3,533,000

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser)
PY 2016 vs PY 2015 Final Allotments

State	Final PY 2015	Final PY 2016	Difference	% Difference
Total with Evaluation	\$664,184,000	\$680,000,000	\$15,816,000	2.38%
Total (WIOA ES Activities)	\$662,400,000	\$678,155,000	\$15,755,000	2.38%
Alabama	8,491,183	8,970,663	479,480	5.65%
Alaska	7,200,604	7,371,868	171,264	2.38%
Arizona	12,473,460	13,211,577	738,117	5.92%
Arkansas	5,283,573	5,397,894	114,321	2.16%
California	79,283,096	80,968,393	1,685,297	2.13%
Colorado	10,626,917	10,789,931	163,014	1.53%
Connecticut	7,565,360	7,765,324	199,964	2.64%
Delaware	1,850,199	1,894,205	44,006	2.38%
District of Columbia	2,088,474	2,096,429	7,955	0.38%
Florida	38,350,606	39,144,904	794,298	2.07%
Georgia	19,841,888	20,216,693	374,805	1.89%
Hawaii	2,339,563	2,428,629	89,066	3.81%
Idaho	5,999,385	6,142,079	142,694	2.38%
Illinois	27,708,235	28,115,306	407,071	1.47%
Indiana	12,751,284	13,000,193	248,909	1.95%
Iowa	6,028,720	6,166,392	137,672	2.28%
Kansas	5,498,111	5,618,970	120,859	2.20%
Kentucky	8,465,309	8,515,817	50,508	0.60%
Louisiana	8,076,868	9,250,226	1,173,358	14.53%
Maine	3,567,777	3,652,636	84,859	2.38%
Maryland	11,934,682	12,506,024	571,342	4.79%
Massachusetts	13,585,040	13,897,531	312,491	2.30%
Michigan	21,056,725	21,131,809	75,084	0.36%
Minnesota	10,920,175	11,125,457	205,282	1.88%
Mississippi	5,621,814	5,700,269	78,455	1.40%
Missouri	11,967,561	12,359,052	391,491	3.27%
Montana	4,902,727	5,019,337	116,610	2.38%
Nebraska	5,512,267	5,520,741	8,474	0.15%
Nevada	6,068,982	6,211,983	143,001	2.36%
New Hampshire	2,641,511	2,694,892	53,381	2.02%
New Jersey	18,973,701	19,315,682	341,981	1.80%
New Mexico	5,501,724	5,632,581	130,857	2.38%
New York	38,363,357	39,157,376	794,019	2.07%
North Carolina	19,378,713	19,761,644	382,931	1.98%
North Dakota	4,992,444	5,111,188	118,744	2.38%
Ohio	23,445,526	23,704,298	258,772	1.10%
Oklahoma	6,464,603	6,861,466	396,863	6.14%
Oregon	8,093,834	8,237,229	143,395	1.77%
Pennsylvania	25,557,772	26,031,932	474,160	1.86%
Puerto Rico	6,836,910	6,909,223	72,313	1.06%
Rhode Island	2,437,864	2,459,092	21,228	0.87%
South Carolina	8,992,138	9,472,249	480,111	5.34%
South Dakota	4,614,166	4,723,913	109,747	2.38%
Tennessee	12,567,163	12,834,215	267,052	2.12%
Texas	48,160,966	49,277,528	1,116,562	2.32%
Utah	6,289,510	6,299,178	9,668	0.15%
Vermont	2,161,537	2,212,949	51,412	2.38%
Virginia	15,846,585	16,206,026	359,441	2.27%
Washington	13,756,839	14,323,487	566,648	4.12%
West Virginia	5,281,368	5,406,984	125,616	2.38%
Wisconsin	11,786,589	12,013,389	226,800	1.92%
Wyoming	3,579,894	3,665,041	85,147	2.38%
State Total	660,785,299	676,501,894	15,716,595	2.38%
Guam	309,952	317,324	7,372	2.38%
Virgin Islands	1,304,749	1,335,782	31,033	2.38%
Outlying Areas Total	1,614,701	1,653,106	38,405	2.38%
Evaluations set aside	1,784,000	1,845,000	61,000	3.42%

U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
Workforce Information Grants to States
PY 2016 vs PY 2015 Allotments

State	PY 2015	PY 2016	Difference	% Difference
Total	\$32,000,000	\$32,000,000	\$0	0.00%
Alabama	504,328	503,955	(373)	-0.07%
Alaska	289,343	288,924	(419)	-0.14%
Arizona	613,057	624,575	11,518	1.88%
Arkansas	405,110	405,098	(12)	0.00%
California	2,512,646	2,535,716	23,070	0.92%
Colorado	583,979	585,592	1,613	0.28%
Connecticut	472,001	475,078	3,077	0.65%
Delaware	299,203	300,301	1,098	0.37%
District of Columbia	289,948	291,253	1,305	0.45%
Florida	1,408,710	1,405,557	(3,153)	-0.22%
Georgia	824,471	818,650	(5,821)	-0.71%
Hawaii	325,099	326,170	1,071	0.33%
Idaho	339,420	340,258	838	0.25%
Illinois	1,041,040	1,030,239	(10,801)	-1.04%
Indiana	635,932	638,032	2,100	0.33%
Iowa	450,811	451,225	414	0.09%
Kansas	426,274	425,110	(1,164)	-0.27%
Kentucky	493,479	482,822	(10,657)	-2.16%
Louisiana	501,858	509,684	7,826	1.56%
Maine	331,102	328,137	(2,965)	-0.90%
Maryland	623,467	622,922	(545)	-0.09%
Massachusetts	671,558	679,830	8,272	1.23%
Michigan	820,078	817,841	(2,237)	-0.27%
Minnesota	608,644	607,606	(1,038)	-0.17%
Mississippi	398,706	395,692	(3,014)	-0.76%
Missouri	614,280	617,432	3,152	0.51%
Montana	307,848	307,795	(53)	-0.02%
Nebraska	369,401	367,292	(2,109)	-0.57%
Nevada	411,778	415,509	3,731	0.91%
New Hampshire	335,286	334,684	(602)	-0.18%
New Jersey	791,996	793,083	1,087	0.14%
New Mexico	357,691	356,477	(1,214)	-0.34%
New York	1,413,628	1,405,521	(8,107)	-0.57%
North Carolina	813,419	814,035	616	0.08%
North Dakota	294,439	295,165	726	0.25%
Ohio	944,193	936,822	(7,371)	-0.78%
Oklahoma	464,819	465,408	589	0.13%
Oregon	480,082	480,039	(43)	-0.01%
Pennsylvania	1,025,094	1,016,843	(8,251)	-0.80%
Puerto Rico	386,665	382,050	(4,615)	-1.19%
Rhode Island	312,352	311,738	(614)	-0.20%
South Carolina	509,225	515,528	6,303	1.24%
South Dakota	299,746	299,424	(322)	-0.11%
Tennessee	614,134	612,772	(1,362)	-0.22%
Texas	1,821,458	1,828,910	7,452	0.41%
Utah	420,602	420,937	335	0.08%
Vermont	287,500	286,842	(658)	-0.23%
Virginia	765,965	757,553	(8,412)	-1.10%
Washington	666,958	671,496	4,538	0.68%
West Virginia	341,935	339,090	(2,845)	-0.83%
Wisconsin	619,893	618,500	(1,393)	-0.22%
Wyoming	282,549	281,988	(561)	-0.20%
State Total	31,823,200	31,823,200	0	0.00%
Guam	93,090	93,090	0	0.00%
Virgin Islands	83,710	83,710	0	0.00%
Outlying Areas Total	176,800	176,800	0	0.00%