# **Executive Office of Health and Human Services Massachusetts Department of Public Health**

# HEALTH PROFESSIONS DATA SERIES DENTAL HYGIENIST 2013



Deval L. Patrick, Governor

John W. Polanowicz, Secretary

Cheryl Bartlett, Commissioner

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# Massachusetts Health Professions Data Series: Dental Hygienist 2013

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Massachusetts Health Professions Data Series: Dental Hygienist 2013 Report provides data on the workforce demographics of Dental Hygienists licensed to practice in Massachusetts. This report is part of the Department of Public Health's Health Professions Data Series, which currently reports on seven licensed health professions: dentists, dental hygienists, pharmacists, physicians, physician assistants, registered nurses, and licensed practical nurses.

The Massachusetts Health Professions Data Series: Dental Hygienist 2013 Report represents data from the second cycle of Massachusetts' health professional workforce data collection. This data series was launched during the 2010 clinician license renewal cycle in coordination with the Division of Health Professions Licensure and its biennial clinician renewal cycle.

The data series responds to the need for quality and timely data on demographics and employment characteristics of the Commonwealth's healthcare workforce. With a response rate of 91%, the 2013 report is a timely source of robust data.

Chapter 224 of the Acts of 2012: An Act Improving the Quality of Health Care and Reducing Costs Through Increased Transparency, Efficiency and Innovation<sup>1</sup> continues and expands the work of the Health Care Workforce Center established initially in the Acts of 2008. The publication of this data series is a significant step toward fulfilling the mandates of Chapter 224. It complements and contributes to ongoing health care access and payment reform initiatives in the Commonwealth, and federal efforts including the National Center for Health Workforce Analysis Assessment.

The data series characterizes the workforce from a supply perspective. It enhances the Commonwealth's ability to identify trends and patterns in the Commonwealth's healthcare workforce that will impact access to health care professionals and the services they provide. The data is integral to current and future decisions about healthcare workforce development, education, training, recruitment, and retention. It will also help to ensure the availability of a highly qualified, diverse, and culturally and linguistically competent workforce to meet the current and future needs of all Massachusetts residents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 224 of the Acts of 2012: An Act Improving Quality of Health Care and Reducing Costs Through Increased Transparency, Efficiency and Innovation: http://malegislature.gov/Laws/SessionLaws/Acts/2012/Chapter224

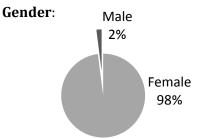
## **Background**

During the 2013 license renewal cycle, dental hygienists were sent a renewal notice with the option to renew online or by mail. Dental hygienists who renewed their license online completed 25 workforce survey questions. The survey included questions related to demographics, education, and employment characteristics and future work plans. A total of 6,602 dental hygienists renewed their license, of those 6,020 (91%) dental hygienists completed the online survey, of which 4,337 (72%) reported Massachusetts as their primary practice setting.

The following data represents the responses of 6,020 Dental Hygienists who completed an online renewal between January 1, 2013 and June 30, 2013.

# **Demographics**

n=6,020



#### Race:

White, Non-Hispanic (NH)	86%
Asian, NH	3%
Black, NH	1%
American Indian / Alaska	<1%
Native, NH	
Native Hawaiian / Pacific	<1%
Islander, NH	
Hispanic/Latino/Spanish	3%
Multiracial	<1%
Decline to Answer	6%

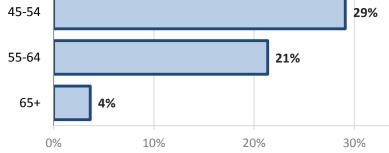
Figure 1: **Dental Hygienists by Age Group**<35

23%

23%

45-54

29%



#### **Patient Language Barriers and Access to Care:**

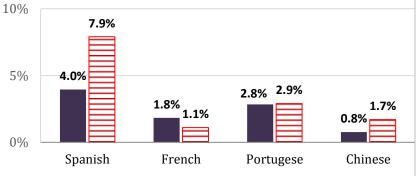
Oral health is an integral component to overall health and well-being. Preventive dental care and good oral hygiene are the foundation of positive oral health outcomes.

Research indicates that patients who experience language barriers when receiving health care are at increased risk for adverse health outcomes.

Patients who receive health services from providers who do not speak the patients' primary language:

- Are less likely to access primary care
- Are less likely to access preventive care
- Have decreased patient compliance

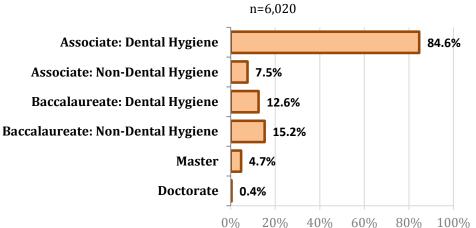
Figure 2. **Dental Hygienist Foreign Language Fluency<sup>2</sup> and Language Spoken at Home by MA Residents<sup>3</sup>** 



- $^2$  Language fluency defined as ability to communicate with and provide adequate care to patients without the use of a translator (n=6,020).
- <sup>3</sup> Source: US Census Bureau, 2008-2012 American Community Survey. These are the 4 most common non-English languages spoken at home in Massachusetts

**Education** n=6,020

Figure 3. Academic Degrees Completed<sup>4</sup>



Loan repayment program: Loan repayment programs (LRP) partially repay school loans for certain health professionals in working return for for an organization that serves disadvantaged patients or is located an underserved in community. 65% of respondents reported that they would have participated had they been aware of such programs.

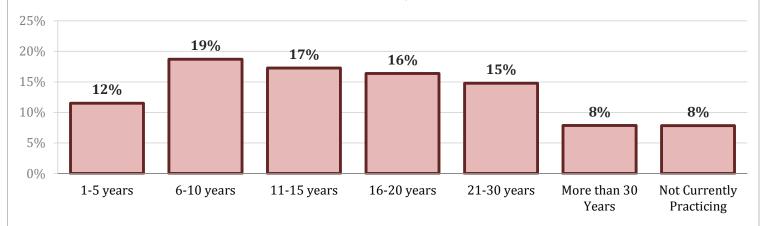
Future Plans

#### Plans Regarding Dental Hygiene Practice within the Next Five Years<sup>5</sup>

No Change in Work Status	47%	Leave of Absence	<1%
Increase Hours	18%	Change Careers	1%
Reduce Hours	10%	Plan to Retire	3%
Seek Additional Education	9%	Other	2%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Percentages do not add up to 100%. 8% of dental hygienists chose not to respond to this question.

Figure 4: **How Many More Years Dental Hygienists Plan to Practice**<sup>6</sup> n=6,020

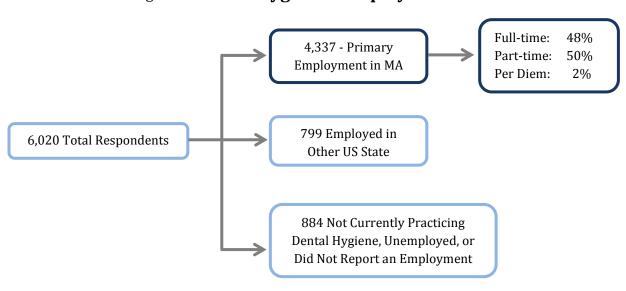


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Percentages do not add up to 100%. The remaining 6% declined to answer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Percentages do not add up to 100% due to respondents' ability to report more than one academic degree completed

### **Employment Characteristics**

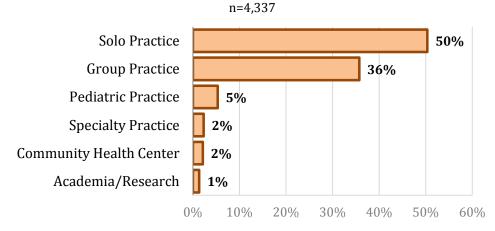
Figure 5. Dental Hygienist Employment Status



The following data represent responses from the 4337 Dental Hygienists who reported working full-time, part-time, or per diem in dental hygiene in Massachusetts.

**Practice Setting:** Respondents were asked to identify their primary practice setting. Figure 6 shows the most commonly reported primary practice settings. Work settings that received less than 1% of the responses are not included in the figure. These settings include: Correctional Facilities, Government, Hospital, Long-term Care Facilities, Military/VA, Mobile Dental Program, Pharmaceutical/Dental Sales, Schools.

Figure 6. Primary Dentist Practice Setting



70% of the 4,337 dental hygienists working in Massachusetts reported having 1 location of practice, 23% reported 2 locations, and 6% reported 3 or more.

**Practice Role:** Respondents were asked to identify the role which best described their primary dental hygiene position. The adjacent table displays the 4 most common practice roles reported. All other answer choices received

Clinician	92.9%
Educator	3.6%
Public Health	1.3%
Administrator/Manager	0.8%

less than 0.5% of responses. These include: Advocate, Researcher, and Sales. The distribution of practice roles did not vary significantly by age group.

25% of Dental Hygienists reported volunteering in some capacity in 2012.

- Only 27% of dental hygienists practicing in Massachusetts reported that their primary practice accepts MassHealth.
- 10.4% reported that their primary practice offers patients a sliding fee scale.
- 97% reported that their primary practice is accepting new patients.

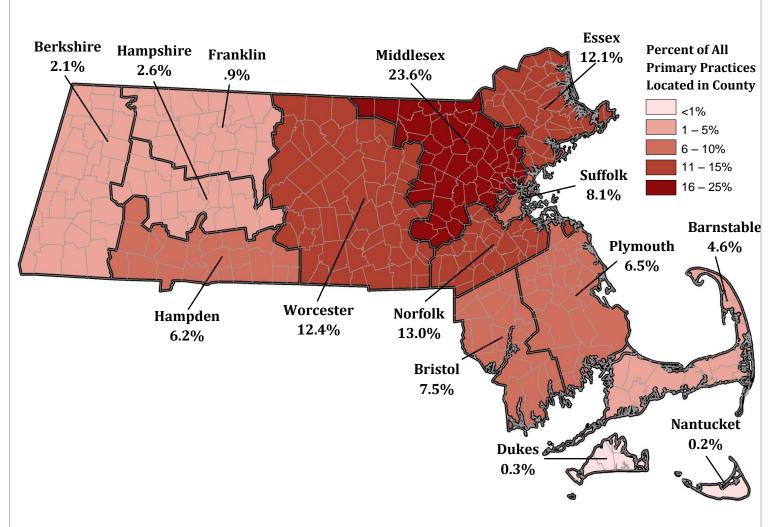
**Public Health Dental Hygienists:** A public health dental hygienist (PHDH) is a practicing registered dental hygienist who enters into a collaborative agreement with a licensed dentist and may perform dental hygiene procedures in a public health setting without the supervision or direction of a dentist.

- 45 Dental Hygienists reported currently practicing as a PHDH.
- Of the remaining 4,292 dental hygienists that are not practicing as a PHDH:
  - o 22% reported that they were *somewhat likely* to pursue PHDH training in the next 5 years. 7% reported they were *very likely*.
  - o 20% reported that they were *somewhat likely* to practice as a PHDH in the next 5 years. 4% reported they are *very likely*.

# **Geographic Distribution**

n=4,337

Figure 7. Dental Hygienist Primary Practice Distribution by County



# This report was developed by the **Massachusetts Department of Public Health**

Bureau of Community Health and Prevention Health Care Workforce Center

Bureau of Health Care Safety and Quality Division Health Professions Licensure Board of Registration in Dentistry

For additional information about the Health Professions
Data Series or this Dental Hygienist Report
Please contact the
Massachusetts Health Care Workforce Center
at the
Massachusetts Department of Public Health

Website: <a href="mass.gov/dph/hcworkforcecenter">mass.gov/dph/hcworkforcecenter</a> Email: <a href="mass.gov/dph/hcworkforcecenter">HCWorkforceCenter@state.ma.us</a>

