## NOTES:

- 1. ALL TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (MUTCD) AND ALL REVISIONS, UNLESS SUPERCEDED BY THESE PLANS.
- 2. ALL SIGN LEGENDS, BORDERS, AND MOUNTING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MUTCD.
- 3. TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGNING AND ALL OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY WORK.
- 4. TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGNING, BARRICADES, AND ALL OTHER NECESSARY WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE HIGHWAY OR COVERED WHEN THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.
- 5. SIGNS AND SIGN SUPPORTS LOCATED ON OR NEAR THE TRAVELED WAY, CHANNELIZING DEVICES, BARRIERS, AND CRASH ATTENUATORS MUST PASS THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN NCHRP REPORT 350, "RECOMMENDED PROCEDURES FOR THE SAFETY PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF HIGHWAY FEATURES" AND/OR "MANUAL FOR ASSESSING SAFETY HARDWARE" (MASH).
- 6. CONTRACTORS SHALL NOTIFY EACH ABUTTER AT LEAST 24 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF THE START OF ANY WORK THAT WILL REQUIRE THE TEMPORARY CLOSURE OF ACCESS, SUCH AS CONDUIT INSTALLATION, EXISTING PAVEMENT EXCAVATION, TEMPORARY DRIVEWAY PAVEMENT PLACEMENT, AND SIMILAR OPERATIONS.
- 7. THE FIRST FIVE PLASTIC DRUMS OF A TAPER SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH TYPE A LIGHTS.
- 8. THE ADVISORY SPEED LIMIT, IF REQUIRED, SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 9. DISTANCES ARE A GUIDE AND MAY BE ADJUSTED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.
- 10. MAXIMUM SPACING OF TRAFFIC DEVICES IN A TAPER (DRUMS OR CONES) IS EQUAL IN FEET TO THE SPEED LIMIT IN MPH.
- 11. MINIMUM LANE WIDTH IS TO BE 11 FEET (3.3m) UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN. MINIMUM LANE WIDTH TO BE MEASURED FROM THE EDGE OF DRUMS OR MEDIAN BARRIER.
- 12. ALL SIGNS SHALL BE MOUNTED ON THEIR OWN STANDARD SIGN SUPPORTS.

## **LEGEND:**

REFLECTORIZED PLASTIC DRUM WORK ZONE WORK VEHICLE OR 36" CONE DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC TRUCK MOUNTED ATTENUATOR P/F POLICE/FLAGGER DETAIL IMPACT ATTENUATOR TRAFFIC OR PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL TYPE III BARRICADE SIGN CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN MEDIAN BARRIER WITH ARROW BOARD WARNING LIGHTS

THE IDEAL CAPACITY OF A MAJOR HIGHWAY IS GENERALLY CONSIDERED TO BE 1900 PASSENGER CARS PER HOUR PER LANE (PCPHPL). IN WORK ZONES ON A MULTI-LANE DIVIDED HIGHWAY, THE FOLLOWING VOLUME GUIDELINES HAVE BEEN SUGGESTED:

#### MEASURED AVERAGE WORK ZONE CAPACITIES

NUMBER OF LANES		NUMBER	AVERAGE CAPACITY	
NORMAL (EXISTING)	OPEN (TO TRAFFIC)	OF STUDIES	VPH	VPHPL
(2/110/11/07)	(10 1111110)			
3 2 5 4 3 4	1 1 2 2 2 2 3	7 8 8 4 9 4	1,170 1,340 2,740 2,960 2,980 4,560	1,170 1,340 1,370 1,480 1,490 1,520

Source: Dudek, C., <u>Notes on Work Zone Capacity and Level of Service</u>. Texas Transportation Institute, Texas A&M University, College Station, Texas (1984)

BY OBTAINING HOURLY TRAFFIC COUNTS FOR A PARTICULAR ROADWAY (WITH A MINIMUM OF A 48—HOUR AUTOMATIC TRAFFIC RECORDER (ATR) COUNT), THIS WILL HELP TO DETERMINE AT WHAT TIMES OF THE DAY OR NIGHT A CERTAIN NUMBER OF LANES MAY BE CLOSED.



Notes for Traffic Management FIGURE GEN-1
GENERAL GUIDELINES

#### SUGGESTED WORK ZONE WARNING SIGN SPACING

ROAD TYPE	DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS **			
KOAD TIFE	А	В	С	
LOCAL OR LOW VOLUME ROADWAYS*	350 (100)	350 (100)	350 (100)	
MOST OTHER ROADWAYS*	500 (150)	500 (150)	500 (150)	
FREEWAYS AND EXPRESSWAYS*	1,000 (300)	1,500 (450)	2,640 (800)	

- \* ROAD TYPE TO BE DETERMINED BY MASSDOT OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING.
- \*\* DISTANCES ARE SHOWN IN FEET (METERS). THE COLUMN HEADINGS A, B, AND C ARE THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL/ TYPICAL SETUP FIGURES. THE A DIMENSION IS THE DISTANCE FROM THE TRANSITION OR POINT OF RESTRICTION TO THE FIRST SIGN. THE B DIMENSION IS THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE FIRST AND SECOND SIGNS. THE C DIMENSION IS THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE SECOND AND THIRD SIGNS. (THE "THIRD" SIGN IS THE FIRST ONE TYPICALLY ENCOUNTERED BY A DRIVER APPROACHING A TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL (TTC) ZONE.)

THE "THIRD" SIGN ABOVE IS TYPICALLY REFERRED TO AS AN "ADVANCE WARNING" SIGN ON THE TTCP SETUPS. THESE ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS ARE LOCATED PRIOR TO THE PROJECT LIMITS ON ALL APPROACHES (i.e. THE W20-1 SERIES (ROAD WORK XX FT) SIGNS), AND USUALLY REMAIN FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT. ADDITIONAL SIGNS (i.e. "RIGHT LANE CLOSED 1 MILE" AND "LEFT LANE CLOSED 1 MILE") HAVE BEEN SHOWN IN SOME FIGURES AS EXAMPLES OF REINFORCEMENT SIGN PLACEMENT BUT ARE USED IN RARE OCCASIONS.

THE FIRST AND SECOND WARNING SIGNS ABOVE ARE REFERRED TO AS THE OPERATIONAL (DAY-TO-DAY) WORK ZONE SIGNS AND MAY BE MOVED DEPENDING ON WHERE THE SPECIFIC ROADWAY WORK FOR THAT DAY IS LOCATED.

R2-10a SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED BETWEEN THE SECOND AND THIRD SIGNS AS DESCRIBED ABOVE.

R2-10g, R2-10e, AND W20-1 SERIES SIGNS ARE TO BE INCLUDED ON ALL DETAILS/TYPICAL SETUPS.

Based on: Table 6C-1 MUTCD LATEST EDITION

### STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE AS A FUNCTION OF SPEED

SPEED*	DISTANCE
(km/h)	(m)
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110	35 50 65 85 105 130 160 185 220 250

SPEED*	DISTANCE
(mph)	(ft)
20	115
25	155
30	200
35	250
40	305
45	360
50	425
55	495
60	570
65	645
70	730
75	820

\*POSTED SPEED, OFF-PEAK 85TH-PERCENTILE SPEED PRIOR TO WORK STARTING, OR THE ANTICIPATED OPERATING SPEED

THESE VALUES MAY BE USED TO DETERMINE THE LENGTH OF LONGITUDINAL BUFFER SPACES.

THE DISTANCES IN THE ABOVE CHART REPRESENT THE MINIMAL VALUES FOR BUFFER SPACING.

Source: Table 6C-2 MUTCD LATEST EDITION



Notes for Traffic Management FIGURE GEN-2

NOTES ON WORK ZONE DISTANCES

EXPRESSWAY - A DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH PARTIAL CONTROL OF ACCESS.

FREEWAY- A DIVIDED HIGHWAY WITH FULL CONTROL OF ACCESS.

<u>LOW-VOLUME ROAD</u>— A FACILITY LYING OUTSIDE OF BUILT-UP AREAS OF CITIES, TOWNS, AND COMMUNITIES, AND IT SHALL HAVE A TRAFFIC VOLUME OF LESS THAN 400 AADT. IT SHALL NOT BE A FREEWAY, EXPRESSWAY, INTERCHANGE RAMP, FREEWAY SERVICE ROAD OR A ROAD ON A DESIGNATED STATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM.

Source: MUTCD LATEST EDITION

### TAPER LENGTH CRITERIA FOR TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL ZONES

TYPE OF TAPER	TAPER LENGTH (L)*
MERGING TAPER	AT LEAST L
SHIFTING TAPER	AT LEAST 0.5L
SHOULDER TAPER	AT LEAST 0.33L
ONE-LANE, TWO-WAY TRAFFIC TAPER	50 FT MIN.(15 m) 100 FT(30 m) MAX.
DOWNSTREAM TAPER	50 FT MIN.(15 m) 100 FT MAX.(30 m) PER LANE

Source: Table 6C-3 MUTCD LATEST EDITION

#### FORMULAS FOR DETERMINING TAPER LENGTHS

SPEED LIMIT (S)	TAPER LENGTH (L) FEET	
40 MPH OR LESS	$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$	
45 MPH OR MORE	L= WS	

SPEED LIMIT (S)	TAPER LENGTH (L) Meters
60 KM/H OR LESS	$L = \frac{WS^2}{155}$
70 KM/H OR MORE	L= WS 1.6

WHERE: L = TAPER LENGTH IN FEET (METERS)

W = WIDTH OF OFFSET IN FEET (METERS)

S = POSTED SPEED LIMIT, OR OFF-PEAK 85TH-PERCENTILE SPEED PRIOR TO WORK STARTING, OR THE ANTICAPATED OPERATING SPEED IN MPH (KM/H)

Source: Table 6C-4 MUTCD LATEST EDITION



Notes for Traffic Management FIGURE GEN-3

NOTES ON WORK ZONE DISTANCES

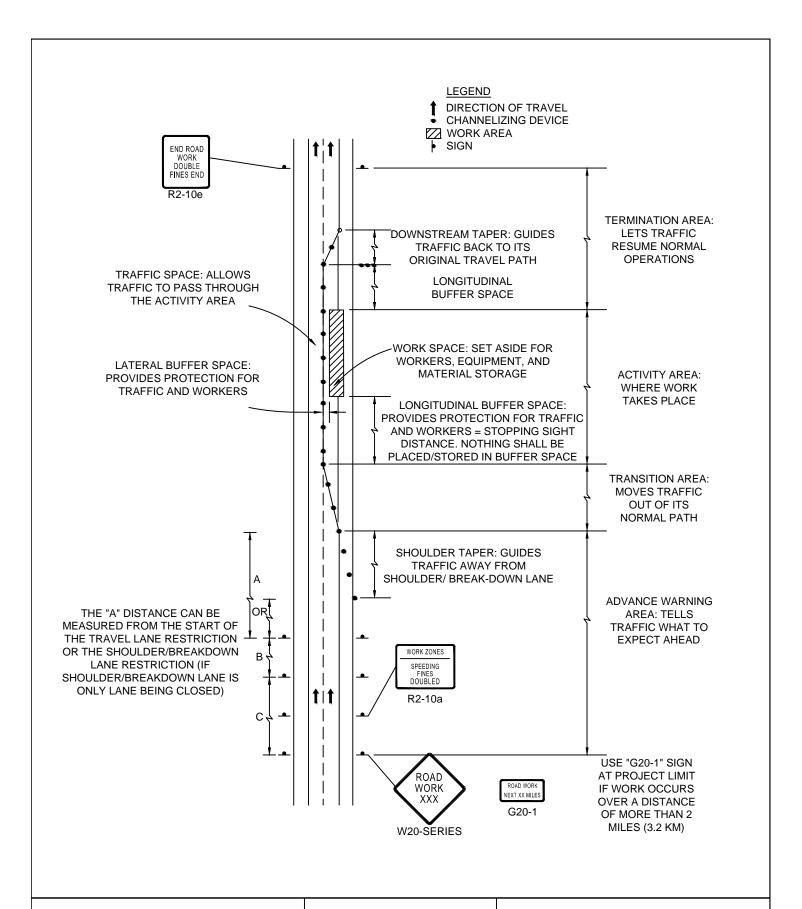




FIGURE GEN-4
COMPONENT PARTS OF A
TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL
(TTC) ZONE

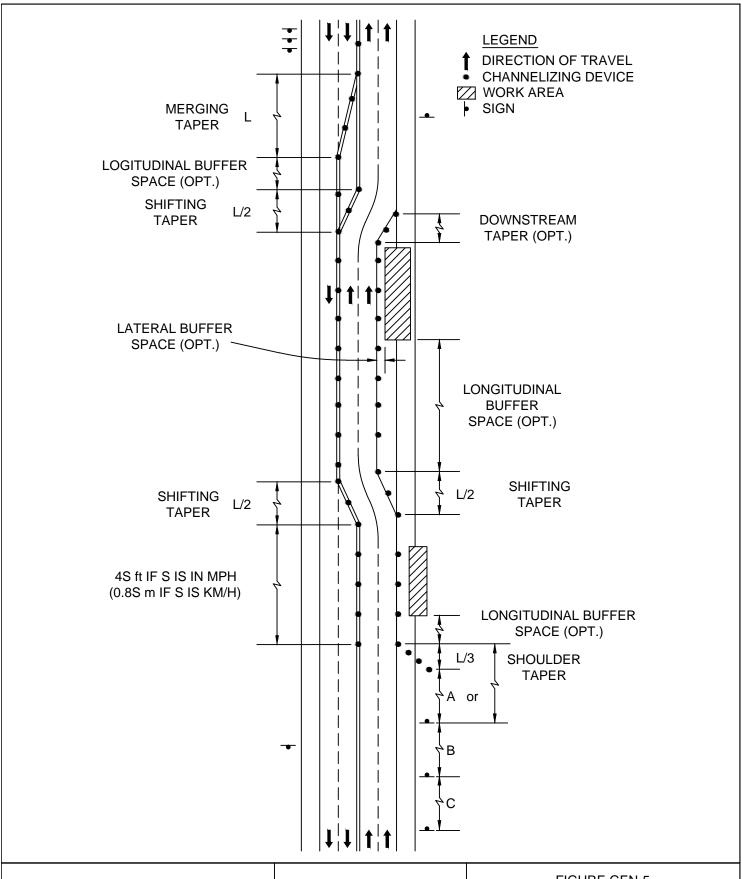
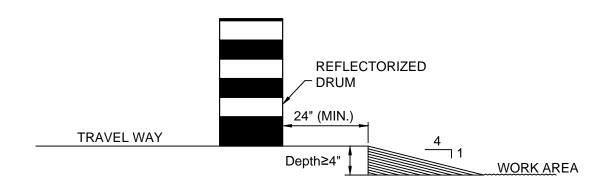


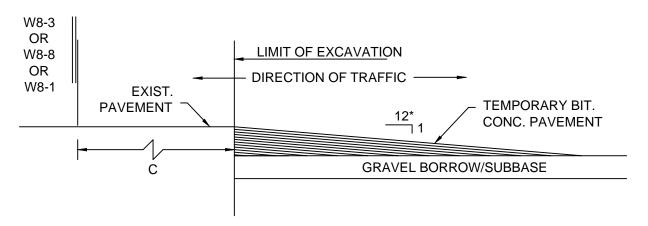


FIGURE GEN-5
TYPES OF TAPERS AND BUFFER
SPACES



## LATERAL DROP-OFF DETAIL

**NOT TO SCALE** 



## LONGITUDINAL DROP-OFF DETAIL

**NOT TO SCALE** 

\* - INCREASE SLOPE RATIO FOR HIGHER SPEEDS



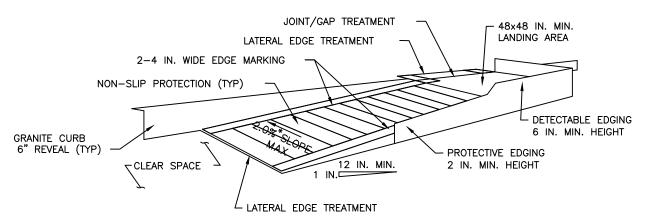
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FIGURE GEN-6 LATERAL AND LONGITUDINAL DROP-OFF DETAILS

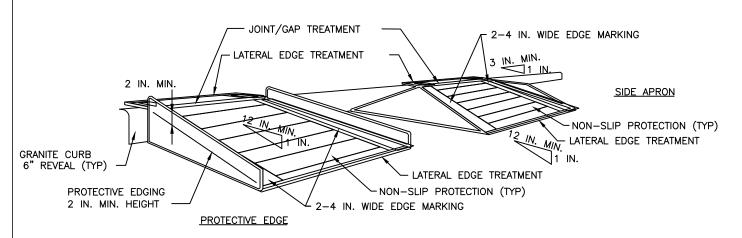
#### NOTES:

- CURB RAMPS SHALL BE 60 IN. MINIMUM WIDTH WITH A FIRM, STABLE AND NON-SLIP SURFACE.
- 2. PROTECTIVE EDGING WITH A 2 IN. MINIMUM HEIGHT SHALL BE INSTALLED WHEN THE CURB RAMP OR LANDING PLATFORM HAS A VERTICAL DROP OF 6 IN. OR GREATER OR HAS A SIDE APRON SLOP STEEPER THAN 1:3 (33%). PROTECTIVE EDGING SHOULD BE CONSIDERED WHEN THE CURB RAMPS OR LANDING PLATFORMS HAVE A VERTICAL DROP OF 3 IN. OR MORE.
- DETECTABLE EDGING WITH 6 IN. MINIMUM HEIGHT AND CONTRASTING COLOR SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL CURB RAMP LANDINGS WHERE THE WALKWAY CHANGES DIRECTION (TURNS).
- CURB RAMPS AND LANDINGS SHOULD HAVE A 1:50 (2%) MAX CROSS-SLOPE.

- CLEAR SPACE OF 48x48 IN. MINIMUM SHALL BE PROVIDED ABOVE AND BELOW THE CURB RAMP.
- THE CURB RAMP WALKWAY EDGE SHALL BE MARKED WITH A CONTRASTING COLOR 2 TO 4 IN. WIDE MARKING. THE MARKING IS OPTIONAL WHERE COLOR CONTRASTING EDGING IS USED.
- WATER FLOW IN THE GUTTER SYSTEM SHALL HAVE MINIMAL RESTRICTION.
- 8. LATERAL JOINTS OR GAPS BETWEEN SURFACES SHALL BE LESS THAN 0.5 IN. WIDTH.
- CHANGES BETWEEN SURFACE HEIGHTS SHOULD NOT EXCEED 0.5 IN. LATERAL EDGES SHOULD BE VERTICAL UP TO 0.25 IN. HIGH, AND BEVELED AT 1:2 BETWEEN 0.25 IN. AND 0.5 IN HEIGHT



## TEMPORARY CURB RAMP-PARALLEL TO CURB



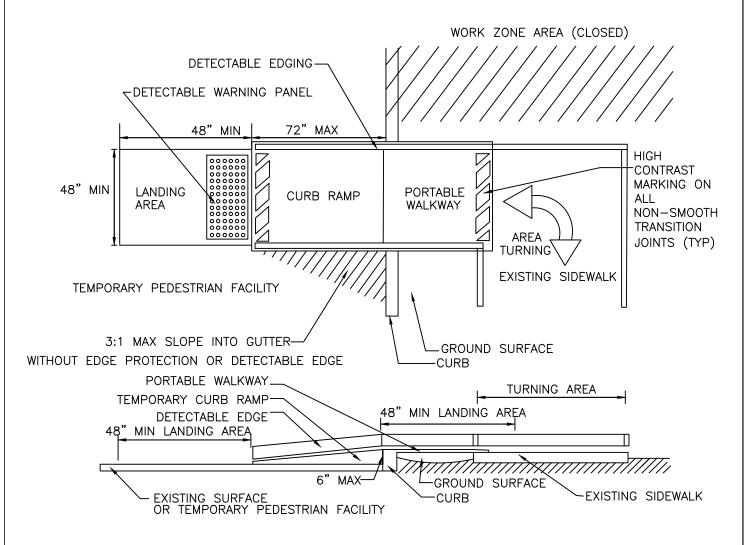
# TEMPORARY CURB RAMP-PERPENDICULAR TO CURB



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FIGURE PED-1

PEDESTRIAN DETAILS



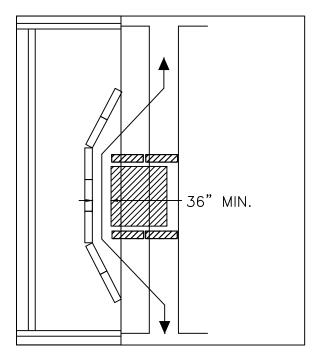
# **TEMPORARY CURB RAMP-TYPE 2**

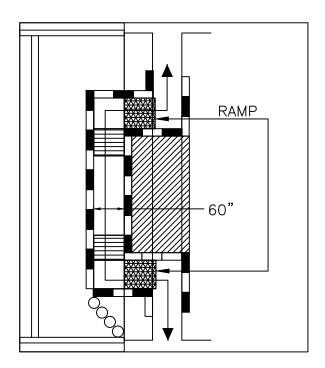


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FIGURE PED-2

PEDESTRIAN DETAILS





- When existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone, temporary facilities shall be provided and they shall be detectable and include accessibility features consistent with the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
- A pedestrian channelizing device that is detectable by a person with a visual disability traveling with the aid of a long cane shall be placed across the full width of the closed sidewalk.
- When used, temporary ramps shall comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (see Figures Ped-1 & Ped-2).
- The alternate pathway should have a smooth continuous hard surface for the entire length of the temporary pedestrian facility.
- The protective requirements of a TTC situation have priority in determining the need for temporary traffic barriers and their use in this situation should be based on engineering judgment.
- Audible information devices should be considered where midblock closings and changed crosswalk areas cause inadequate communication to be provided to pedestrians who have visual disabilities.

### **AUDIBLE DEVICES**

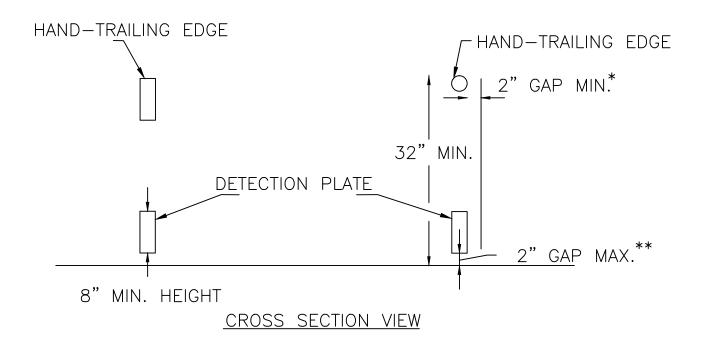
For long term sidewalk closures (at a minimum overnight) a form of speech messaging for pedestrians with visual disabilities shall be provided. Audible information devices such as detectable barriers or barricades and other passive pedestrian activation (motion activated) devices should be considered for these cases. These audible devices can be mountable or stand alone.



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FIGURE PED-3

PEDESTRIAN DETAILS



## PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZING DEVICE

## NOTES:

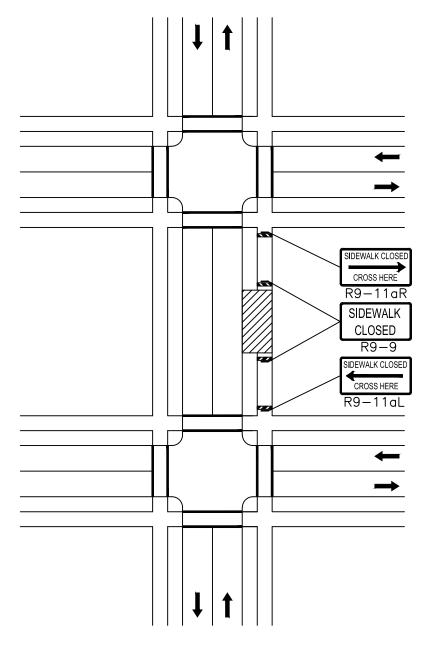
- \* THERE SHALL BE A 2 INCH GAP BETWEEN THE HAND-TRAILING EDGE AND ITS SUPPORT.
- \*\* A MAXIMUM 2 INCH GAP BETWEEN THE BOTTOM OF THE BOTTOM RAIL AND THE SURFACE MAY BE USED TO PROVIDE DRAINAGE.



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FIGURE PED-4

PEDESTRIAN DETAILS



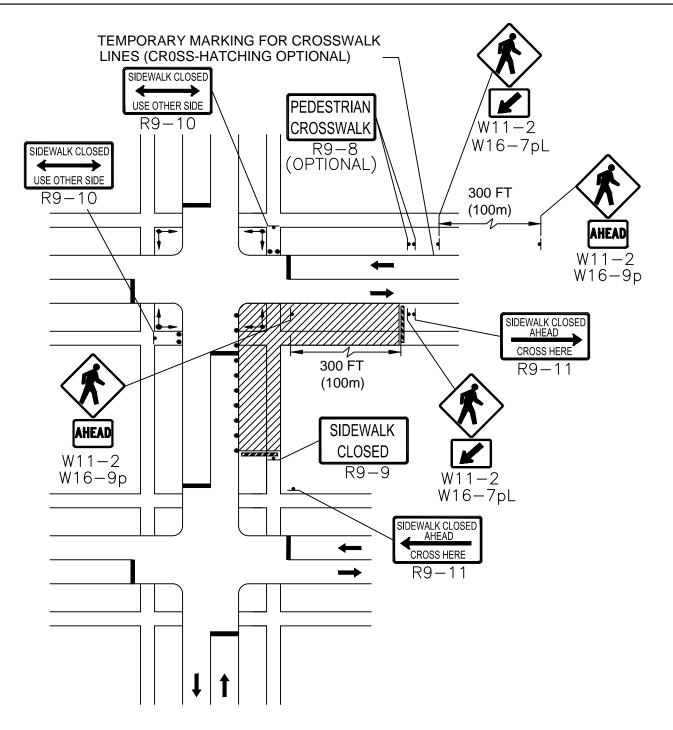
NOTE: IF A MINIMUM WIDTH OF 48" OF SOLID SMOOTH UNOBSTRUCTED SURFACE REMAINS ALONG THE WORK AREA THEN THE DETAIL CAN BE DISREGARDED. DELINEATION OF THE WORK AREA WILL STILL BE REQUIRED. AII PEDESTRIAN DETOUR ROUTES SHALL BE ADA/MAAB COMPLIANT IN THEIR ENTIRETY.



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FIGURE PED-5

SIDEWALK CLOSED WITHOUT DETOUR



# NOTE:

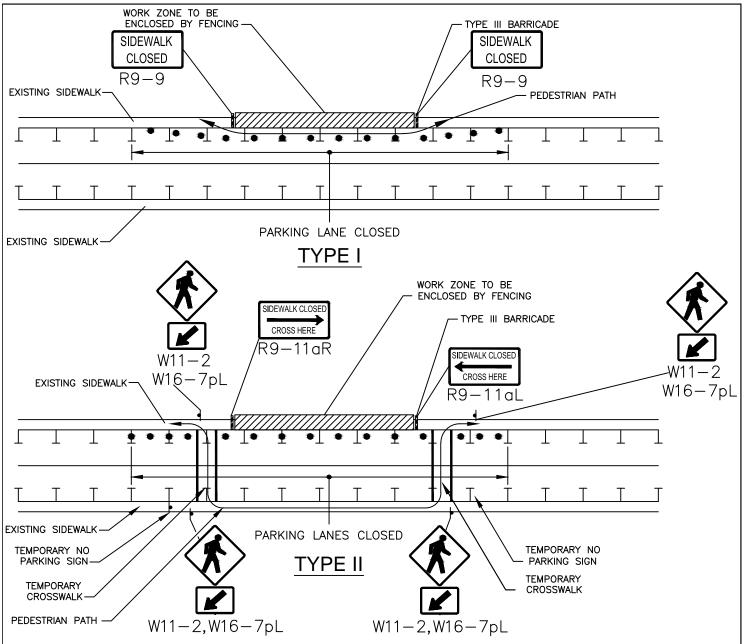
FOR LONG-TERM STATIONARY WORK, THE DOUBLE YELLOW CENTERLINE AND/OR LANE LINES SHOULD BE REMOVED BETWEEN THE CROSSWALK LINES.



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FIGURE PED-6

PEDESTRIAN DETOUR



### **NOTES**

- 1. ADDITIONAL ADVANCE WARNING MAY BE NECESSARY.
- 2. CONTROLS ONLY FOR PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC ARE SHOWN. VEHICULAR TRAFFIC SHOULD BE HANDLED AS SHOWN ELSEWHERE.
- 3. STREET LIGHTING SHOULD BE CONSIDERED WHEN LOCATING CONTROL DEVICES.
- 4. IF THE WORK ZONE DOES NOT PERMIT PEDESTRIANS TO TRAVEL ADJACENT TO IT AS SHOWN IN PEDESTRIAN BYPASS TYPE I, TEMPORARY CROSSWALKS WITH APPROPRIATE SIGNS SHOULD BE INSTALLED TO CROSS PEDESTRIANS TO THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE STREET AS SHOWN IN PEDESTRIAN BYPASS TYPE II, AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. TEMPORARY CURB RAMPS WILL BE REQUIRED AT ALL TEMPORARY CROSSWALK LOCATIONS.
- 5. BYPASS IS TO BE USED IN CONJUCTION WITH THE PROPOSED LANE CLOSURE DETAILS AND DURING CONSTRUCTION STAGING, AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. THE TEMPORARY SIDEWALK SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 4 FEET WIDE. IF THIS WALKWAY EXCEEDS 200 FEET THEN A 5 FOOT X 5 FOOT PASSING ZONE. (FOR SHORT TERM SETUPS < 10 HOURS, THIS CONDITION MAY BE WAIVED. A NOTE WOULD NEED TO BE INCLUDED IN THE TTCP THAT STATES HOW THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD ADDRESS THIS ISSUE.)



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FIGURE PED-7

PEDESTRIAN BYPASS

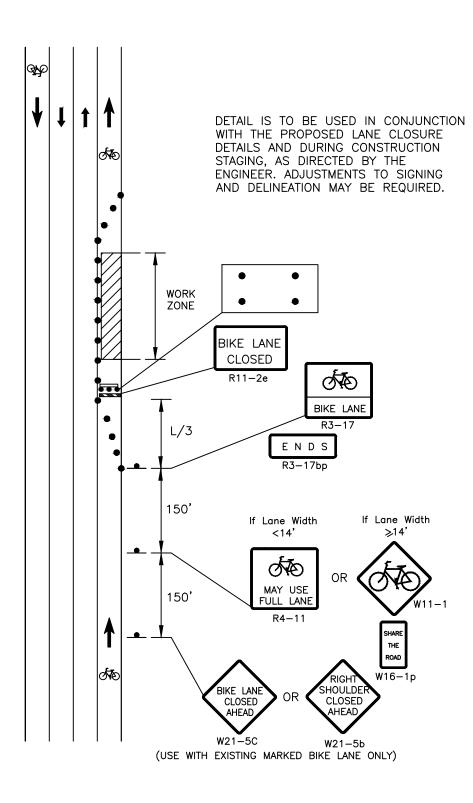
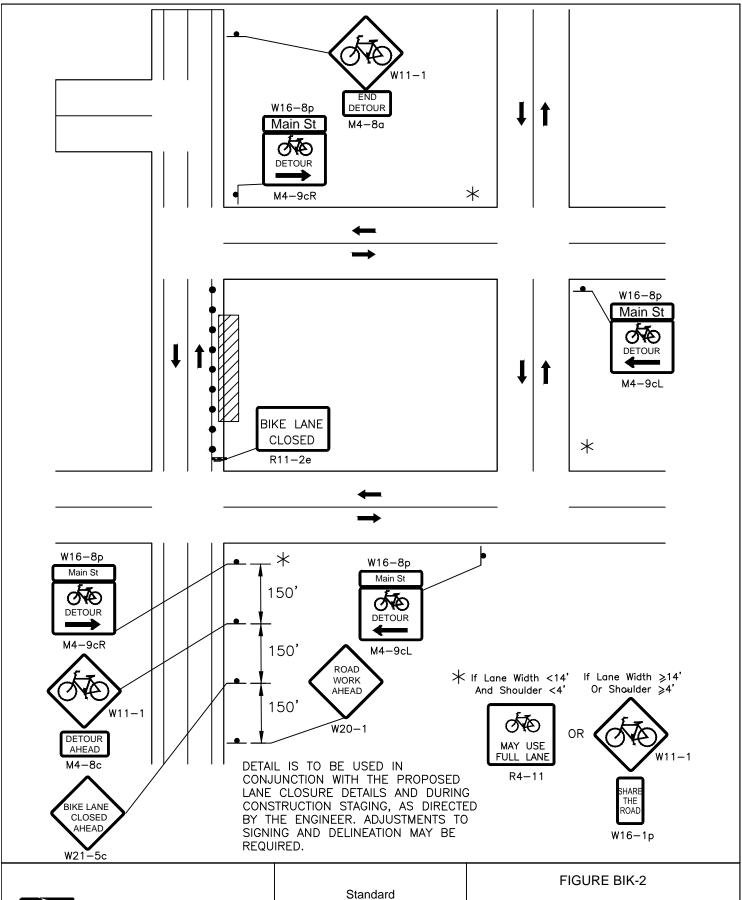




FIGURE BIK-1

BICYCLE LANE CLOSURE WTHOUT DETOUR





BICYCLE LANE CLOSURE WITH ON-ROAD DETOUR

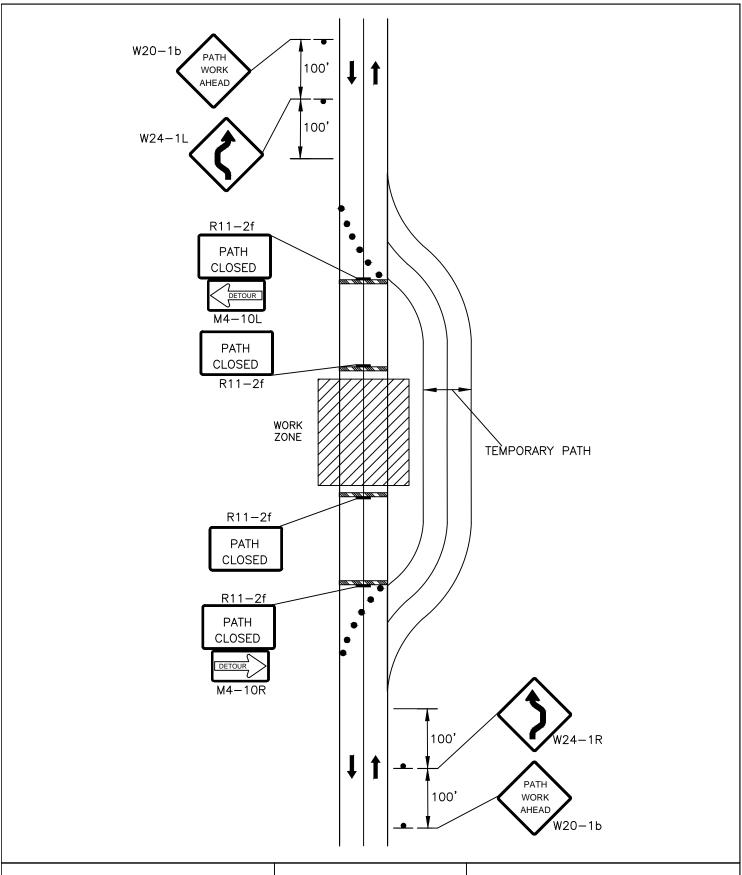




FIGURE BIK-3

TEMPORARY PATH DETOUR FOR SHARED-USE PATH

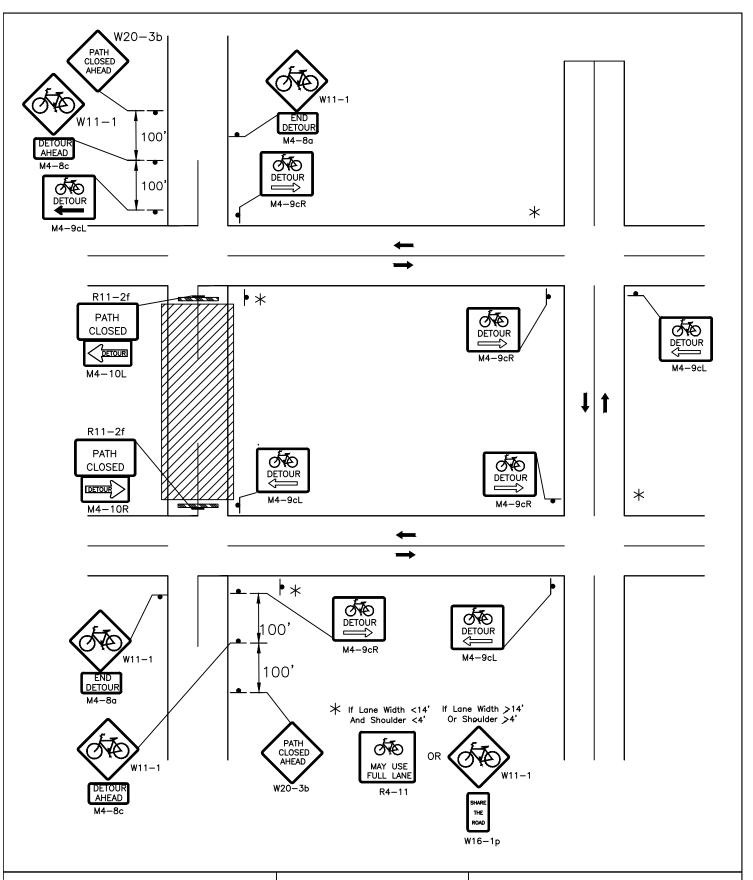




FIGURE BIK-4

ON-ROAD DETOUR FOR SHARED-USE PATH

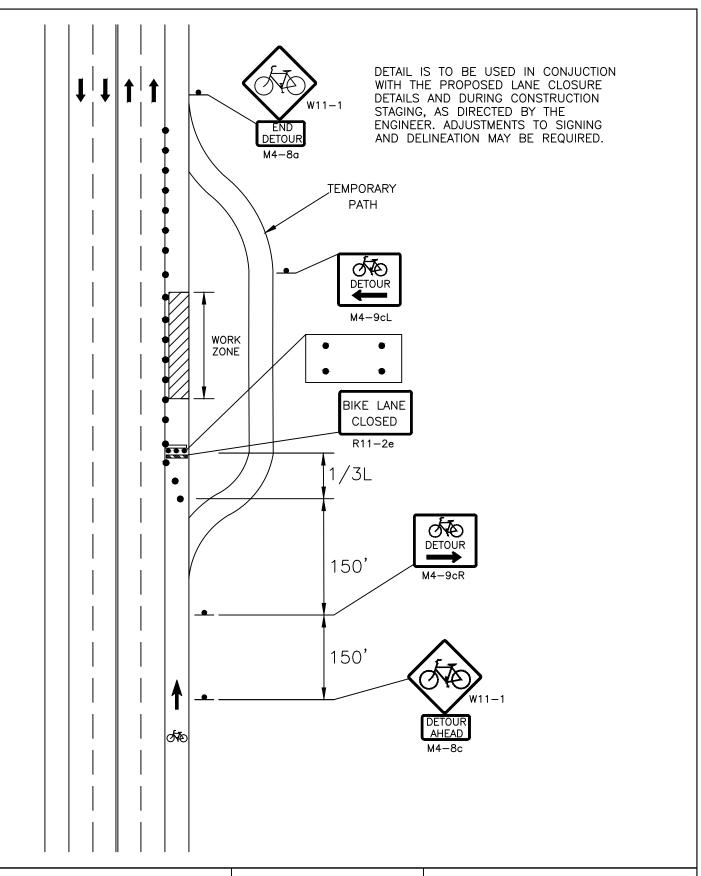




FIGURE BIK-5

PAVED SHOULDER CLOSURE WITH BICYCLE DETOUR ONTO PATH

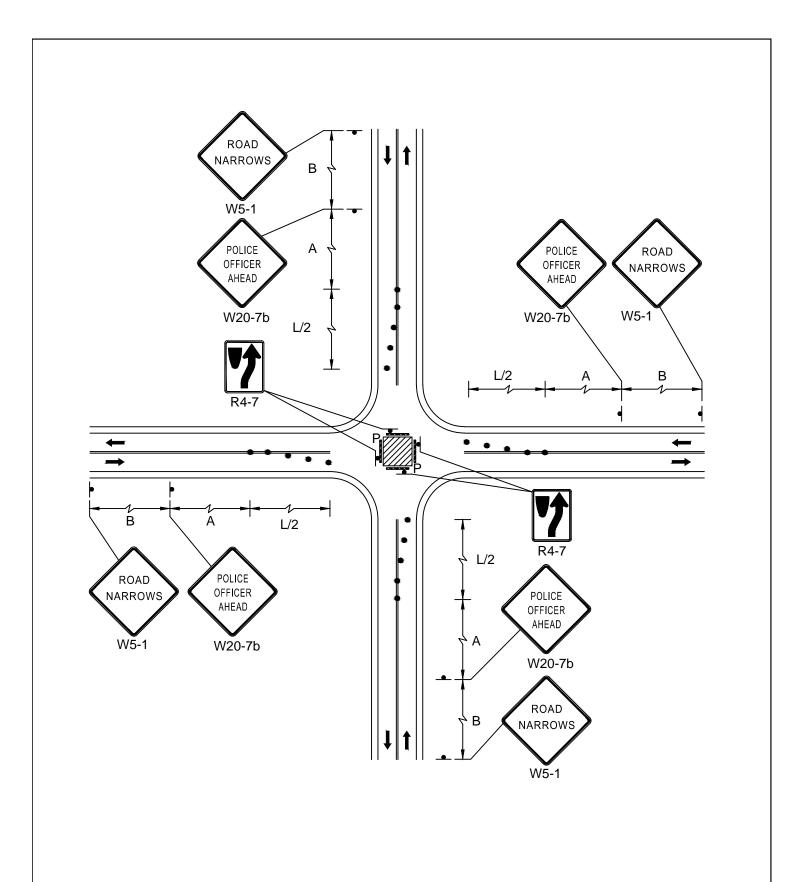




FIGURE INT-1

SINGLE LANE APPROACH CENTER CLOSURE

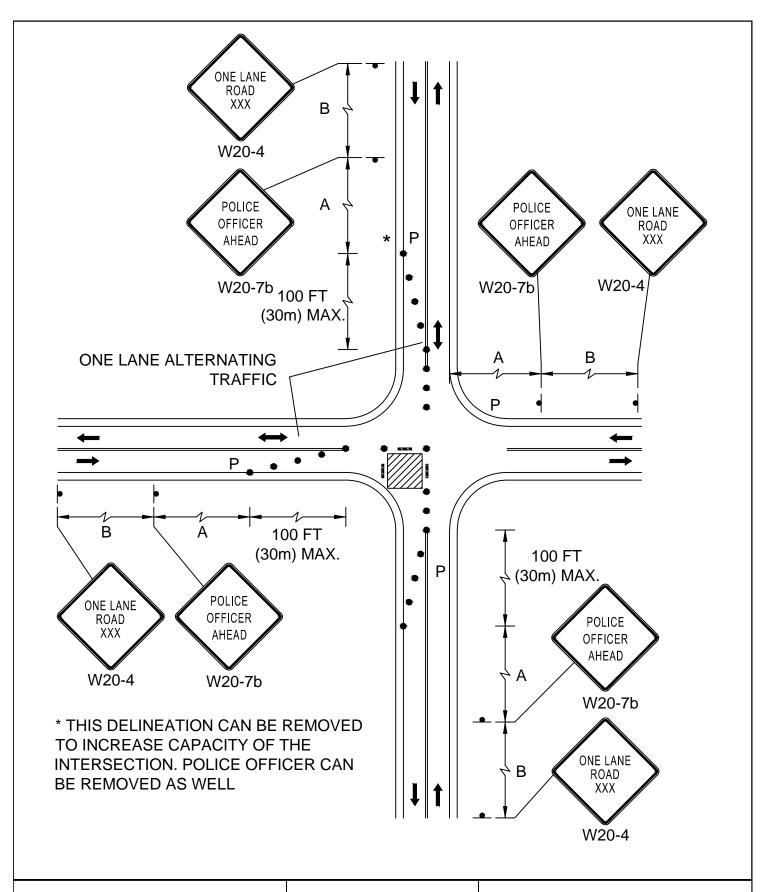




FIGURE INT-2

SINGLE LANE APPROACH ONE QUADRANT CLOSURE

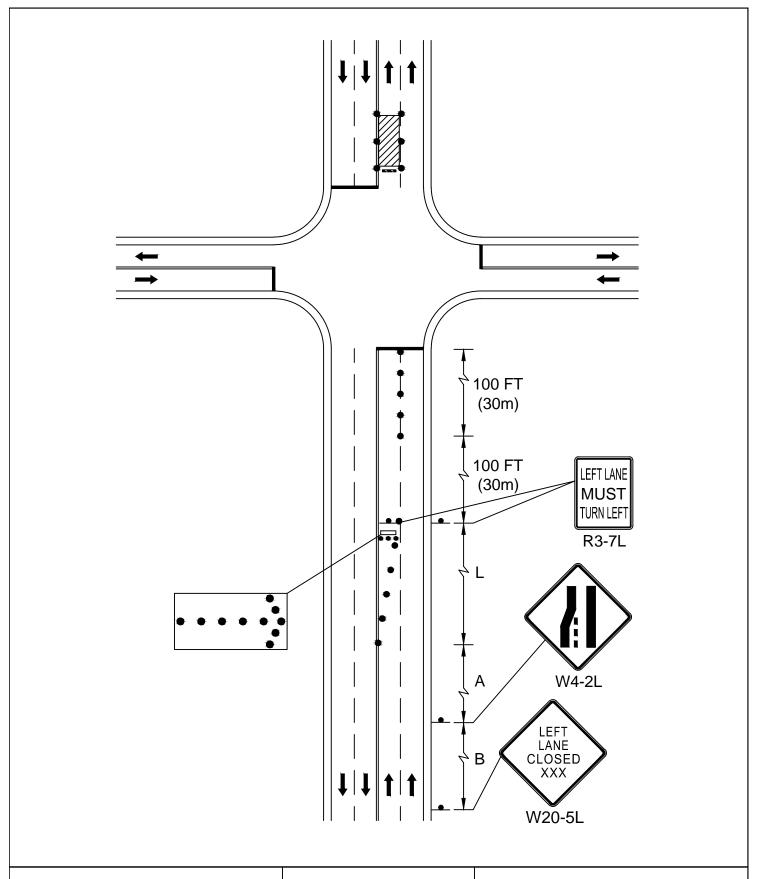




FIGURE INT-3
DOUBLE LANE APPROACH
FAR SIDE CLOSURE
INSIDE LANE

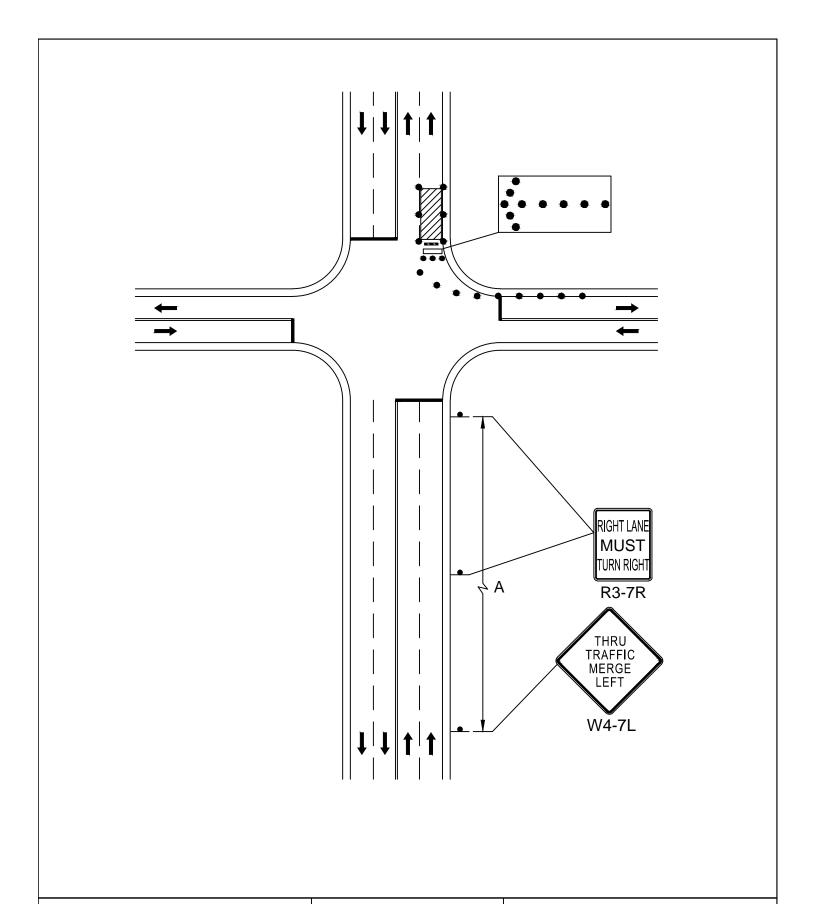




FIGURE INT-4
DOUBLE LANE APPROACH
FAR SIDE CLOSURE
RIGHT LANE

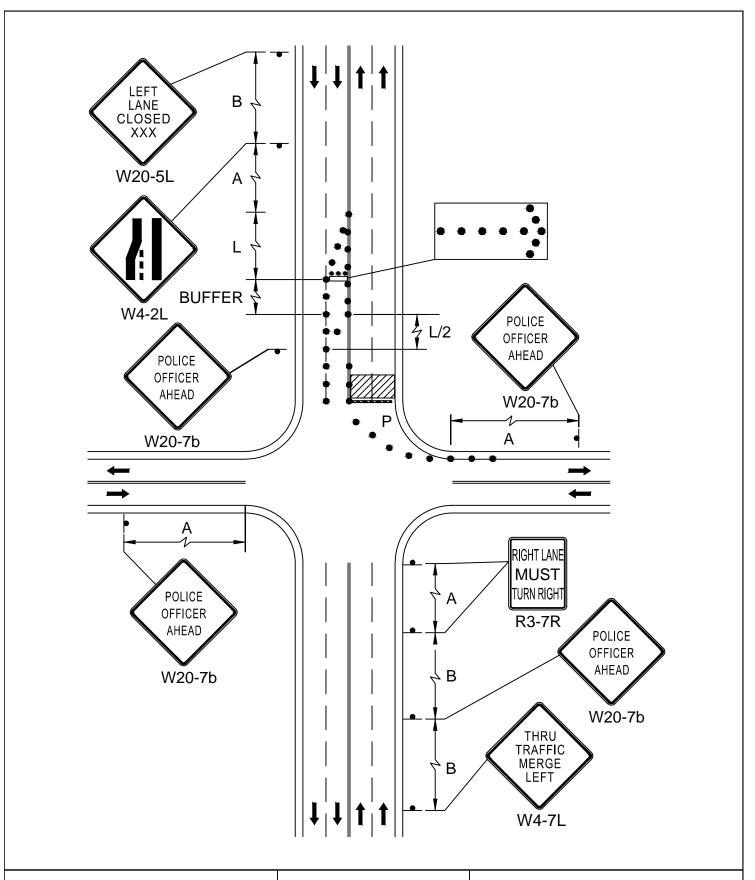




FIGURE INT-5
DOUBLE LANE APPROACH
HALF ROAD CLOSURE

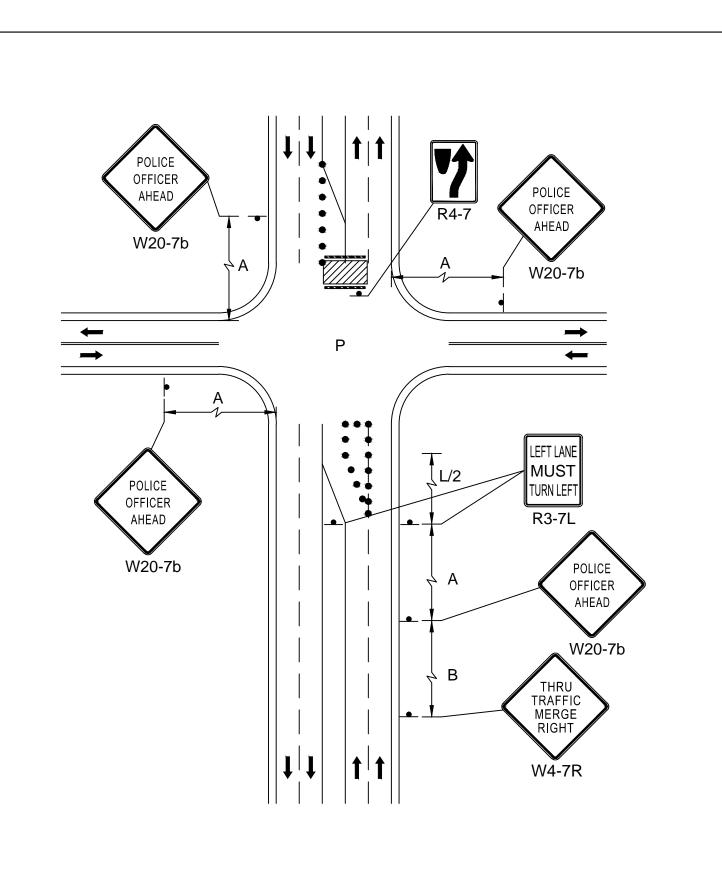




FIGURE INT-6
MULTI-LANE APPROACH
MULTIPLE LANE CLOSURE

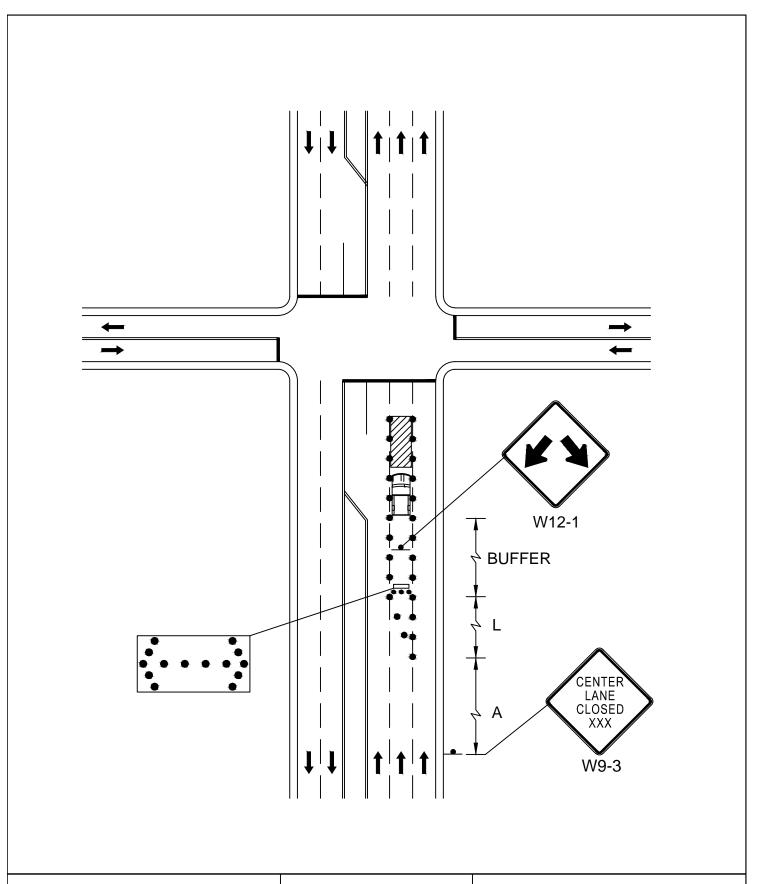
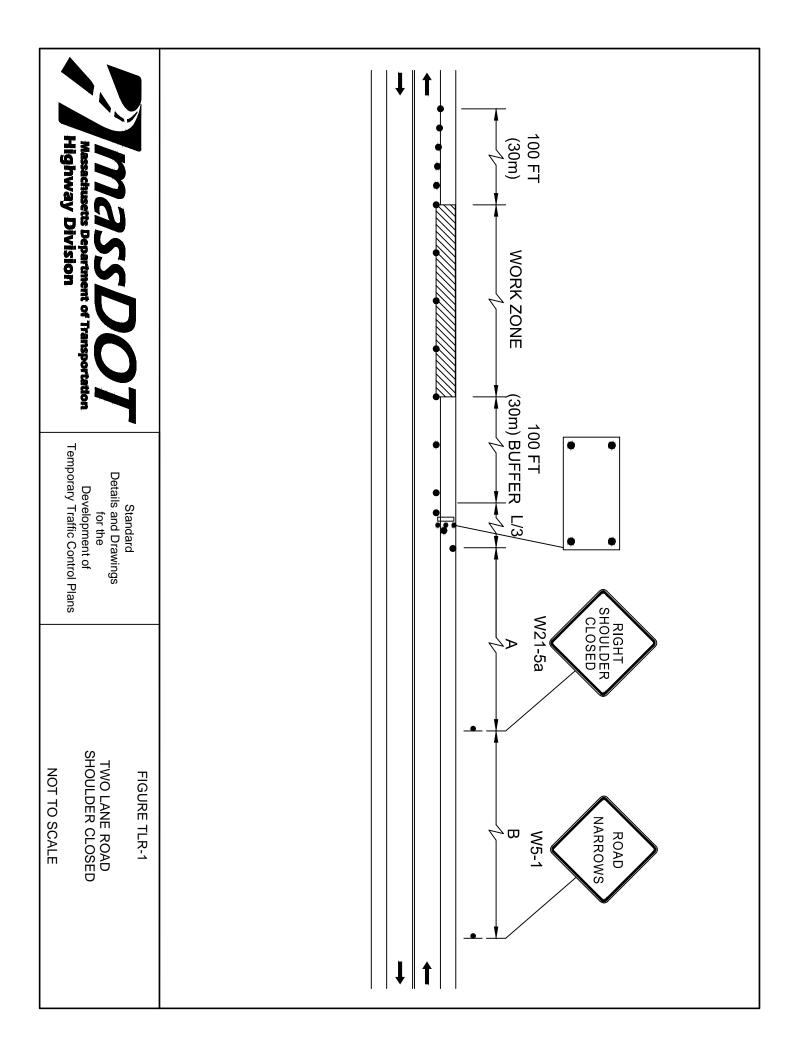
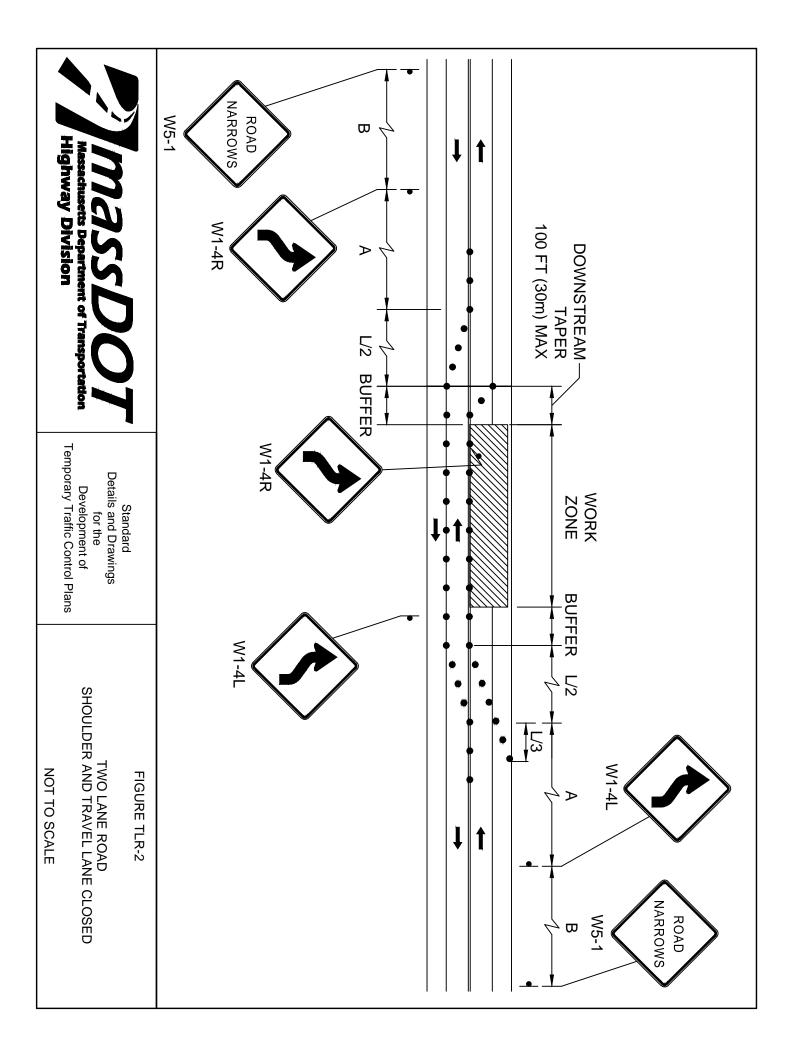
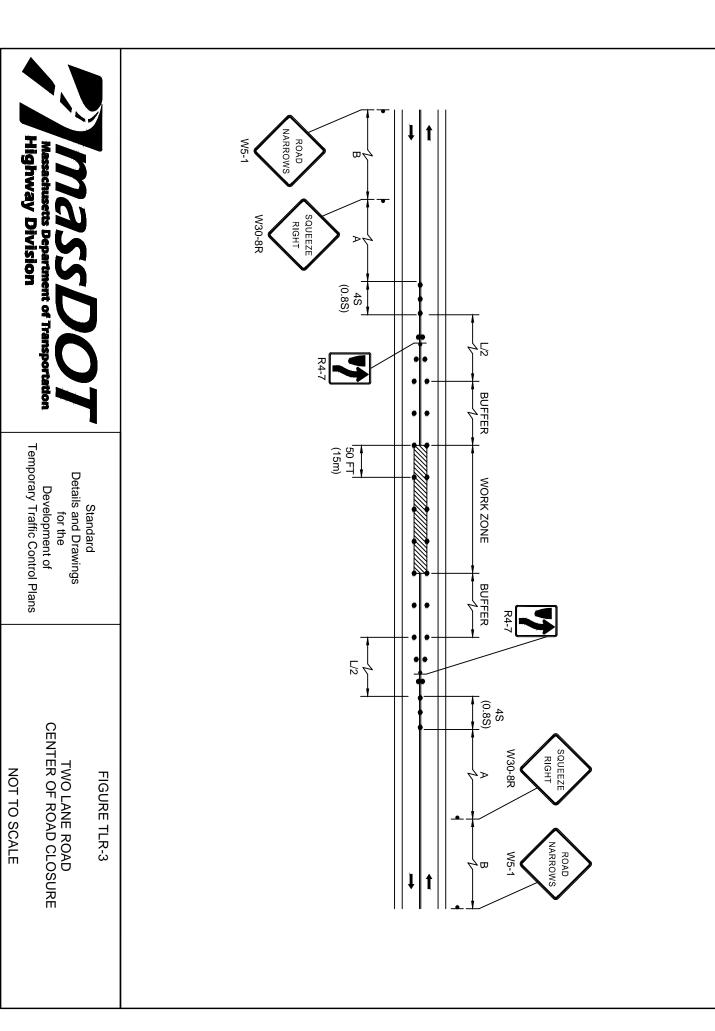


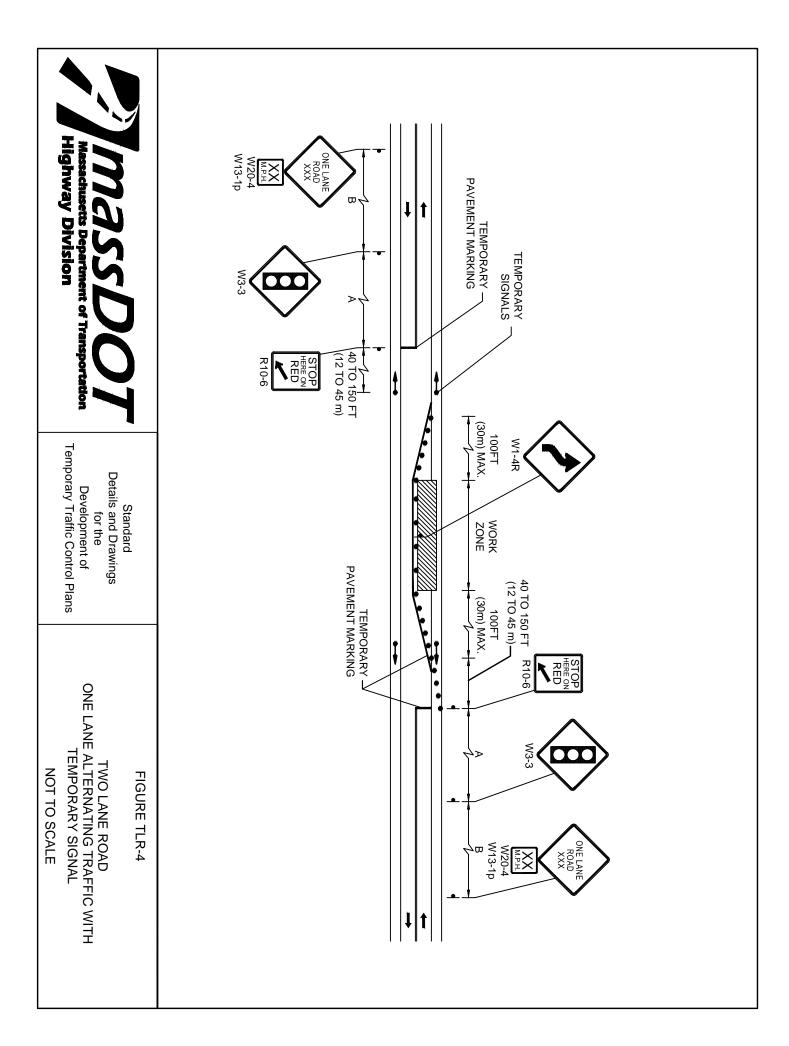


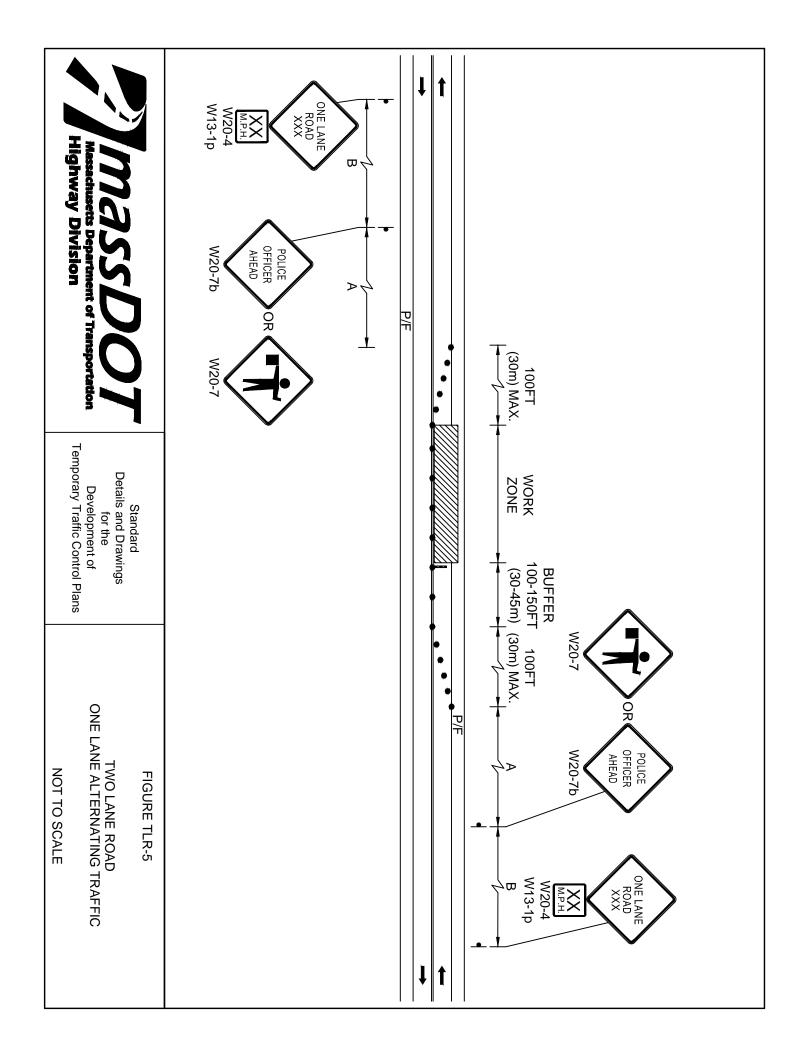
FIGURE INT-7 MULTI-LANE APPROACH NEAR SIDE CLOSURE

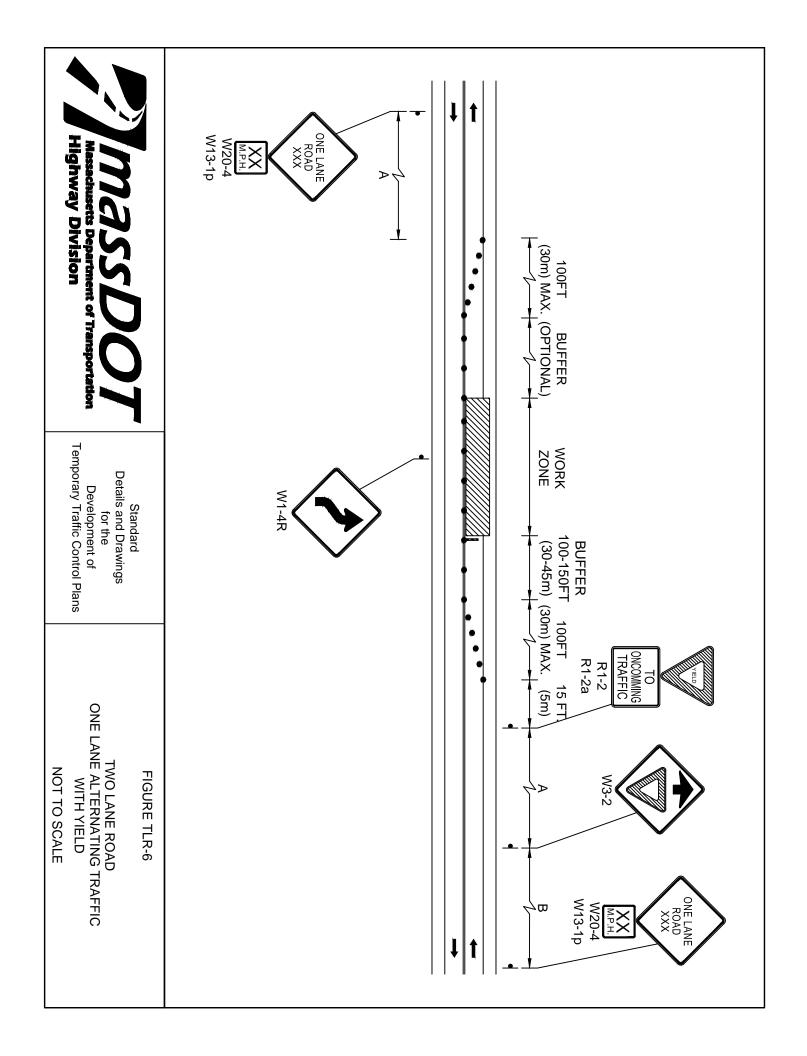


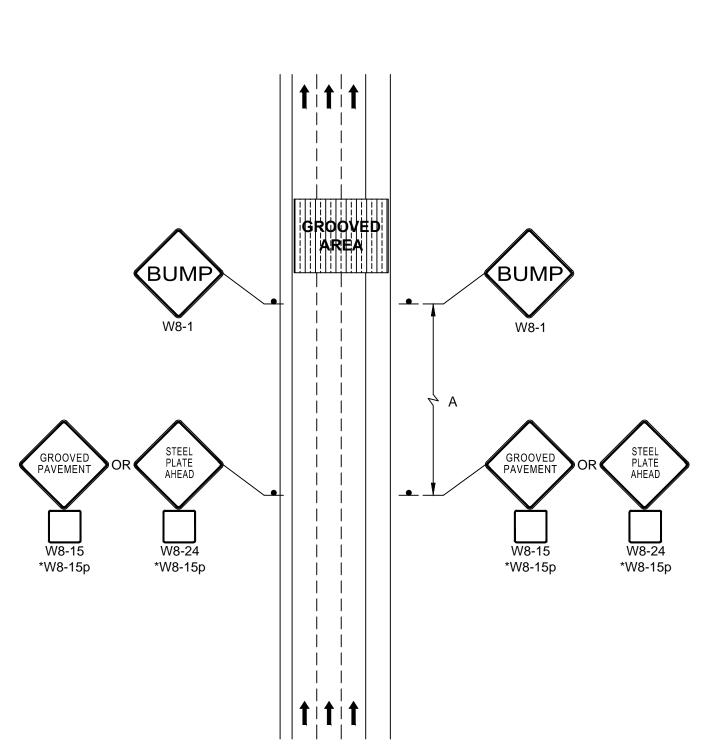












\*FOR SYMBOL SEE MUTCD LATEST EDITION FIGURE 6F-4



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FIGURE DIV-1

DIVIDED HIGHWAY SCARIFIED PAVEMENT / STEEL PLATE NOT TO SCALE

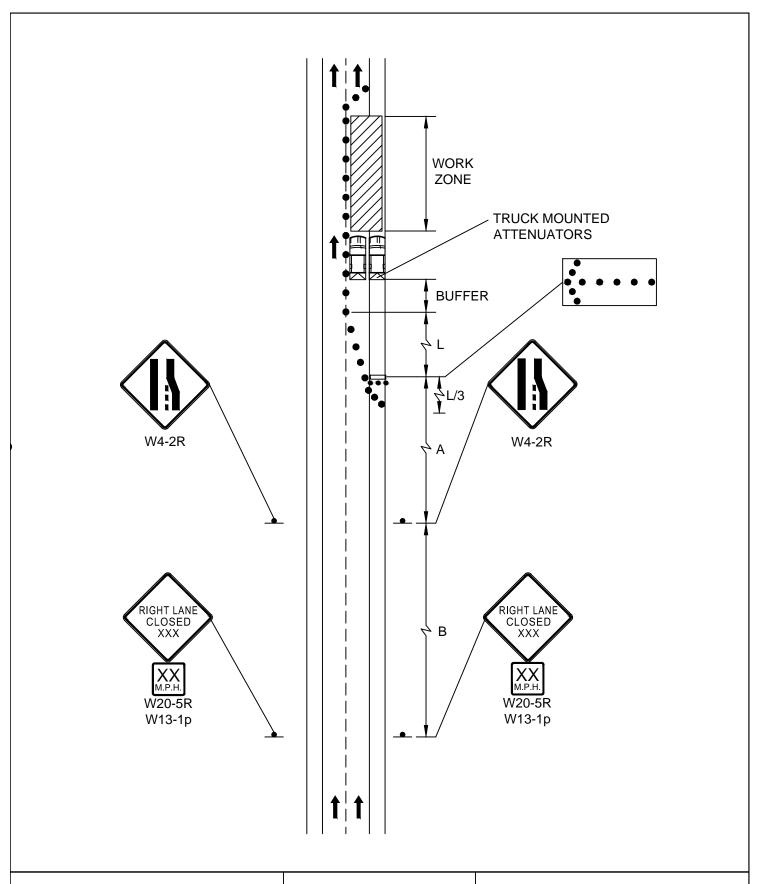




FIGURE DIV-2

DIVIDED HIGHWAY / LANE CLOSURE (SHORT TERM)

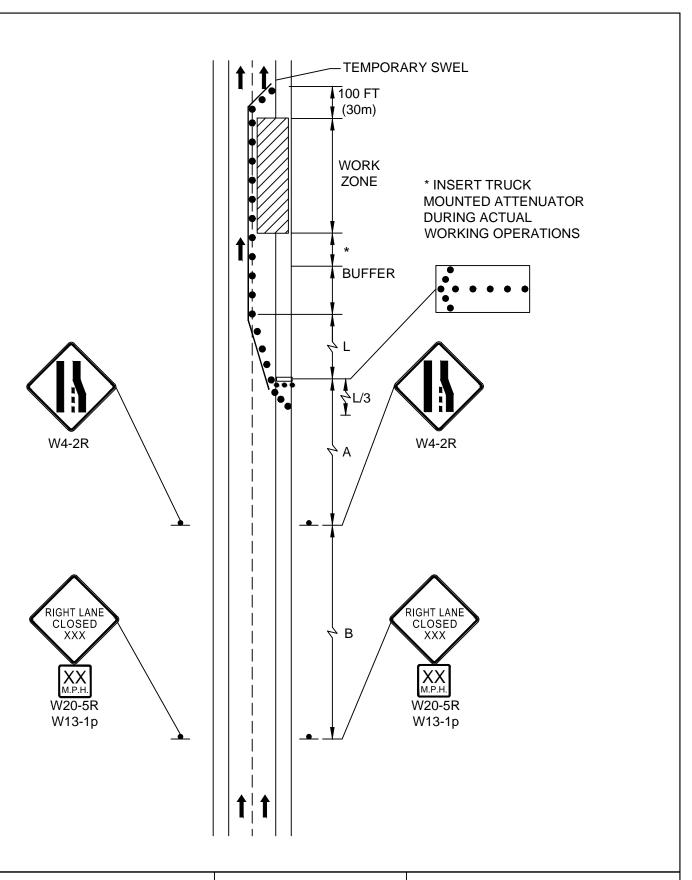




FIGURE DIV-3

DIVIDED HIGHWAY STATIONARY LANE CLOSURE (LONG TERM AND INTERMEDIATE) NOT TO SCALE

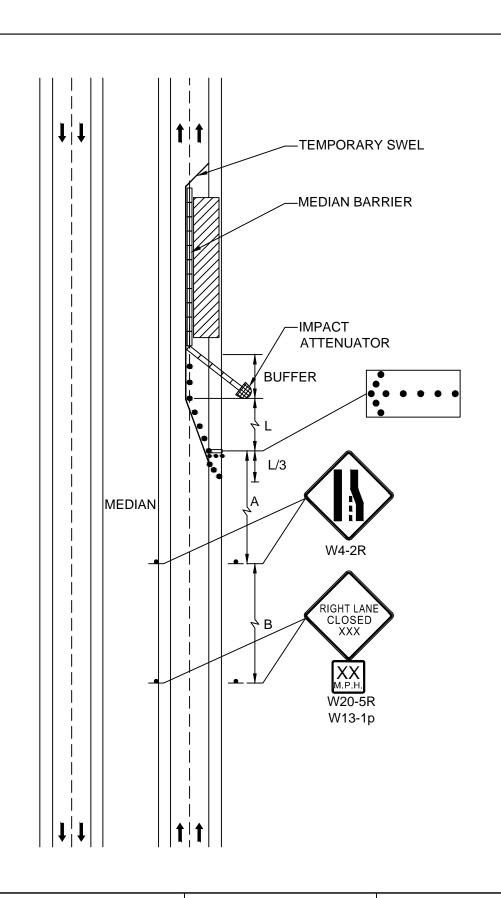




FIGURE DIV-4

DICVIDED HIGHWAY
ONE LANE CLOSED WITH BARRIER

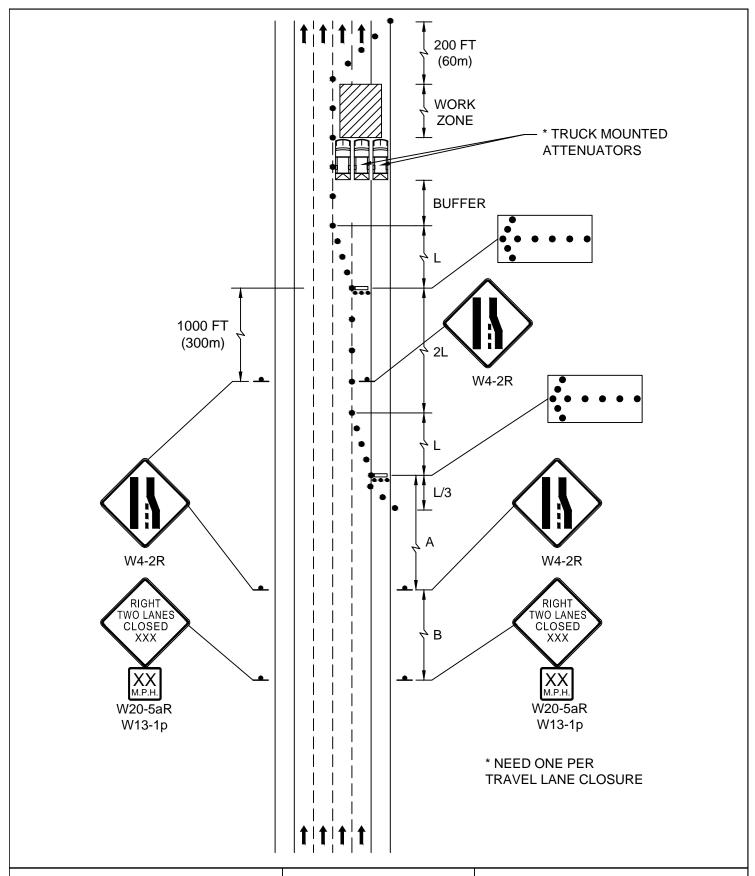




FIGURE DIV-5

DIVIDED HIGHWAY
MULTIPLE LANE CLOSURE

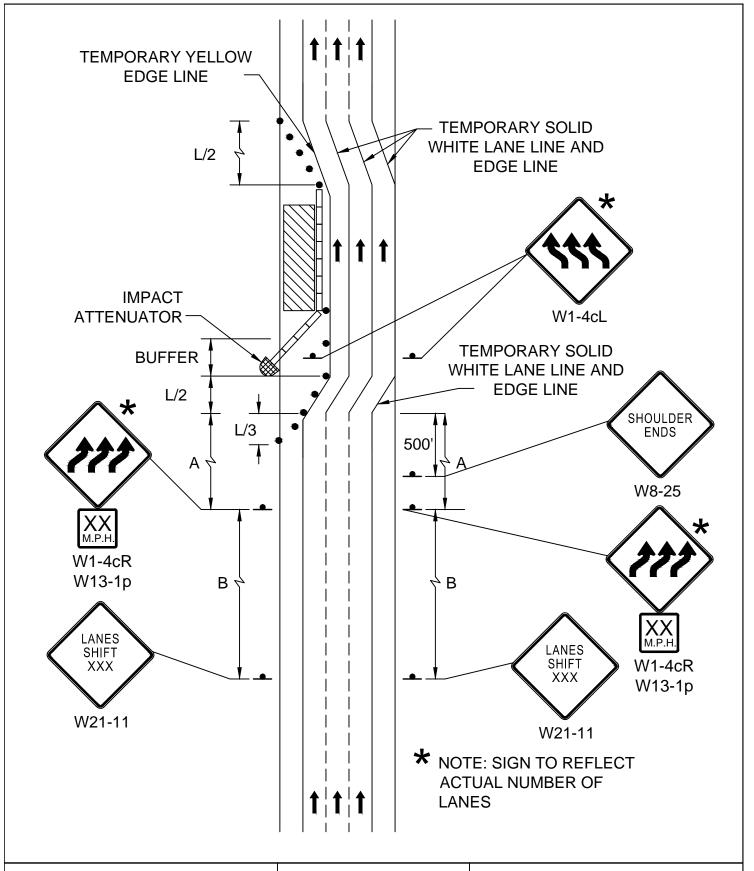




FIGURE DIV-6

DIVIDED HIGHWAY
MULTIPLE LANE SHIFT WITH
BARRIER
NOT TO SCALE

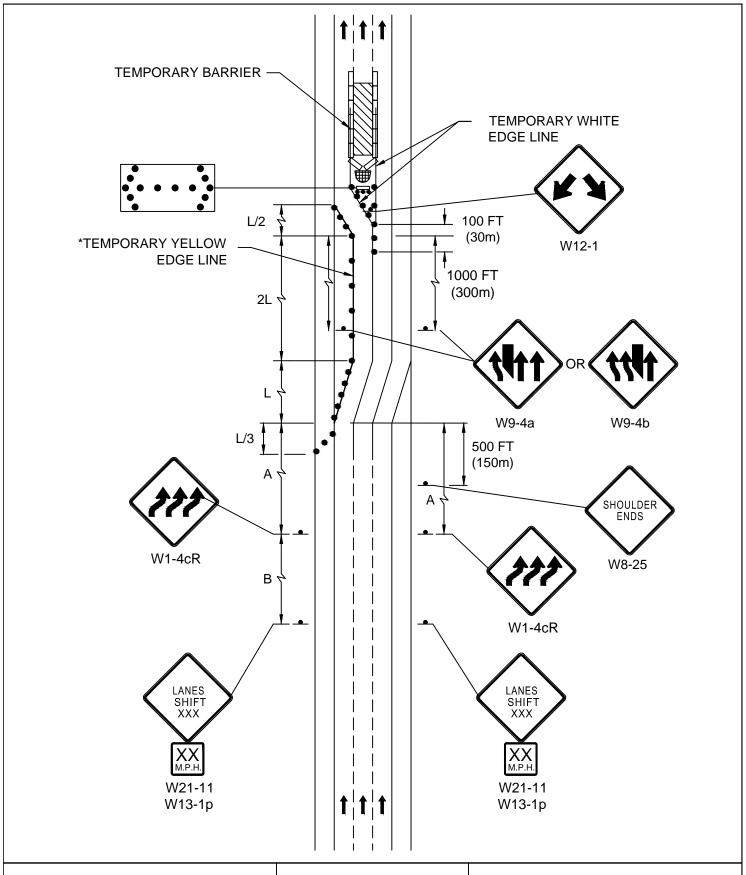
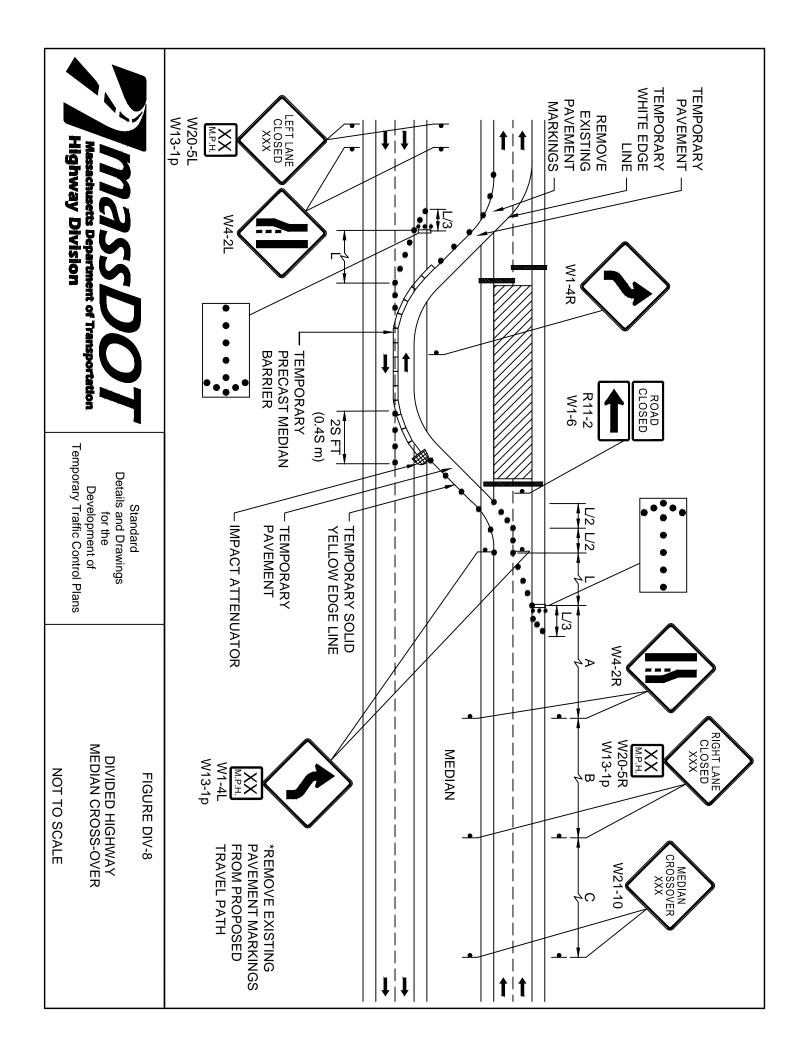
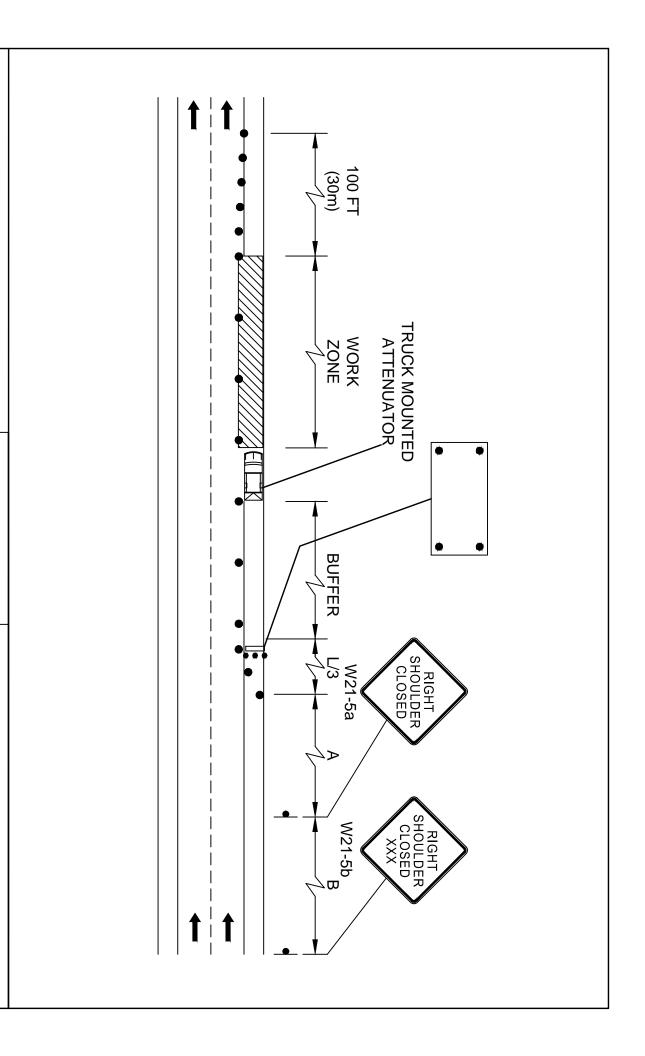




FIGURE DIV-7

DIVIDED HIGHWAY CENTER LANE CLOSURE





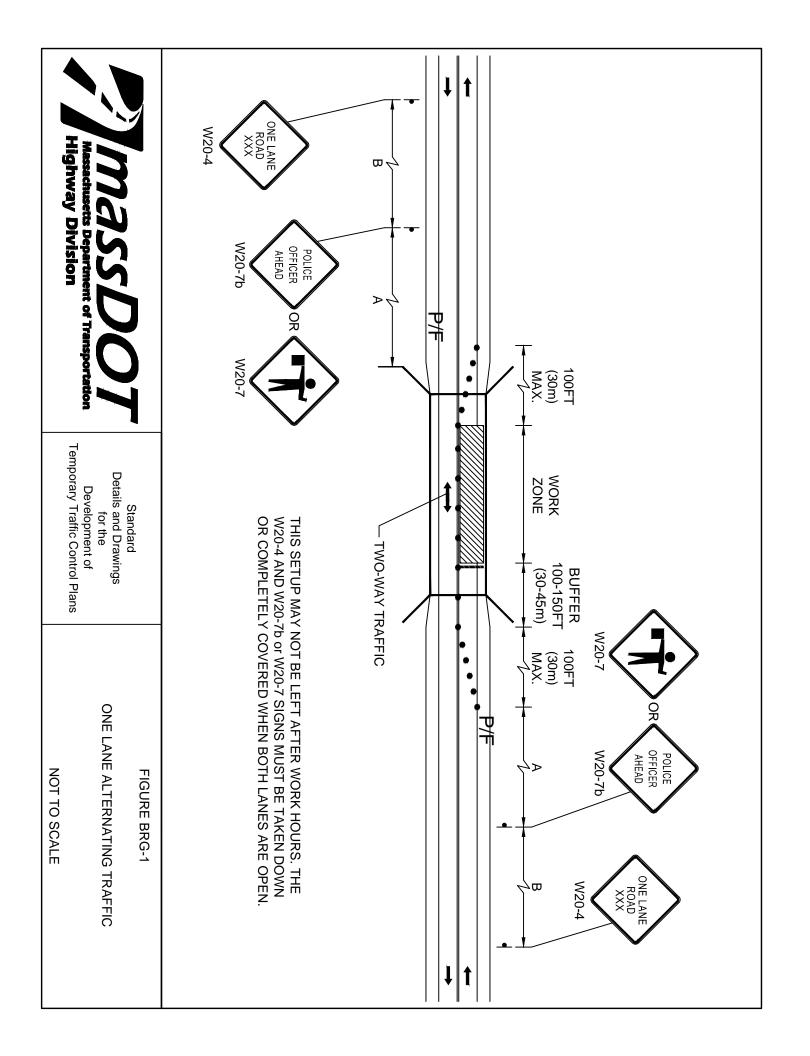
Massachusetts Department of Transportation
Highway Division

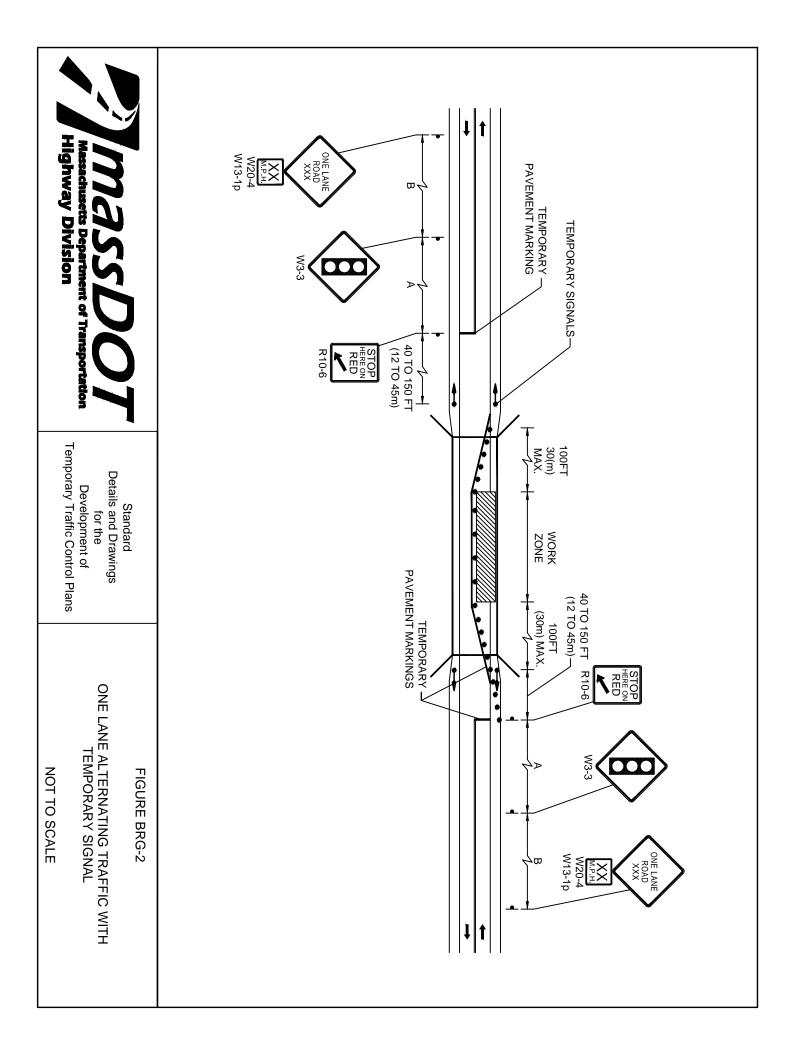
Development of Temporary Traffic Control Plans

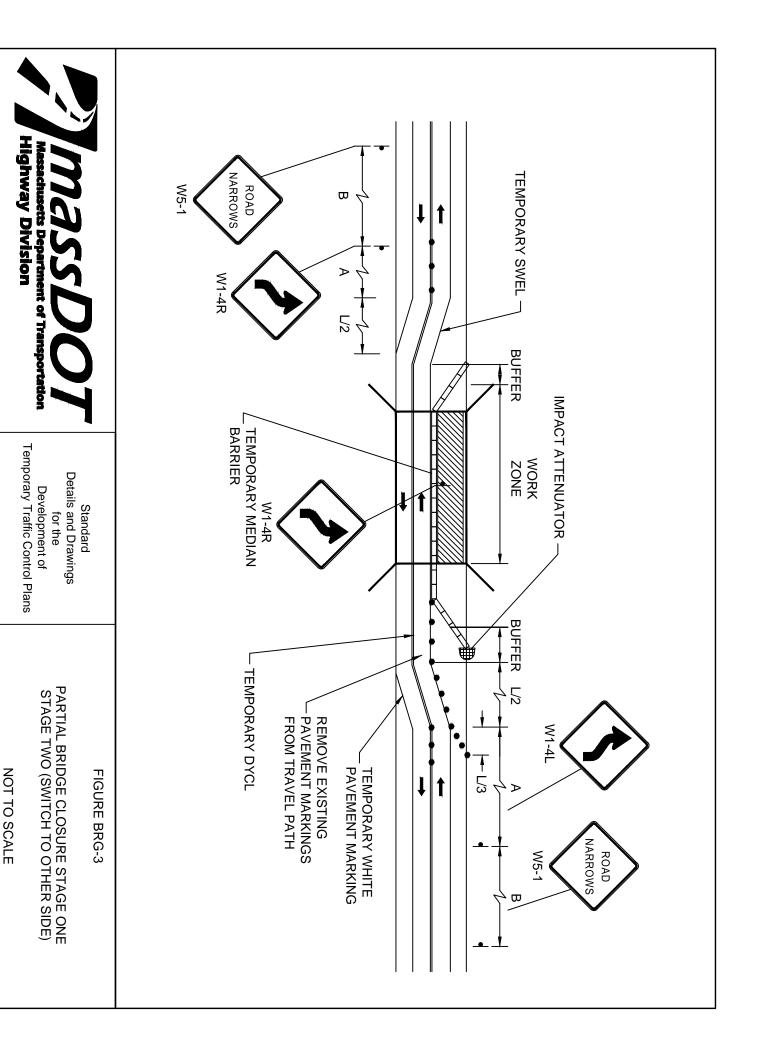
Standard
Details and Drawings
for the

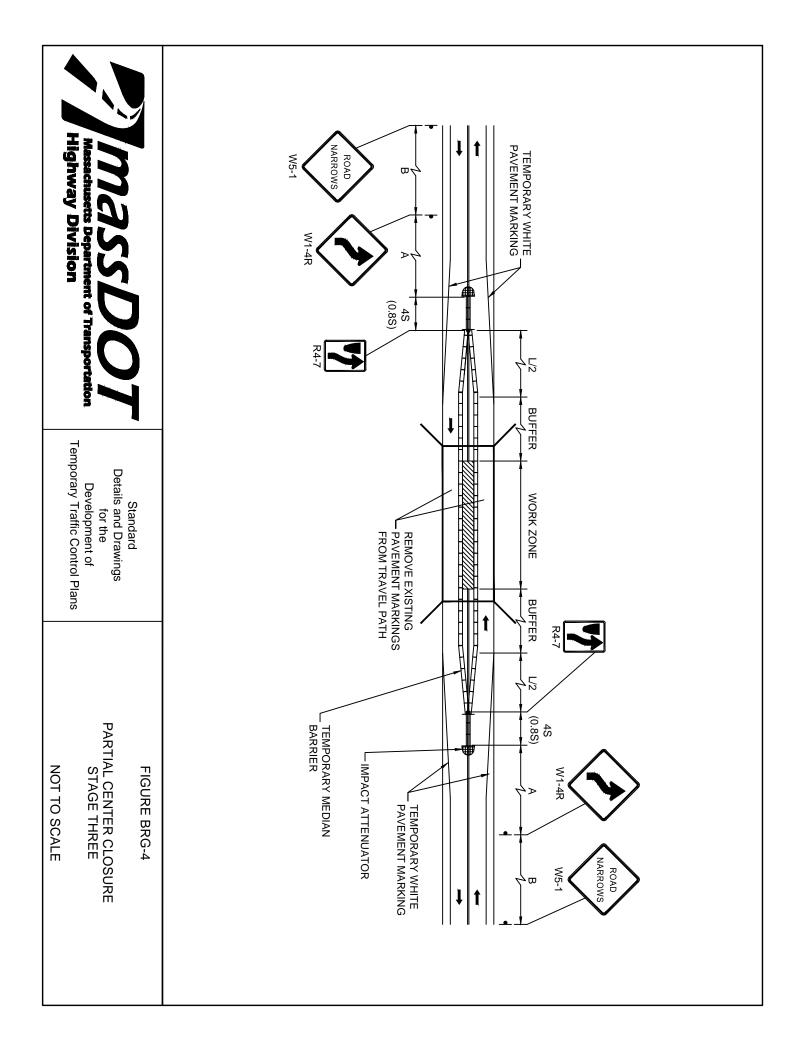
DIVIDED HIGHWAY SHOULDER CLOSED

FIGURE DIV-9









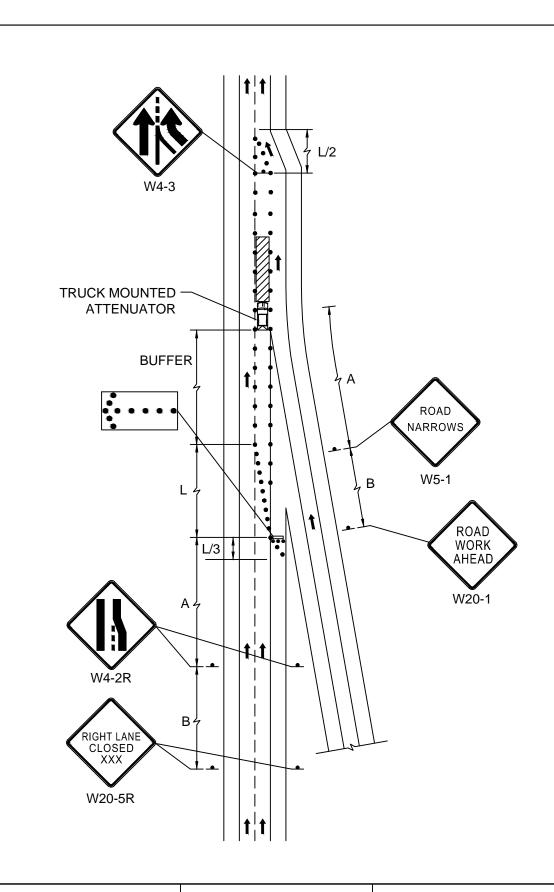




FIGURE R-1

WORK AT ENTRANCE RAMP

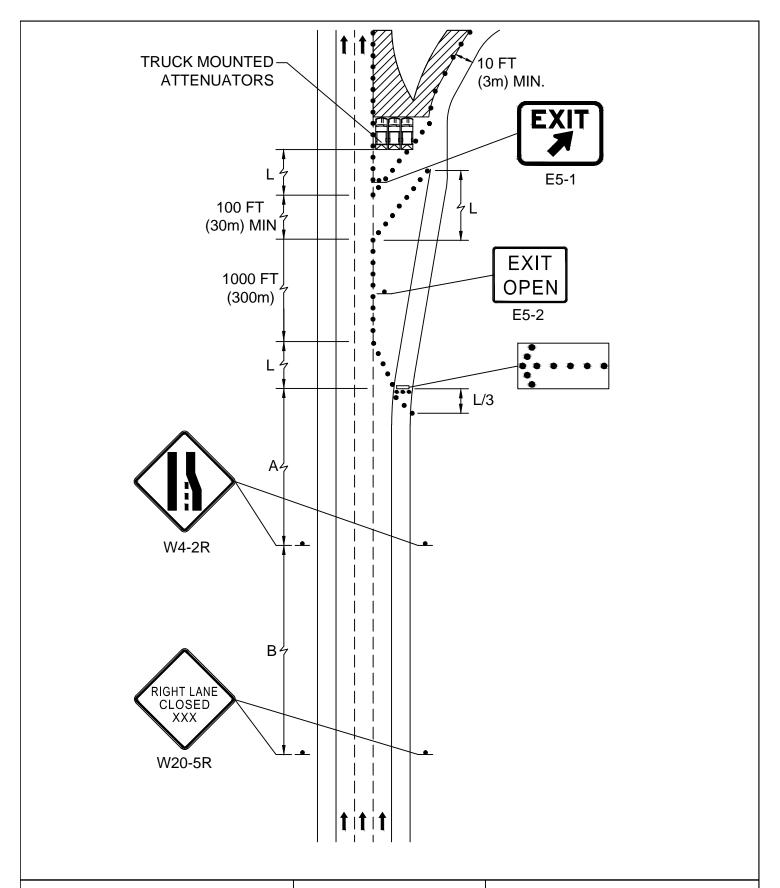




FIGURE R-2

WORK IN VICINITY OF EXIT RAMP

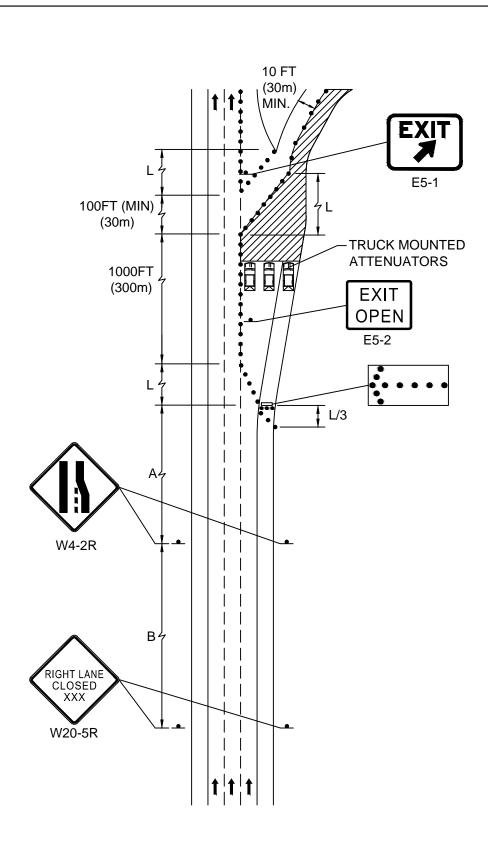




FIGURE R-3

WORK IN VICINITY OF EXIT RAMP

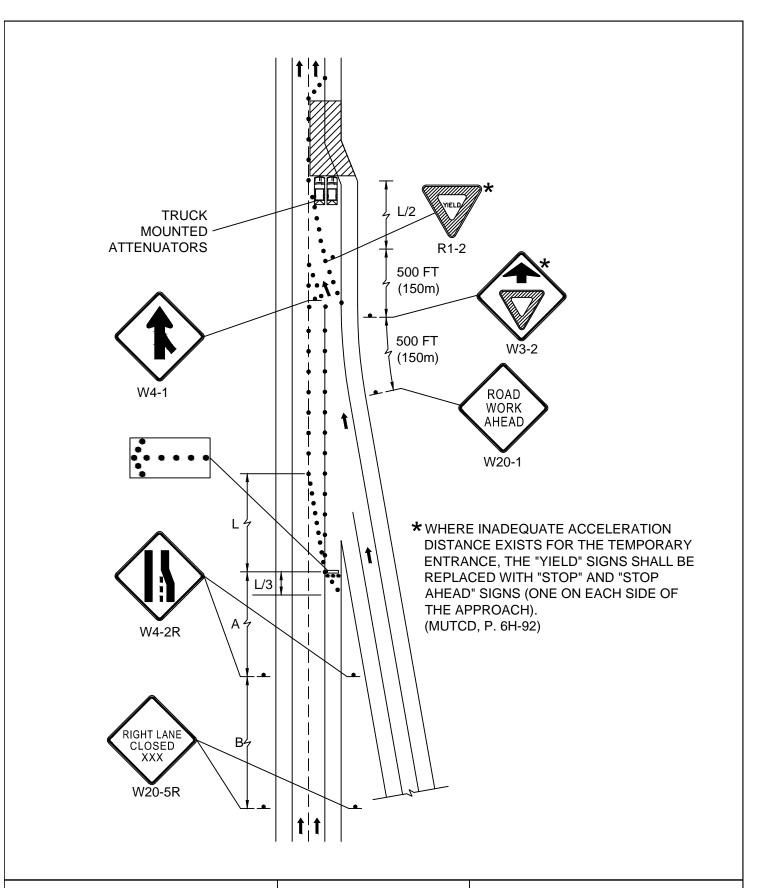




FIGURE R-4

WORK BEYOND ENTRANCE RAMP

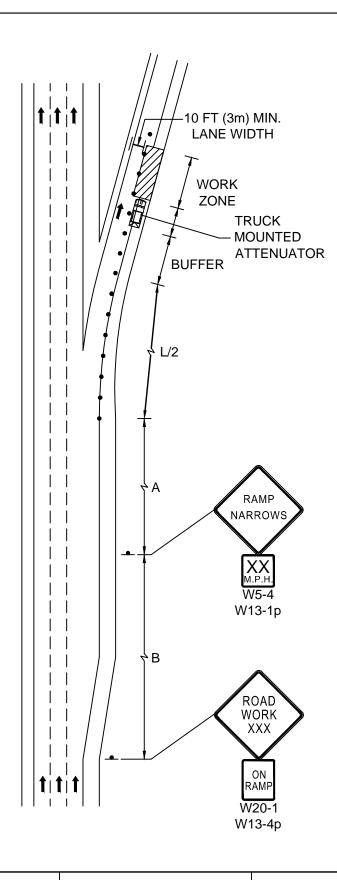




FIGURE R-5

PARTIAL EXIT RAMP CLOSURE

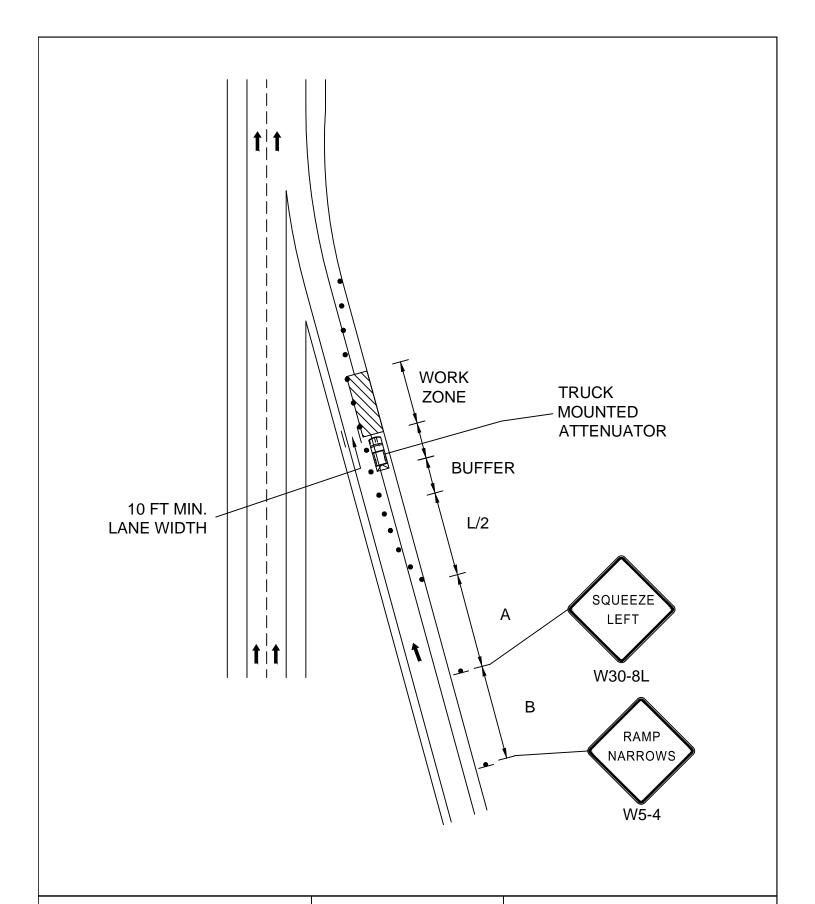




FIGURE R-6

PARTIAL ENTRANCE RAMP CLOSURE

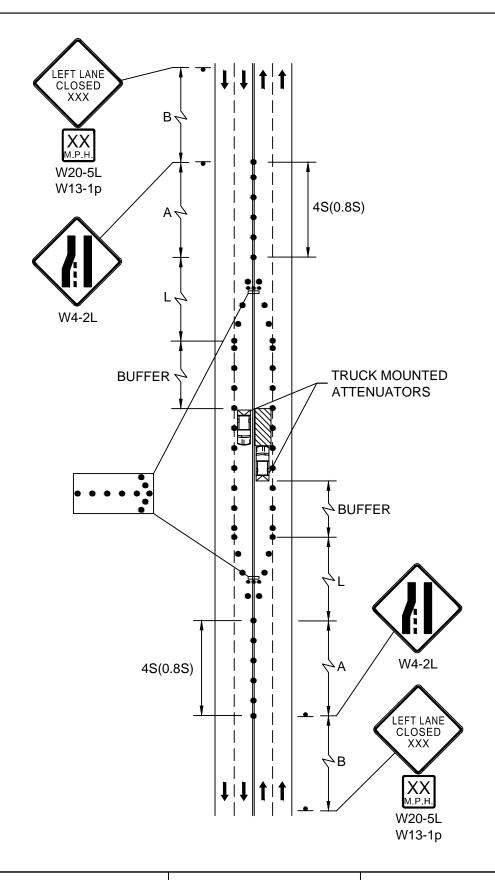




FIGURE MLR-1

MULTIPLE LANE ROAD INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE

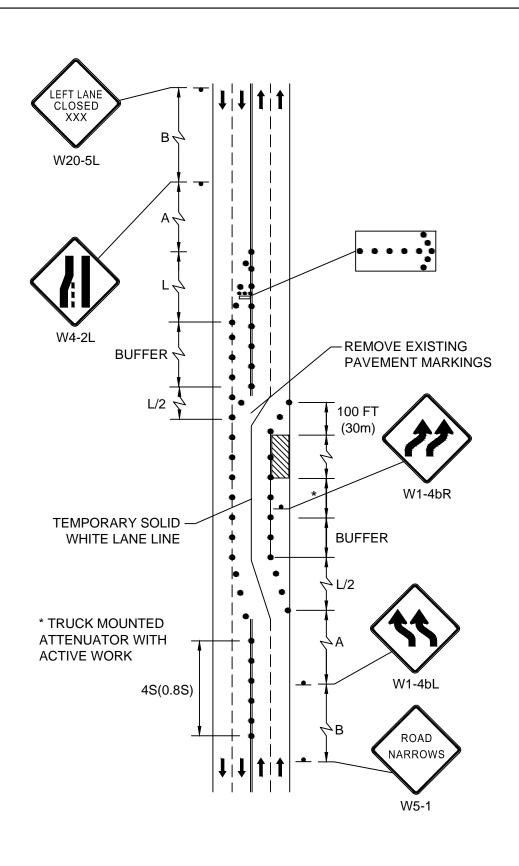




FIGURE MLR-2

MULTIPLE LANE ROAD INTERIOR LANE CLOSURE W/ UNEVEN VOLUMES

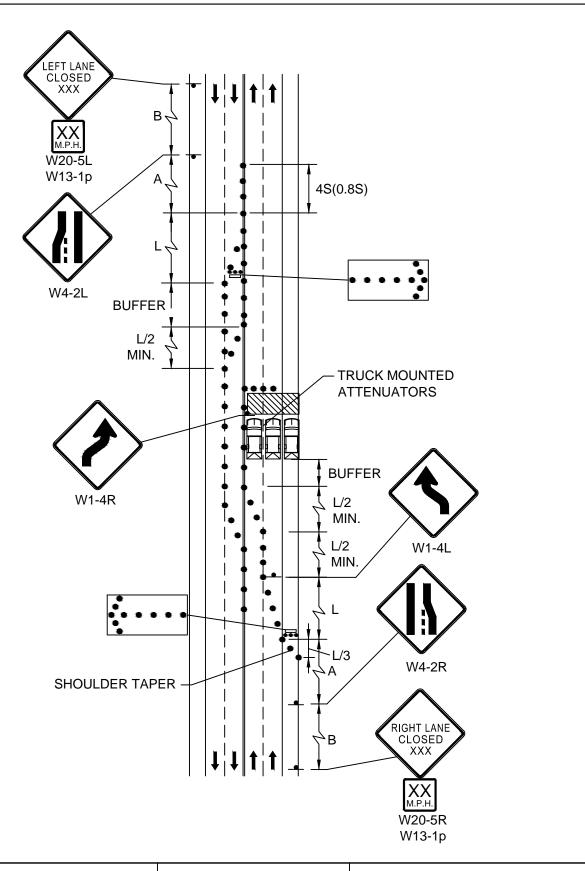
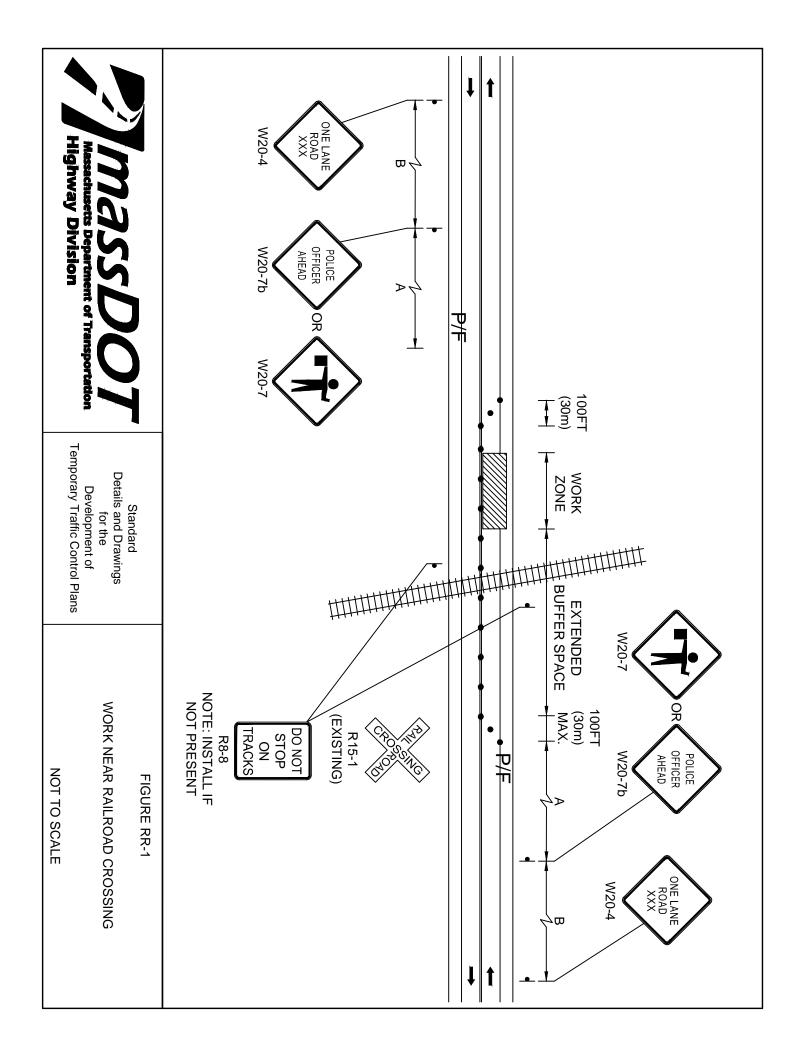




FIGURE MLR-3

MULTIPLE LANE ROAD HALF ROAD CLOSURE



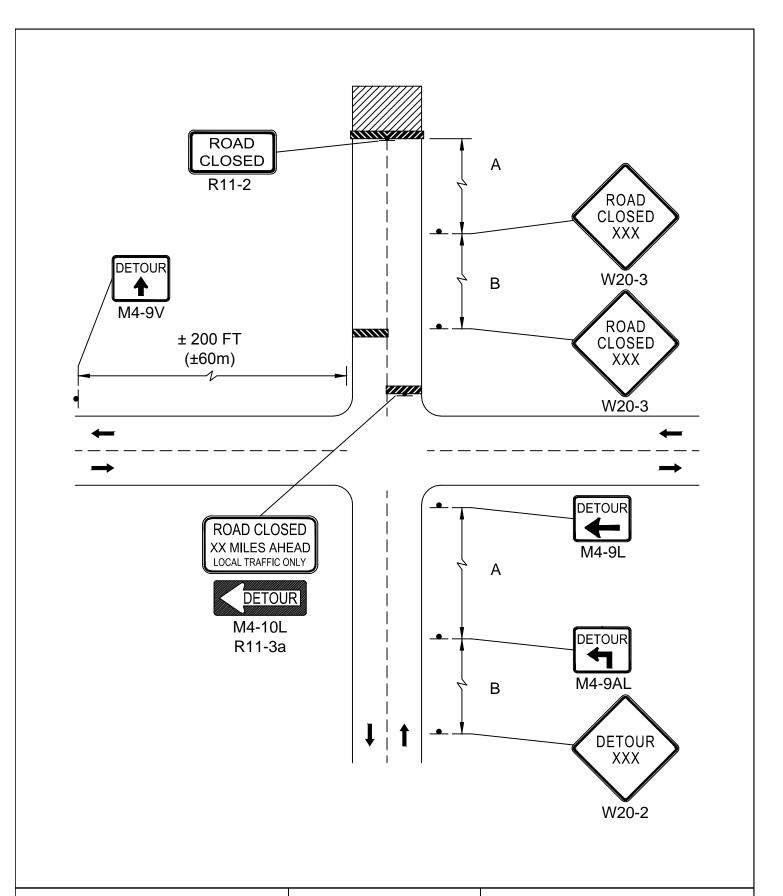




FIGURE D-1

DETOUR ADVANCE SIGNING

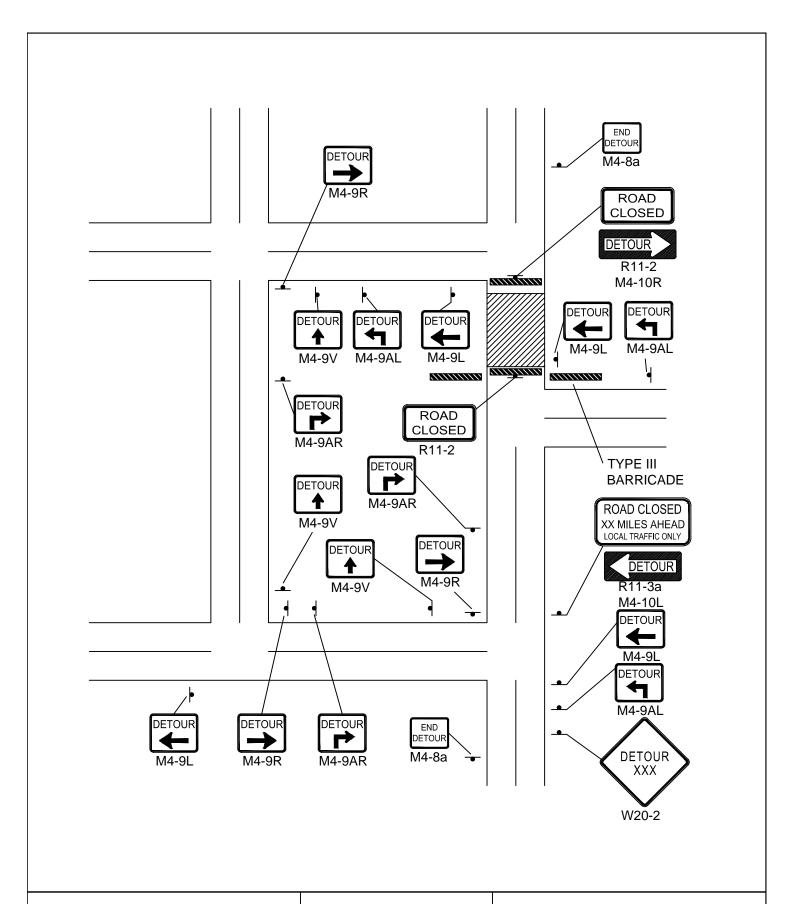




FIGURE D-2

**DETOUR** 

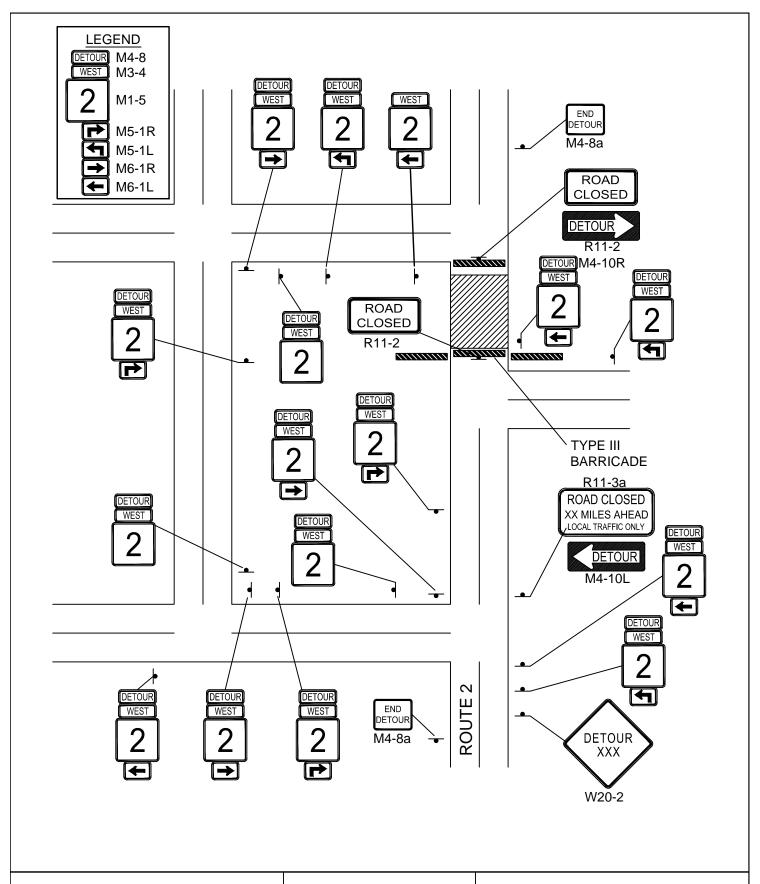




FIGURE D-3

**ROUTE WITH DETOUR**