MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH Office Of Emergency Medical Services 67 Forest Street, Marlborough, MA 01752 Statewide Trauma Field Triage Criteria and Point of Entry Plan for Adult and Pediatric Patients

In all trauma cases with prolonged transport times, consider activating the appropriate air ambulance service. For patients being transported by air ambulance, transport to a level 1 trauma center with helipad facilities.

RED CRITERIA

High Risk for Serious Injury

Injury Patterns

- Penetrating injuries to head, neck, torso, and proximal extremities
- · Skull deformity, suspected skull fracture
- · Suspected spinal injury with new motor or sensory loss
- Chest wall instability, deformity, or suspected flail chest
- · Suspected pelvic fracture
- Suspected fracture of two or more proximal long bones
- Crushed, degloved, mangled, or pulseless extremity
- Amputation proximal to wrist or ankle
- Active bleeding requiring a tourniquet or wound packing with continuous pressure

Mental Status & Vital Signs

All Patients

- Unable to follow commands (motor GCS < 6)
- RR < 10 or > 29 breaths/min
- Respiratory distress or need for respiratory support
- Room-air pulse oximetry < 90%

Age 0-9 years

• SBP < 70mm Hg+ (2 x age years)

Age 10-64 years

- SBP < 90 mmHg or
- HR > SBP

Age 65 years

- SBP < 110 mmHg or
- HR> SBP

Patients meeting any one of the above RED criteria should be transported to the highest-level trauma center available within the geographic constraints of the regional trauma system

YELLOW CRITERIA

Moderate Risk for Serious Injury

Mechanism of Injury

- · High-Risk Auto Crash
 - Partial or complete ejection
 - Significant intrusion (including roof)
 - •>12 inches occupant site OR
 - >18 inches any site OR
 - Need for extrication for entrapped patient
 - Death in passenger compartment
 - Child (Age 0-9) unrestrained or in unsecured child safety seat
 - Vehicle telemetry data consistent with severe injury
- · Rider separated from transport vehicle with
- significant impact (eg, motorcycle, ATV, horse, etc.) • Pedestrian/bicycle rider thrown, run over, or with
- Pedestrian/bicycle rider thrown, run over, or with significant impact
- Fall from height> 10 feet (all ages)

Special Considerations

Consider risk factors, including:

- Low-level falls in young children (age ≤ 5 years) or older adults (age ≥ 65 years) with significant head impact
- · Anticoagulant use
- · Suspicion of child abuse
- · Special, high-resource healthcare needs
- Pregnancy > 20 weeks
- · Burns in conjunction with trauma
- Children should be triaged preferentially to pediatric capable centers

Consider transport to a Trauma Center or specific resource hospital. Consider consulting Medical Control for destination assistance.

Patients meeting any one of the YELLOW CRITERIA WHO DO NOT MEET RED CRITERIA should be preferentially transported to a trauma center or a pediatric trauma center in accordance with the DPH-approved Regional Point of Entry Plan (need not be the highest-level trauma center).

** MDPH-designated, or ACS verified if out of state.

Date updated: 9/9/2024