

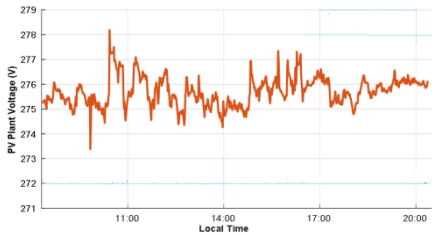
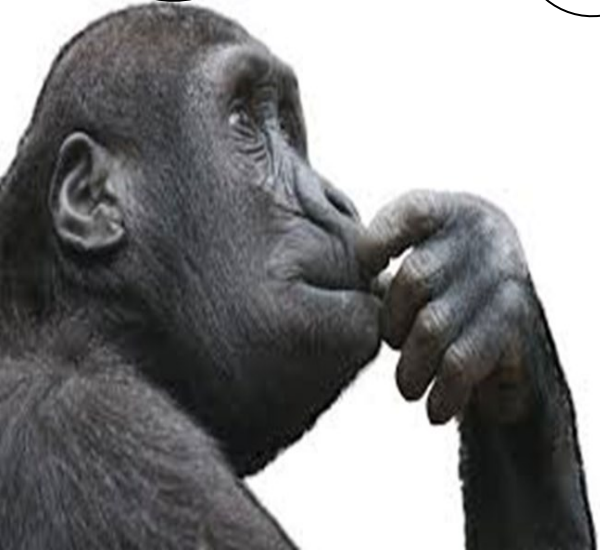
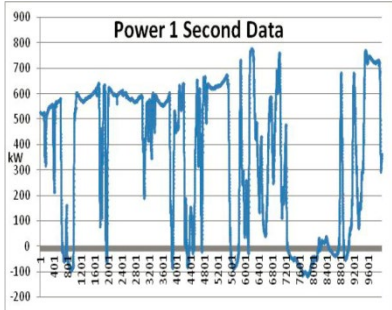


## MA-TSRG National Grid Advanced PV Facilities Update

**Samer Arafa**  
**06.13.2019**



# The Problem of Solar



# Are Doing Enough Today?

nationalgrid



**Goal:** Reduce customer interconnection cost and time. Move from interconnecting DER to integrating it.



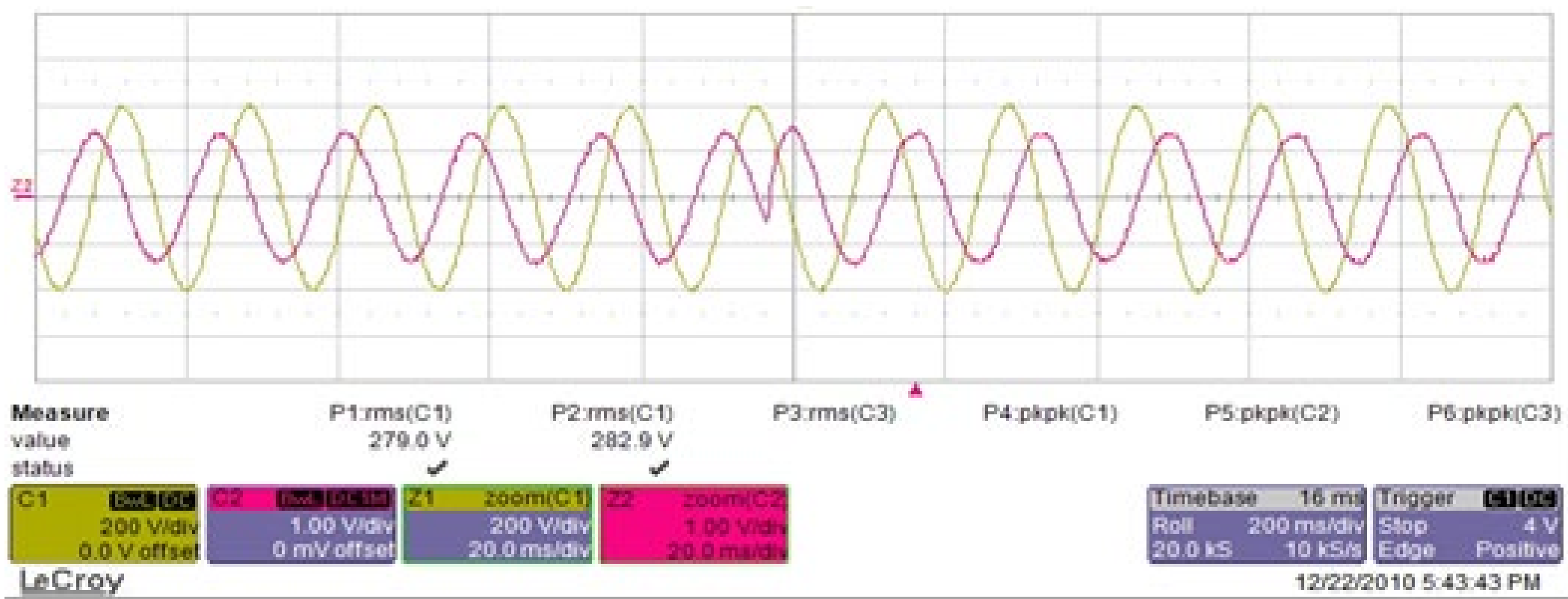
# Promising Technologies We are Exploring

Key Areas of Research in the program	Partner	Share updates
Increasing Hosting Capacity-Interim Report	EPRI	Offered Q2, 2018
DC Arc flash study	EPRI	Offered Q3, 2018
Increasing Hosting Capacity-Smart Inverters	EPRI	Q2, 2019
Azimuth Shifting	EIG	Q3, 2019
Distribution Resource Open Management Optimization System (DROMOS)	Sandia	Q4, 2019
PV +Storage+ Load Management systems	Fraunhofer	Q1, 2020
Cost/Benefit Analysis of Smart Inverters	EPRI	Q2, 2020
Risk of Islanding of Smart Inverters	NPPT	Q3, 2020
Grid Edge DTT	Grid Edge	Q4, 2020



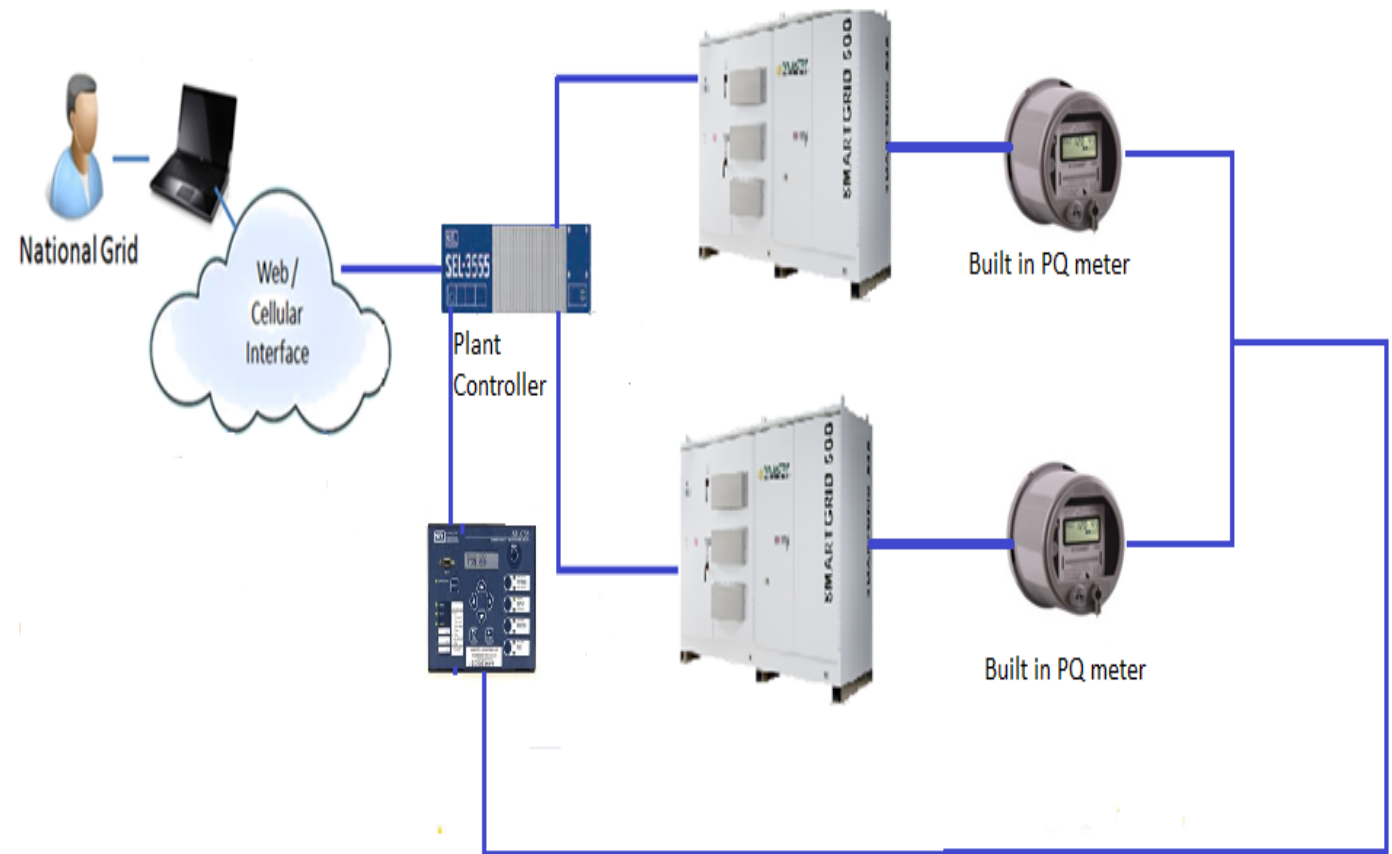
# Why Advanced Inverters?

- Inverters can change the run angle of their Current, within one cycle → Inverters can generate or absorb VARs when needed → Inverters can be used to regulate voltage.



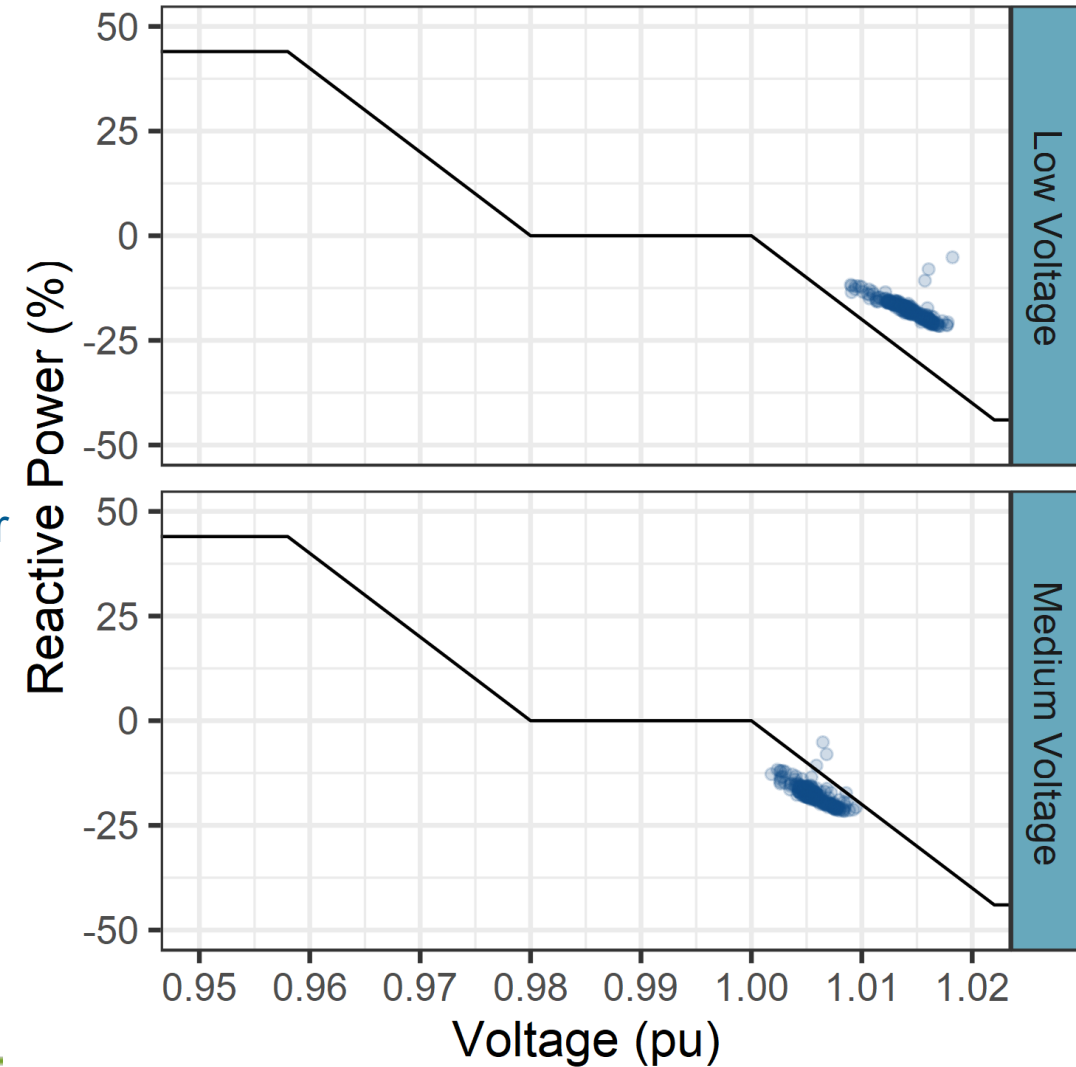
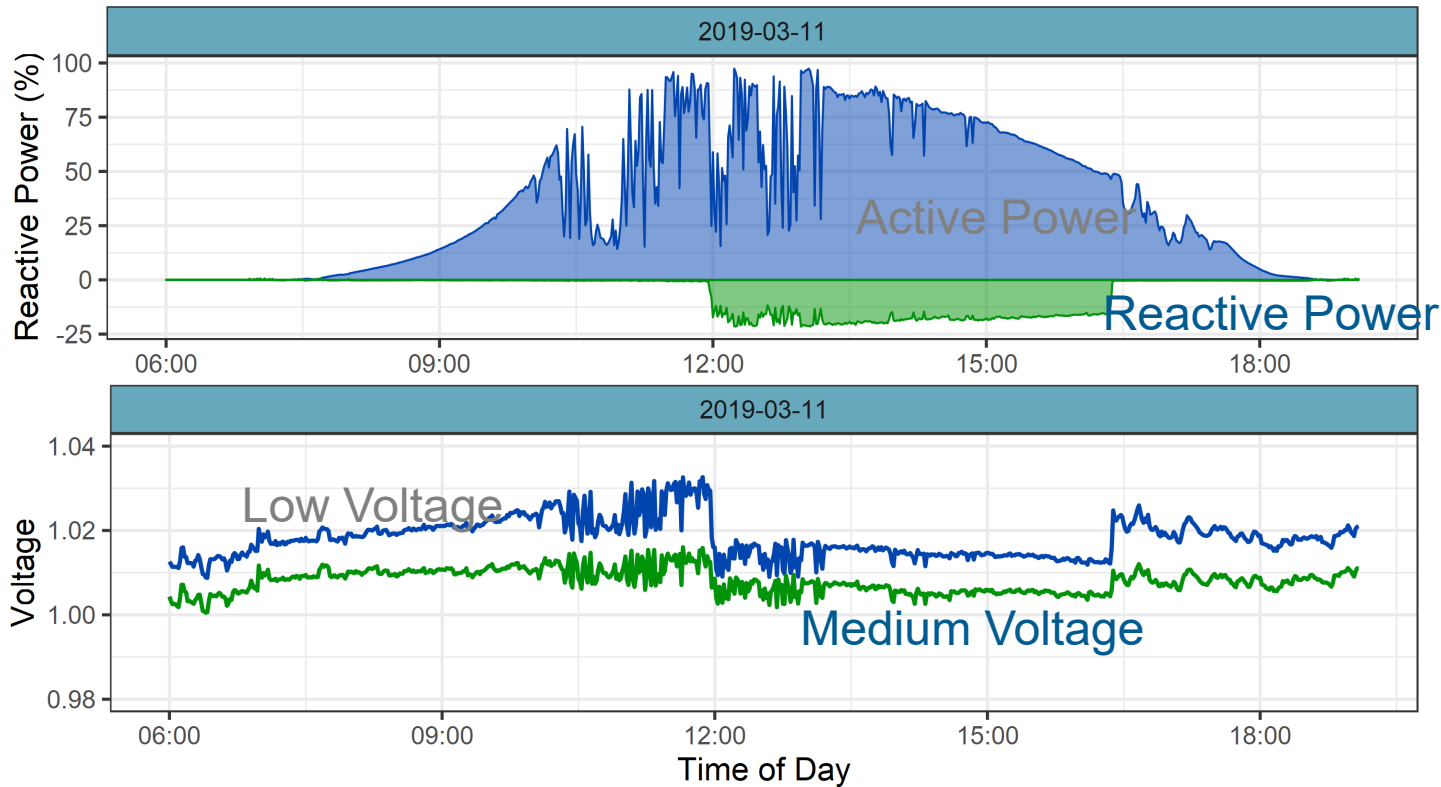
- Plant Controllers/ Management systems will continuously measure System PQ conditions and translate them into commands.

- Plant Controllers will continuously update commands based on real time challenges and inverters actual response.

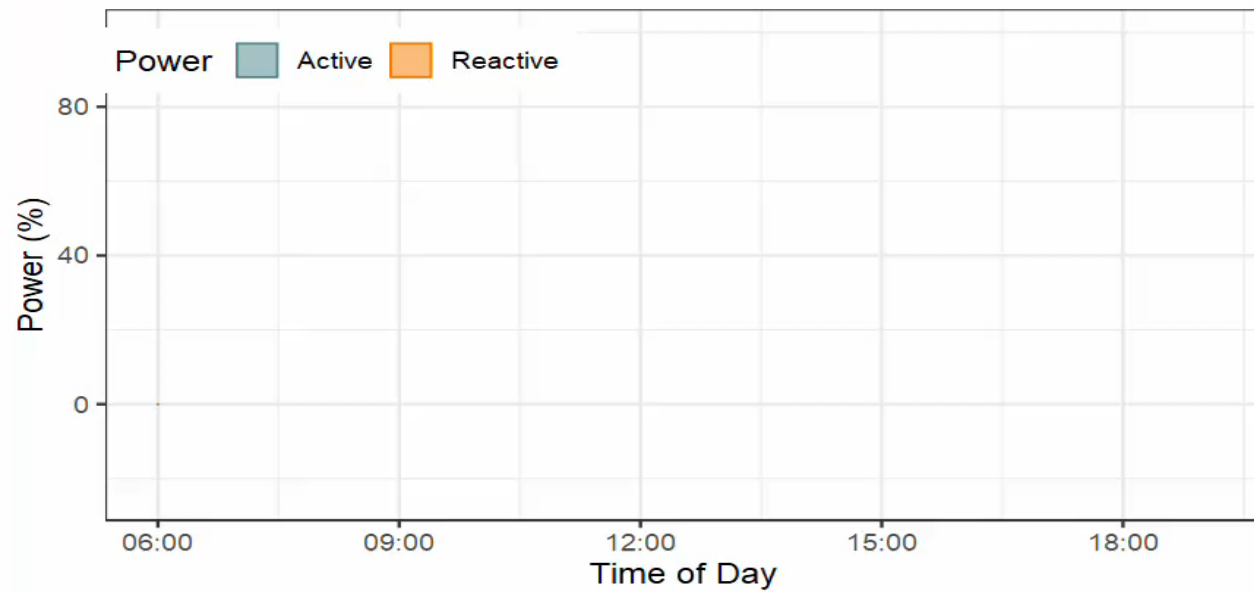
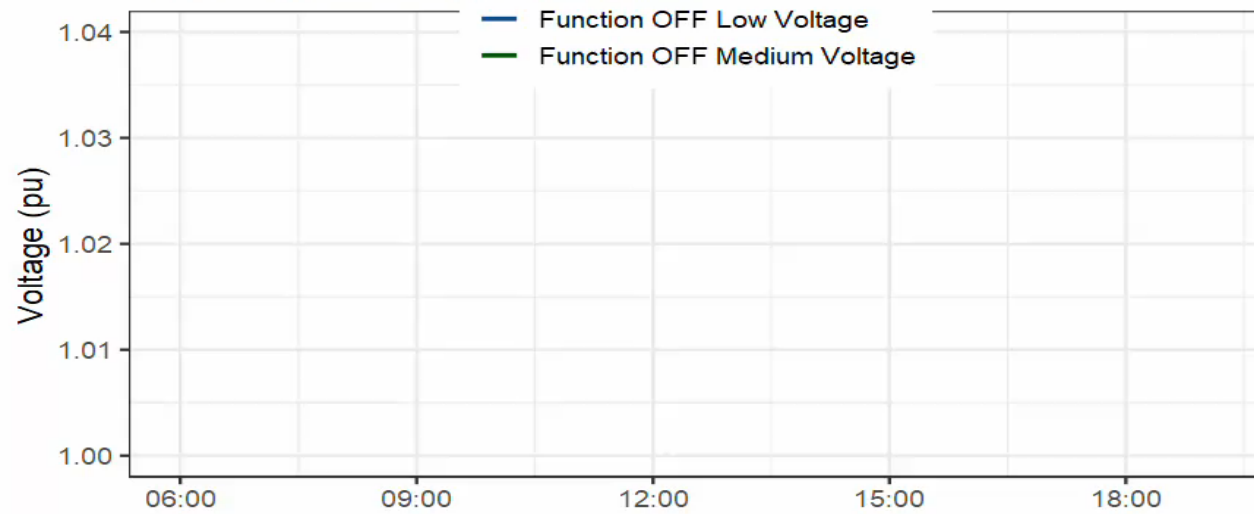


# 2MW Kelly Rd PV Site

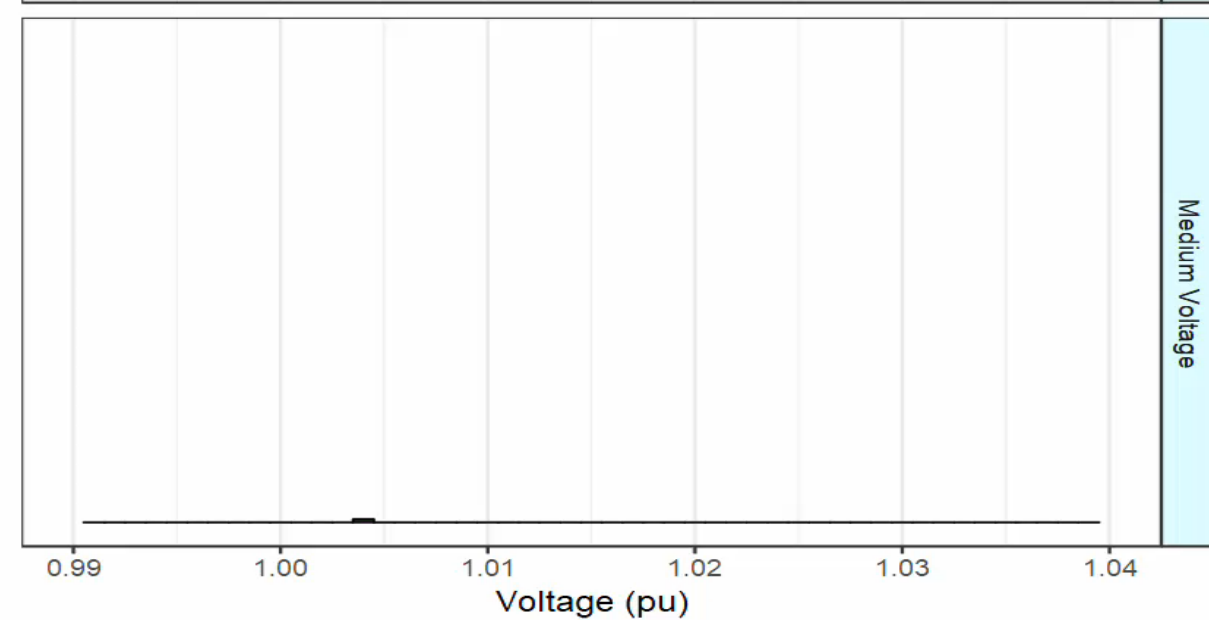
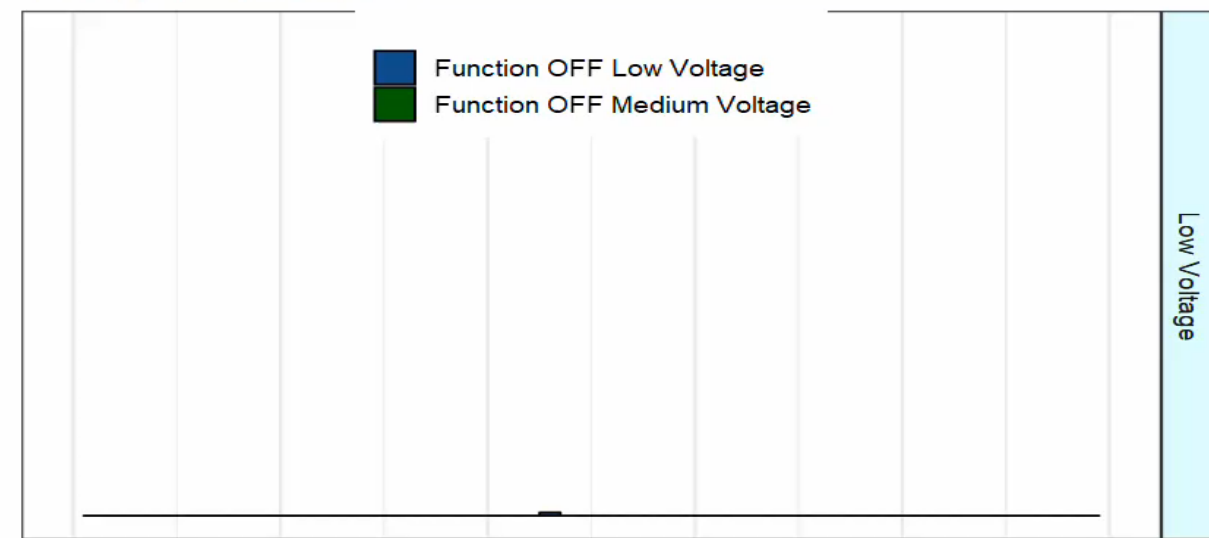
- VAR Support reduces voltage and reduces voltage variability



### Time-series voltage and power



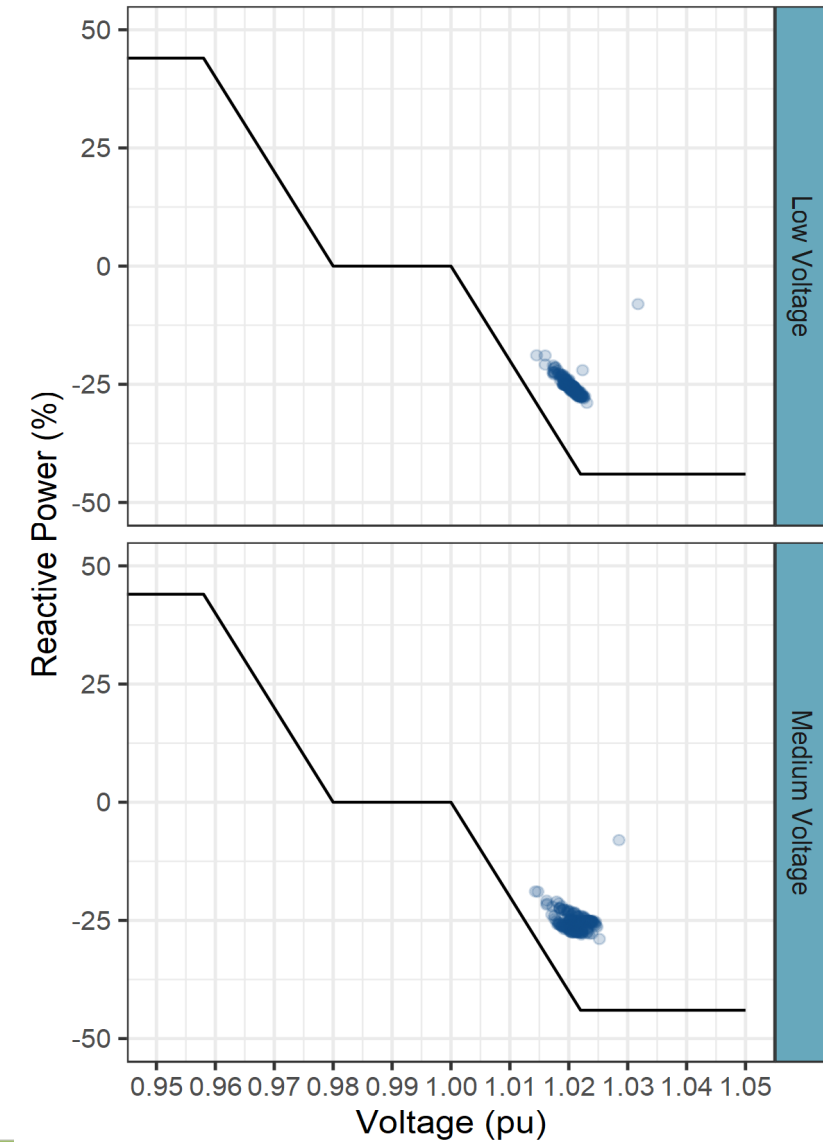
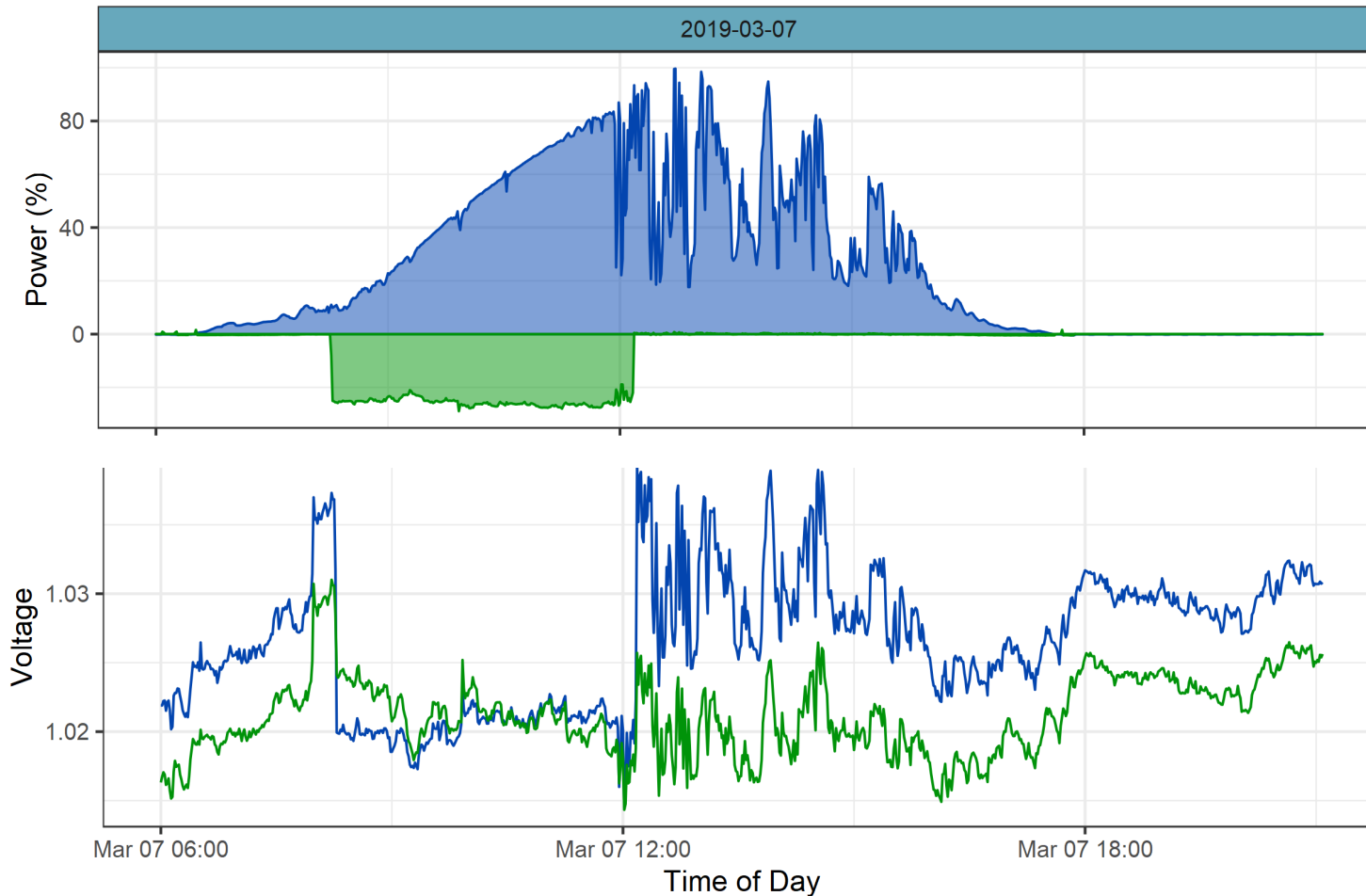
### Voltage Distribution





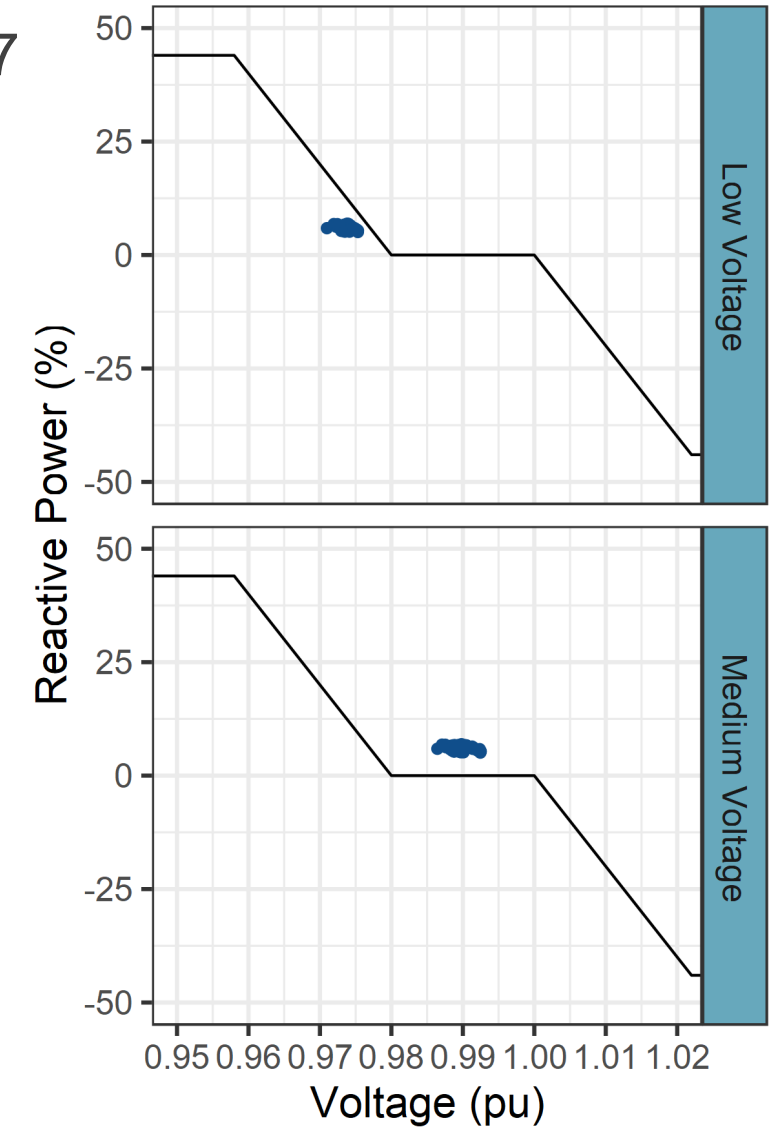
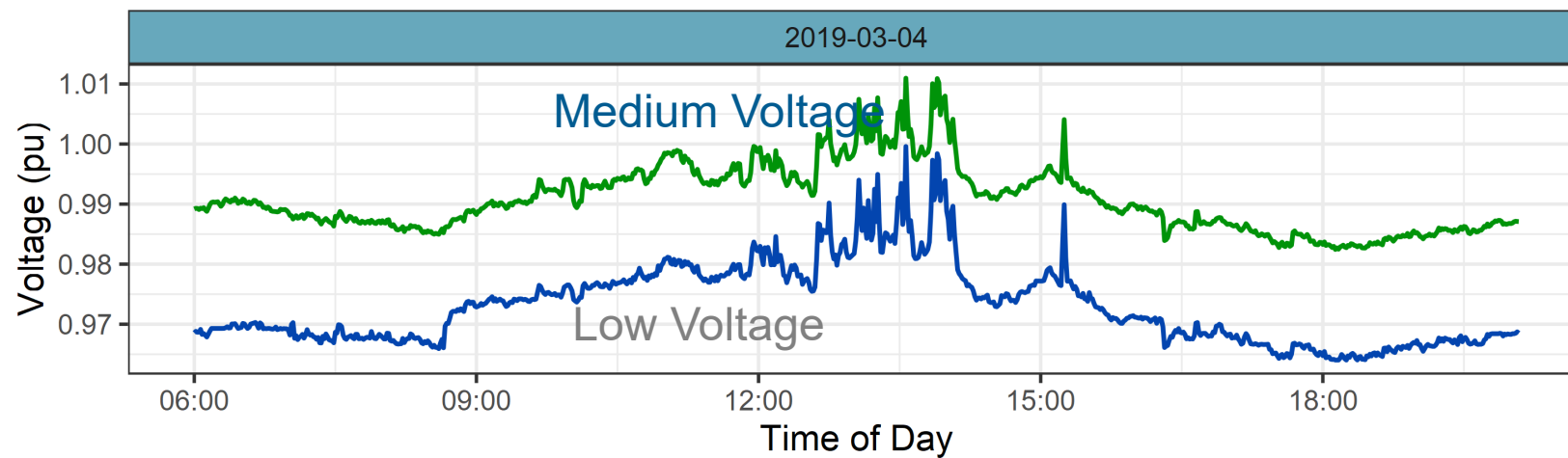
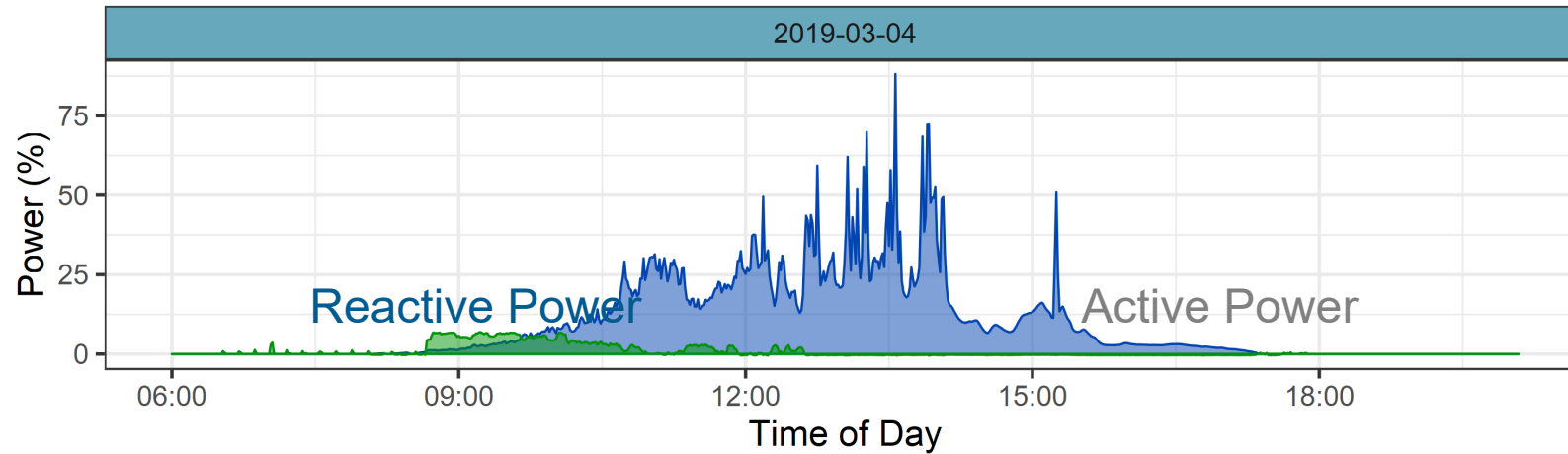
# 1MW Groton Rd site

- Var support reduces voltage and reduces voltage variability



# Setting the Feeder to Fixed PF- Blossom Rd 2MW

- Neighboring sites are operating in a fixed PF absorbing PF 0.97
- This results in voltage that is sub-optimal.



Wide adoption of Smart Inverters largest challenge is the lack of available models that allow system planners to predict Inverters fault and islanding behaviors.

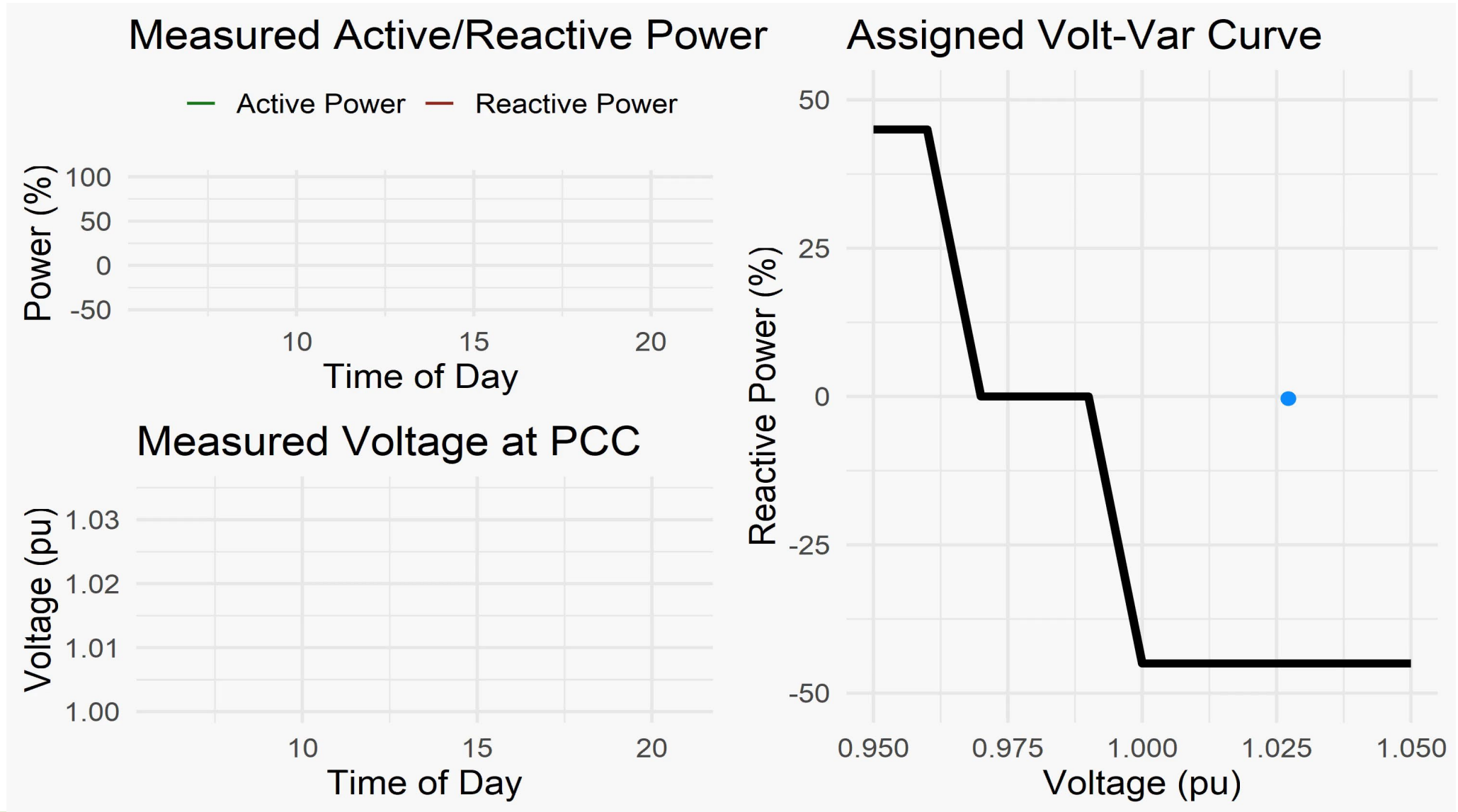
Smart Inverters are only part of the solution, a more complete solution requires addressing the following:

- System needs change overtime, grid support settings that work for winter seasons may not work the following spring.
- Communications maybe needed to solve system Thermal issues.
- Storage and Load Management are also part of the solution.
- Inverters internal PQ metering may not be sufficient.

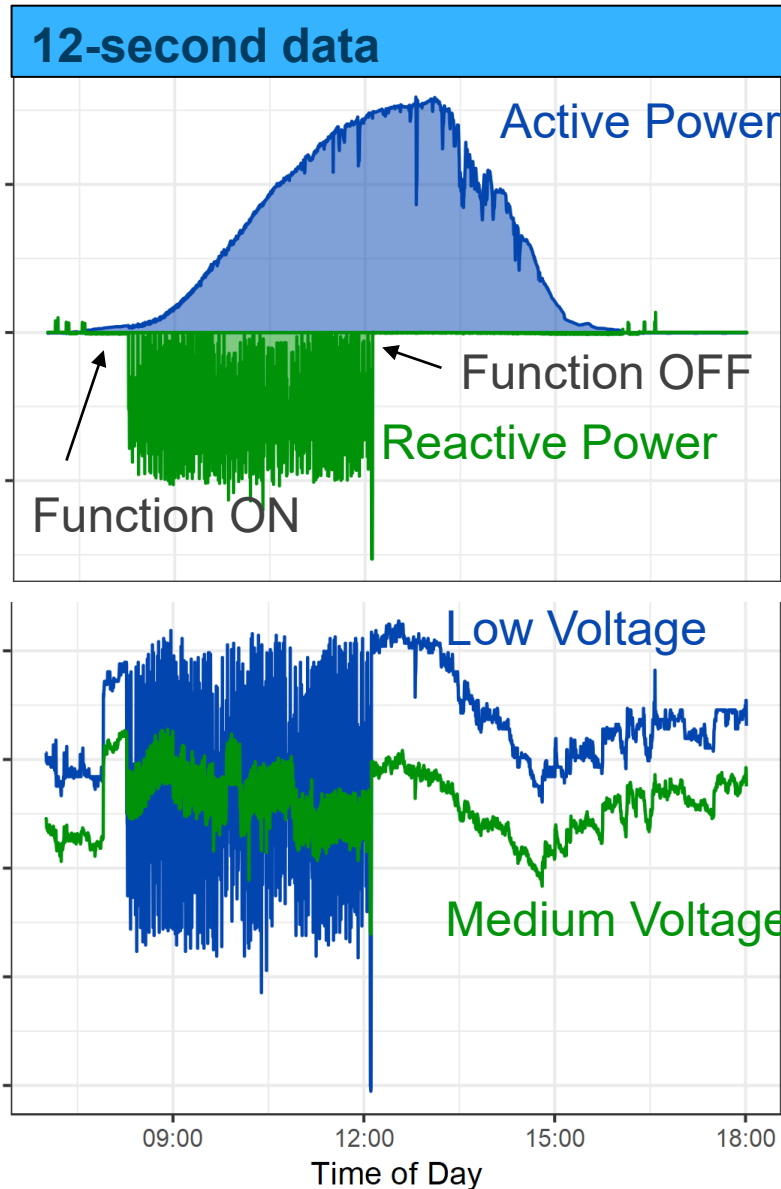
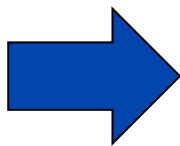
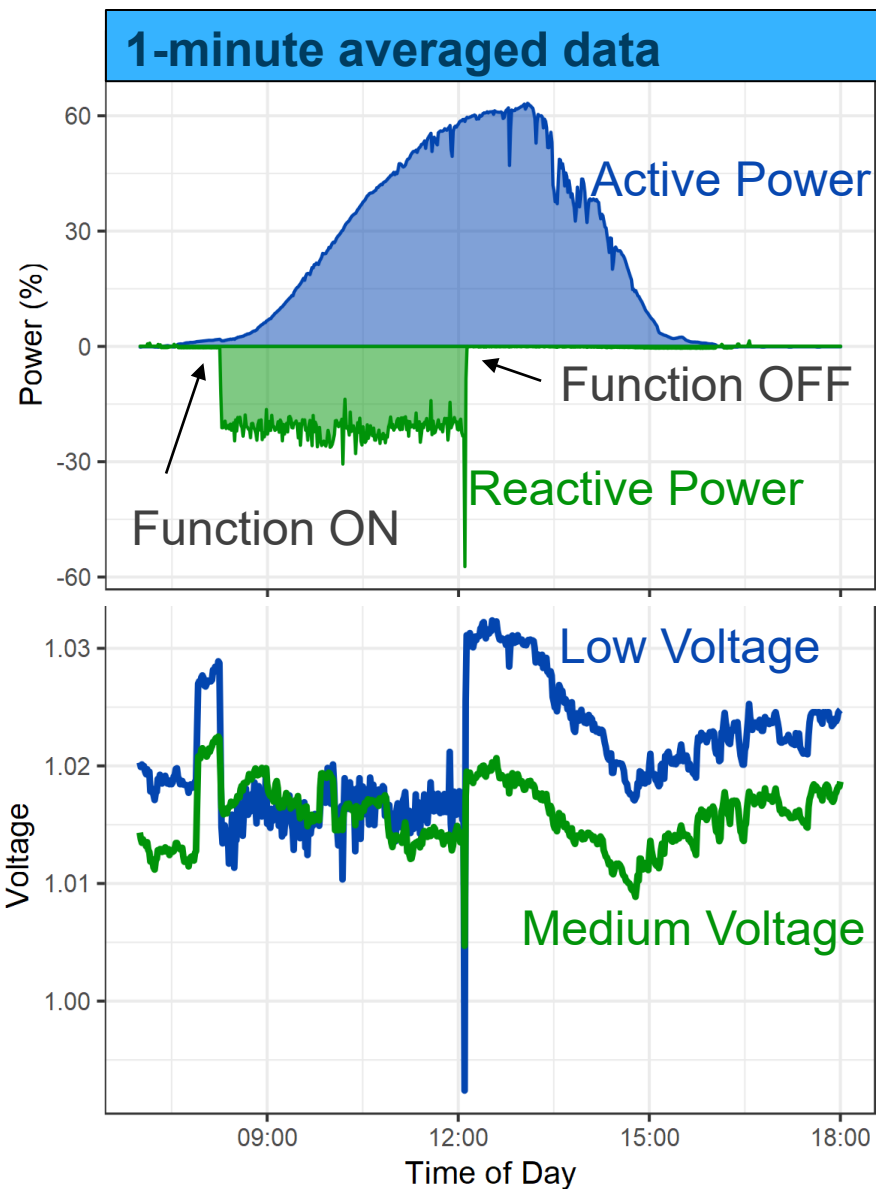
# **When Things Go wrong- Voltage Oscillations Challenges**

**Data Analysis courtesy of EPRI**

# Voltage Oscillation Challenge



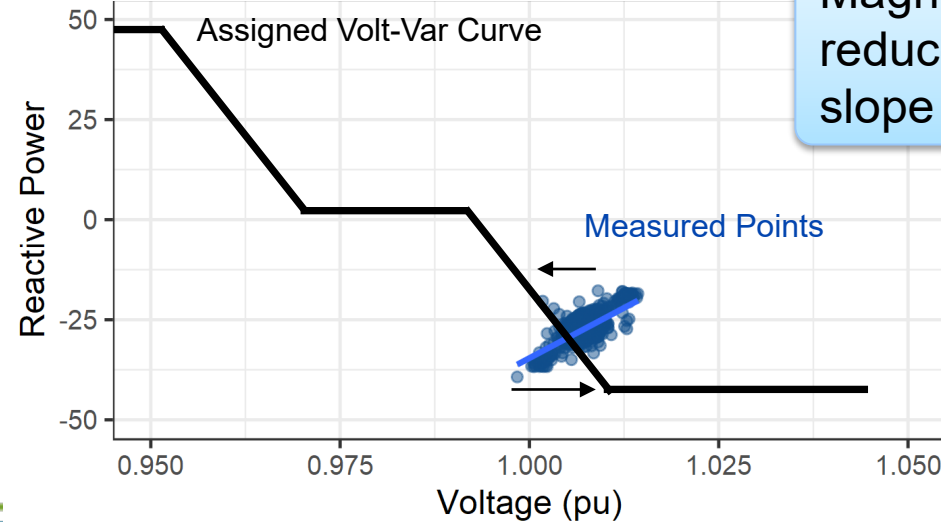
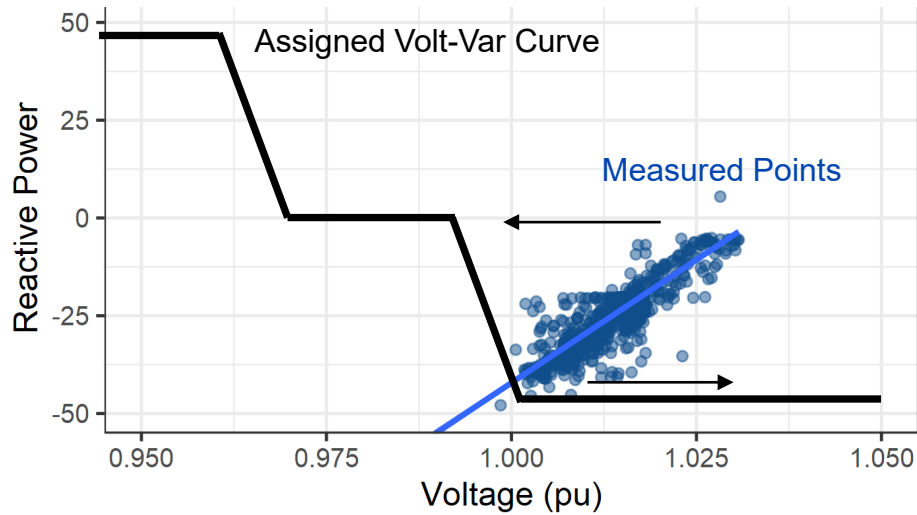
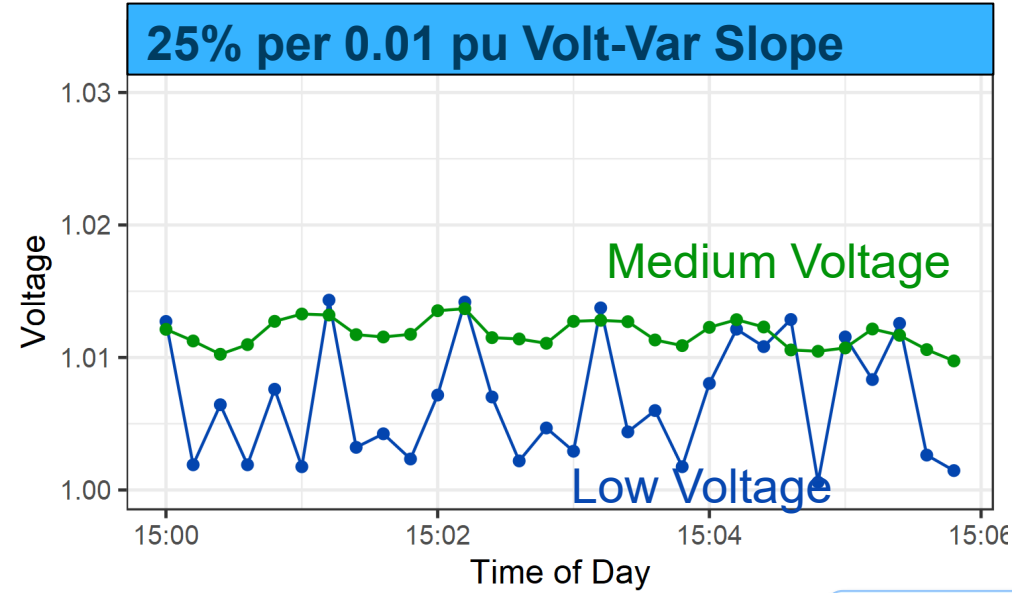
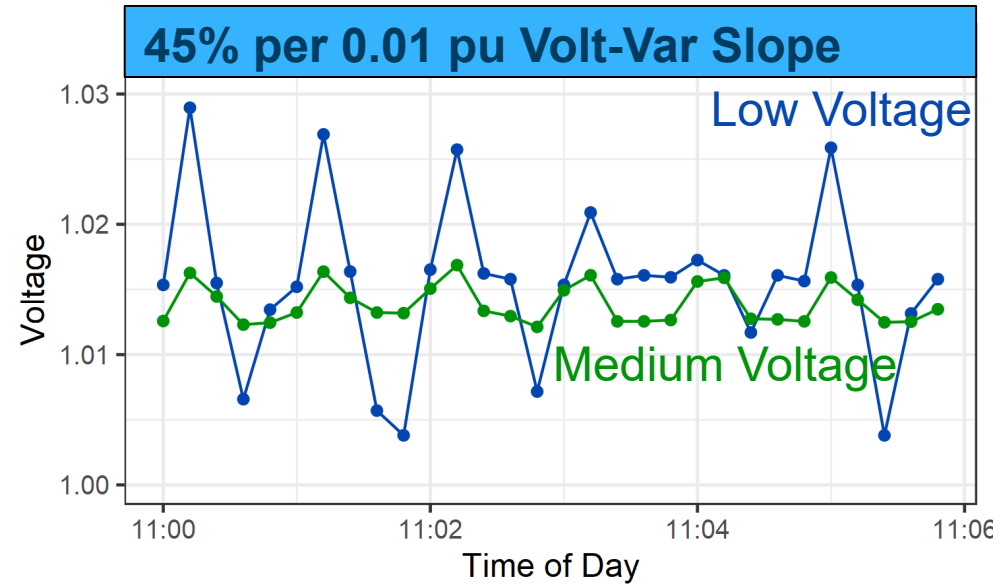
# High-resolution Data Reveals Plant Control Induced Oscillations



Large oscillations in reactive power result in voltage oscillations

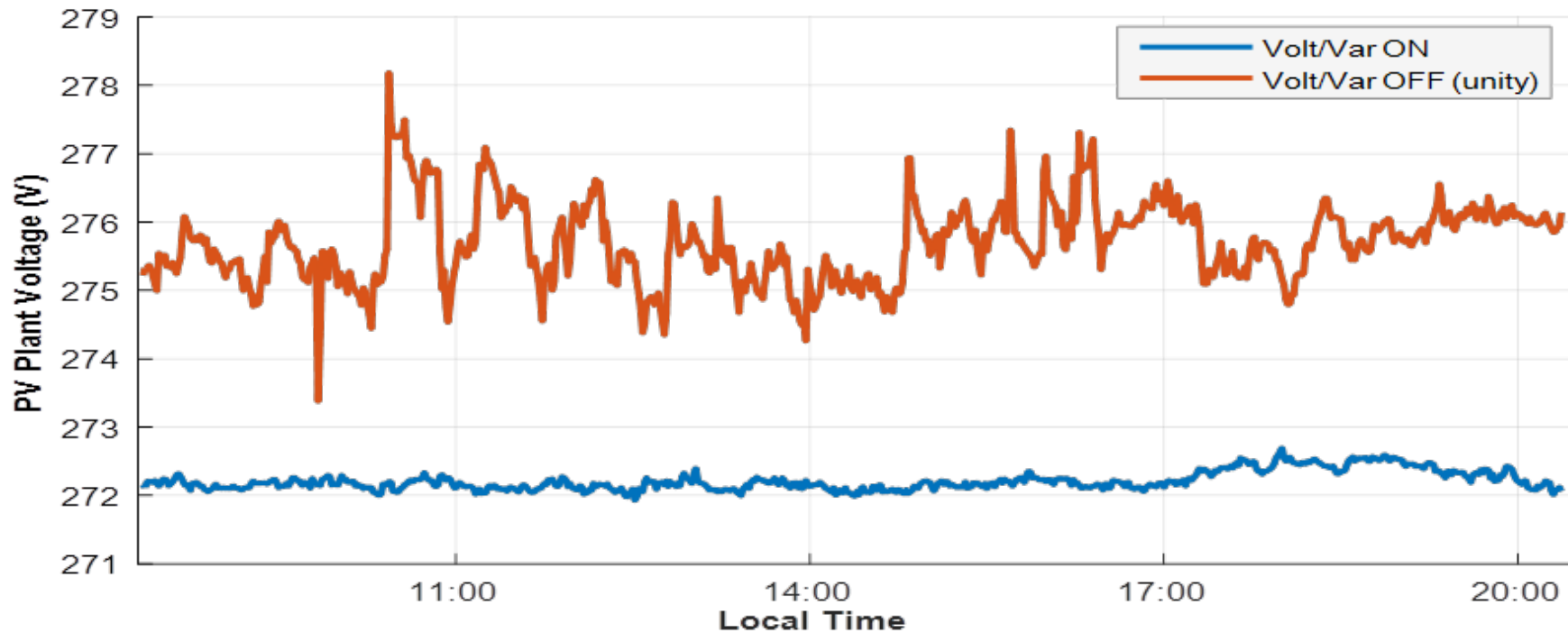
Low voltage oscillations: 3%  
Medium voltage oscillations: 0.5%

# Comparison of Volt-Var Slope Impact on Oscillations



Magnitude of oscillations is reduced with a shallow slope

National Grid received an EPRI Technology Transfer Award for the potential this research may have into increasing the adoption of renewable energy and reducing customer interconnection cost and time.





- Recommended Smart Inverter Settings for Grid Support and Test Plan: Interim Report

<https://www.epri.com/#/pages/product/3002012594/?lang=en>

- Smart Grid Ready PV Inverters with Utility Communication

<https://www.epri.com/#/pages/product/000000003002008557/?lang=en>

- \*Links may need to be copy and pasted into Chrome



## Discussions/ Ideas

Samer Arafa (Ms.ECE, PMP,CSM)

Lead Engineer – Grid Modernization & Telecom

National Grid

[samer.arafa@nationalgrid.com](mailto:samer.arafa@nationalgrid.com)

