



# NOAA/FDA Vibrio Predictive Models and Tools for the Northeast

Bob Daniels, [IMSG@NOAA/NWS/OPC](mailto:IMSG@NOAA/NWS/OPC)

John Jacobs, NOAA/NOS/NCCOS

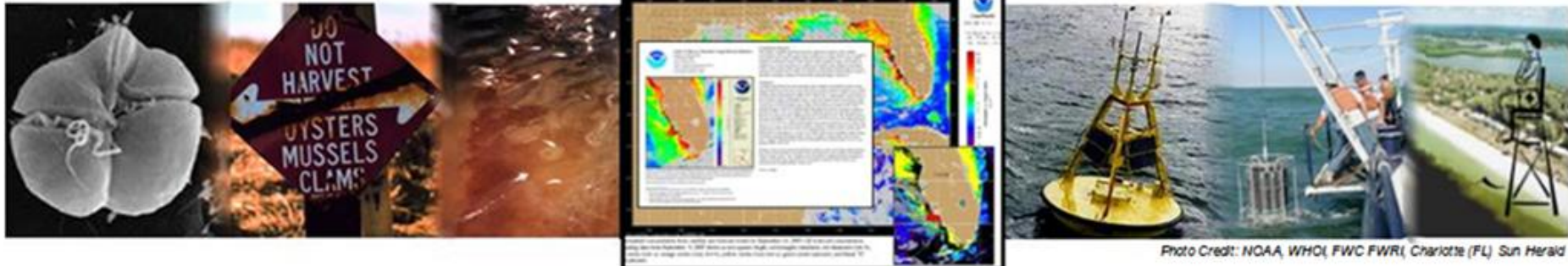


Photo Credit: NOAA, WHOI, FWC FWRI, Charlotte (FL) Sun Herald



# Outline

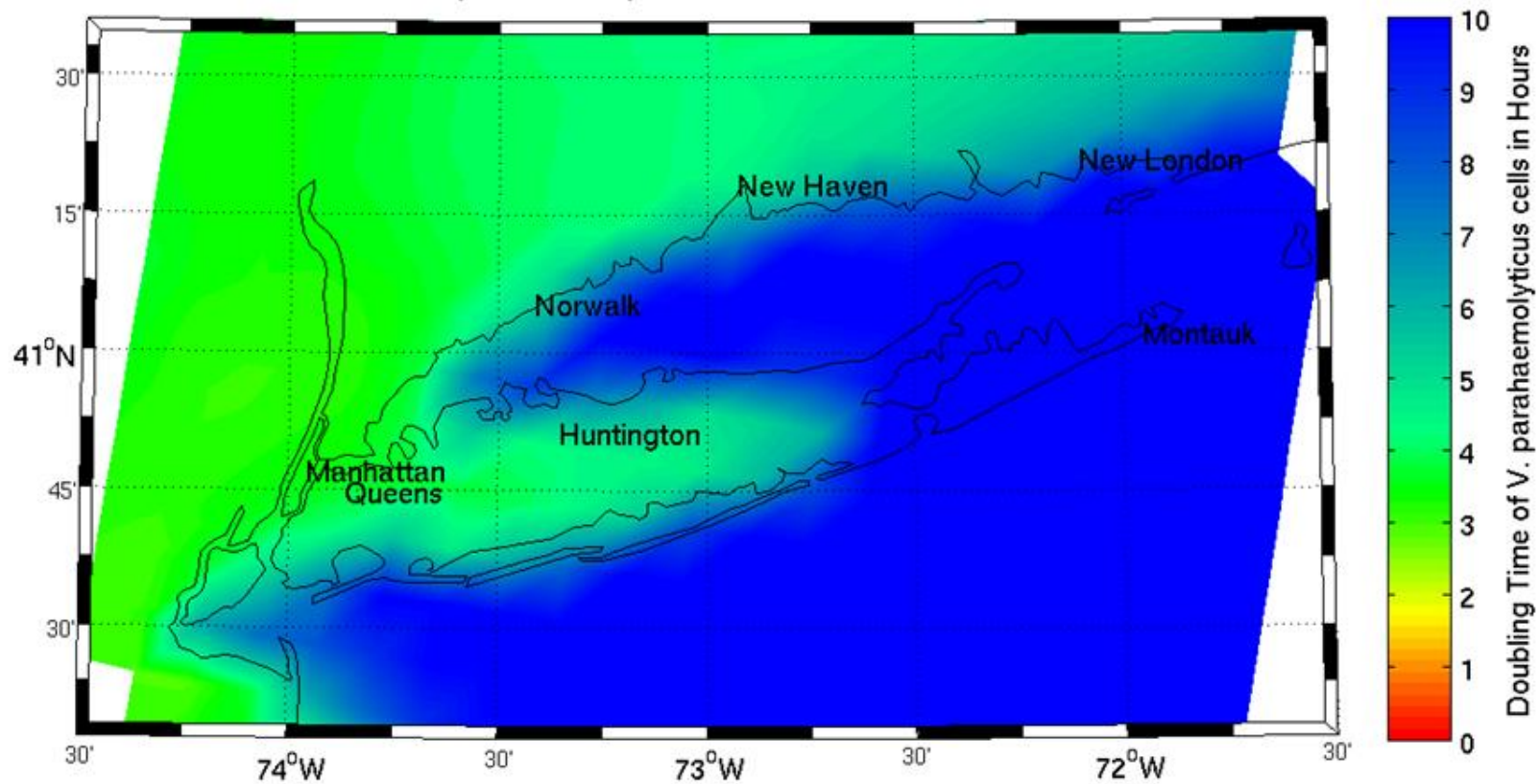
- **Vibrio in Oysters**
  - *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* (Vp) Doubling Time and Best Harvest Models
  - **Northeast Region: Currently Long Island Sound, Massachusetts, New Hampshire**
  - **Quantitative Precipitation Forecasts (QPF)**
  - **Seasonal forecasts**
  - **New Tools and Models**



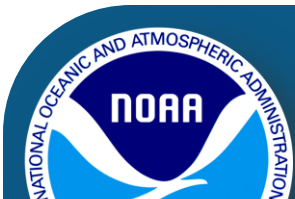
# Doubling Time

- Number of hours to double from before Sunrise through next 6 days
- Empirical model derived from FDA risk assessment and John Bowers relating air temperature to  $V_p$  growth
- 2.5 km resolution, surface temperature from your local Weather Forecast Office (WFO) via the NDFD (NWS National Digital Forecast Database)

Doubling Times for *V. parahaemolyticus* in Long Island Sound Oysters  
kept at Air Temperature at 11Z on 20150512







# Vibrio Web Page

→ <https://products.coastalscience.noaa.gov/vibrioforecast/>



Paused



NATIONAL CENTERS FOR  
COASTAL OCEAN SCIENCE

## Vibrio Predictive Models

### Vibrio Background



### What is *Vibrio*?

*Vibrio* spp. are bacteria that occur naturally in our coastal waters, but certain species and strains can also be harmful to human health. While rare, infection from water or foodborne exposure to *Vibrio vulnificus* is the most serious, often requiring hospitalization, and carries a high case fatality rate. The majority of the estimated 80,000 cases annually are associated with another member of the genus, *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*. Infection from this species is commonly associated with the consumption of raw or undercooked seafood, and usually results in self-limiting gastroenteritis. To learn more about *Vibrio*, consult one of these pages from the [Center for Disease Control](#) or [MD Healthy Beaches](#).

### Why is this important?

Because of the human health consequences and association with consumption of raw seafood, state managers are responsible for regulating the shellfish industry to reduce consumer risk. Knowing where and when to expect elevated concentrations of *Vibrio*, and environmental conditions that promote rapid growth can inform both management and individual

#### SHELLFISH GUIDANCE

##### *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*

- Chesapeake Bay
- Delaware Bay
- Gulf of Mexico
- Northeast
- National
- Pacific Northwest
- Tampa Bay

#### WATER GUIDANCE

##### *Vibrio vulnificus*

- Chesapeake Bay

#### JOIN OUR EMAIL LIST

Sign up to receive forecast updates and breaking news on *Vibrio*.

**SUBSCRIBE**

#### WE WANT TO HEAR FROM YOU

Your feedback will help us improve this website.

**SURVEY**

# Predictive Models

Click on a region to see available tools, or the center of the map for [National level](#) products.



An assortment of predictive models and weather related tools have been assembled, primarily related to issues surrounding safe harvest of shellfish around the nation. In partnership with the US Food and Drug Administration ([USFDA](#)), state and academic partners, [NOAA](#) is working continuously through the Ecological Forecasting Roadmap to verify and improve model accuracy and resolution, and transition them to a state of operations.

---



# Vibrio in Oysters

## Best Harvest Models

- Empirical model derived from FDA risk assessment and John Bowers relating air temperature to  $V_p$  growth
- Estimate of  $V_p$  doublings at given hour of harvest and following a specific cooling strategy
- Graphs for specific growing sites show current and next 3 days using NDFD surface air temperature





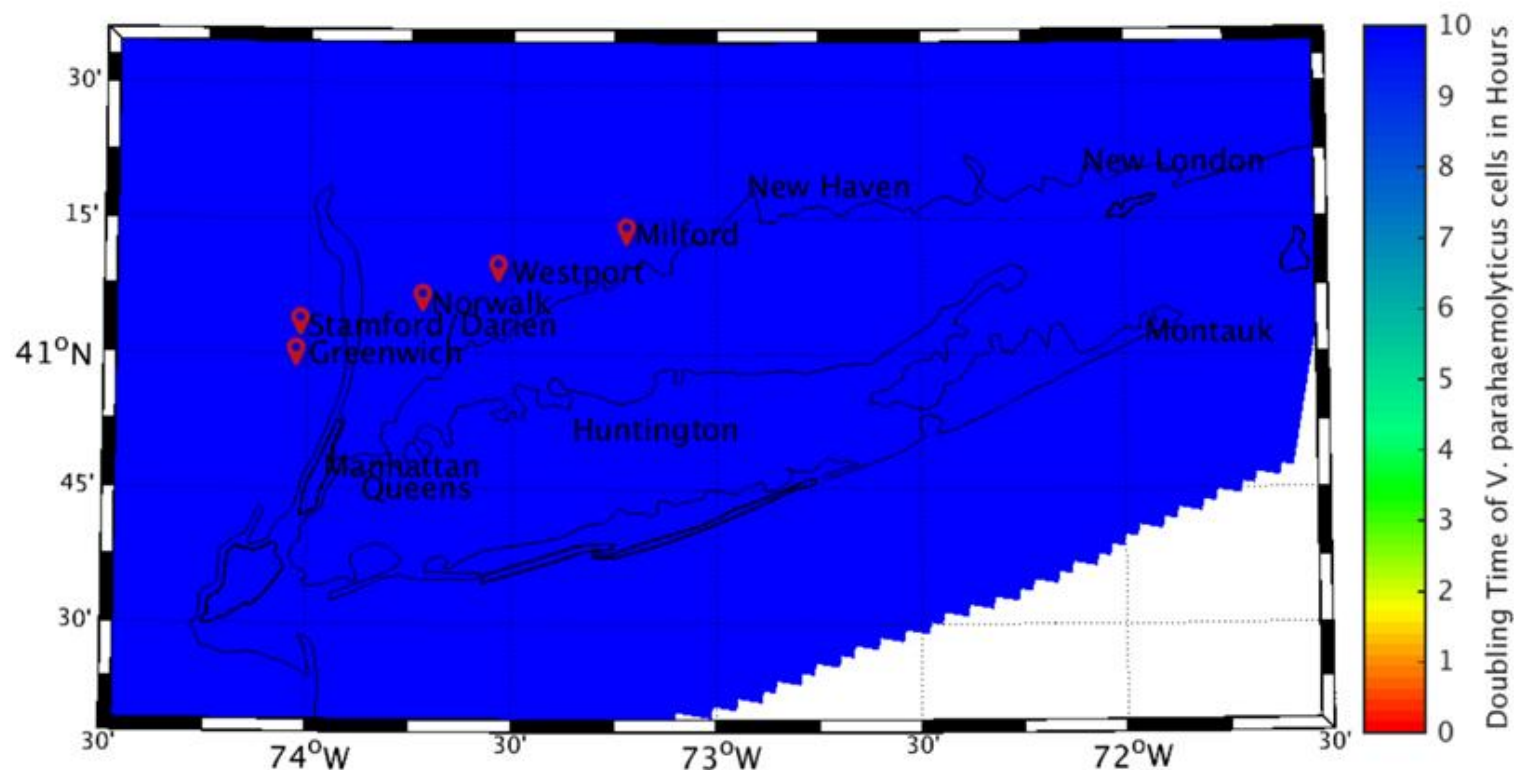
## Long Island Sound Forecasts

### Best Harvest Window Graphs

Click on a town name on the map to see a graph of  $V_p$  doublings in a growing area over the next 40 hours.

The  $V_p$  doublings given different cooling strategies are shown for growing areas in Long Island Sound. These graphs allow users to determine where and when the highest doubling times will occur in advance to plan harvest and cooling strategies.

[View a Summer example of Milford](#)



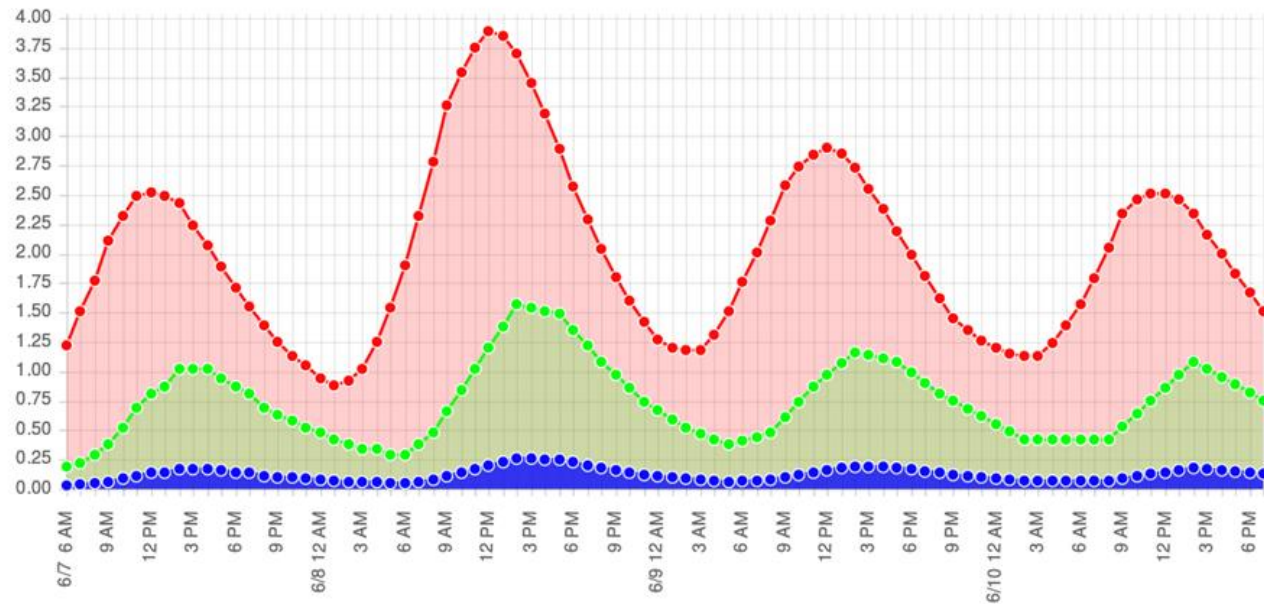




## Best Harvesting Windows

### Westport, CT

Vp Doublings for 3 Refrig. Strategies



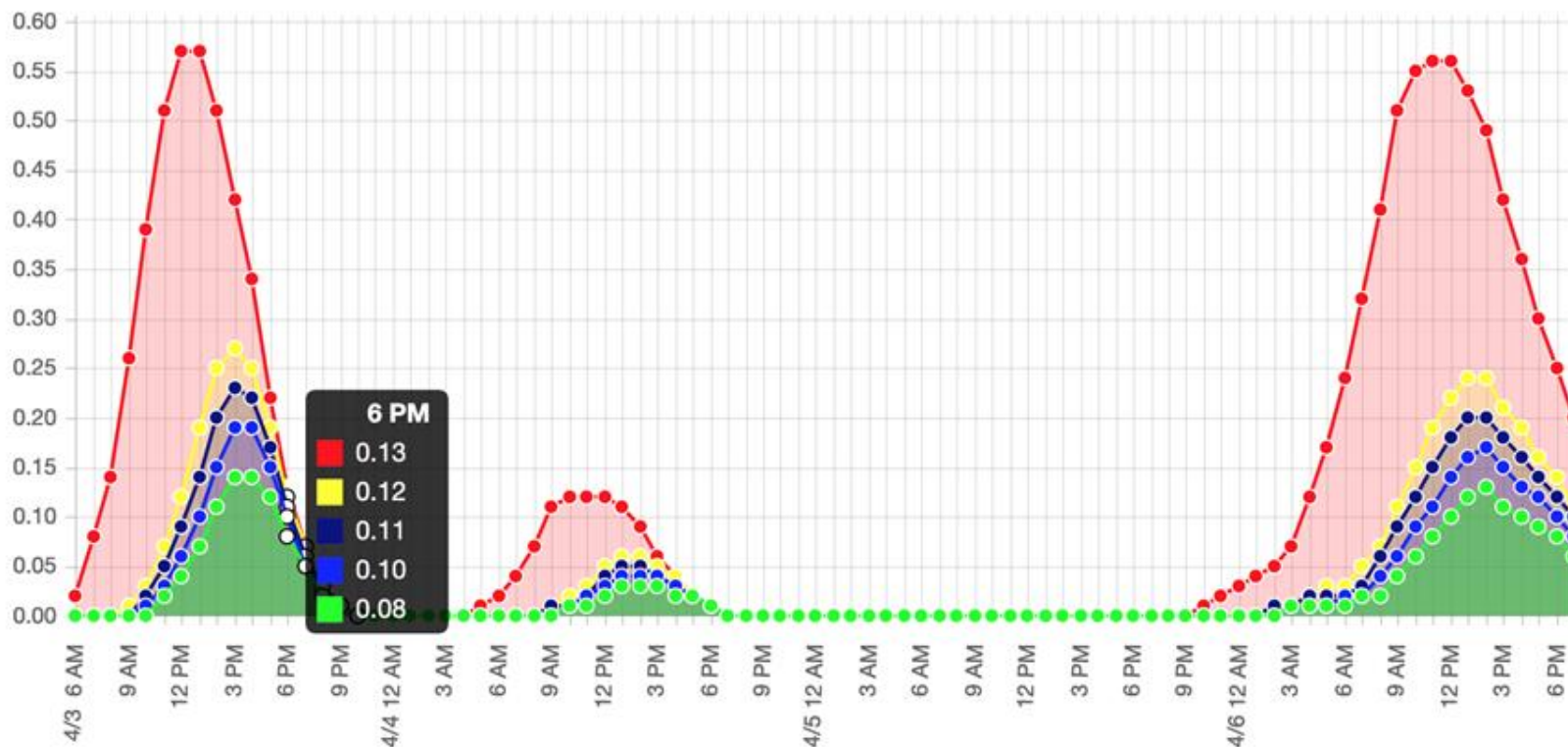
- Rapid cooling
- Immediate on-board refrigeration
- 5 hours to refrigeration

### Post-Harvest Cooling Strategies:

- 1) Blue line (Rapid cooling): Oysters placed into Ice Slurry on vessel within 0.5 hours of harvest start time; oysters are cooled to an internal temperature of 50°F within 1 hour of harvest.
- 2) Green line (Immediate On-board refrigeration): Oysters are placed into mechanical refrigeration unit on vessel within 0.5 hours of harvest time; oysters are cooled to 50°F within 5 hours of being placed under refrigeration.
- 3) Red Line (5 hours to refrigeration): Oysters are exposed to air temperature on the deck of the vessel for 5 hours and placed into mechanical refrigeration on shore; oysters are cooled to 50°F within 5 hours of being placed under refrigeration.

# Duxbury, MA

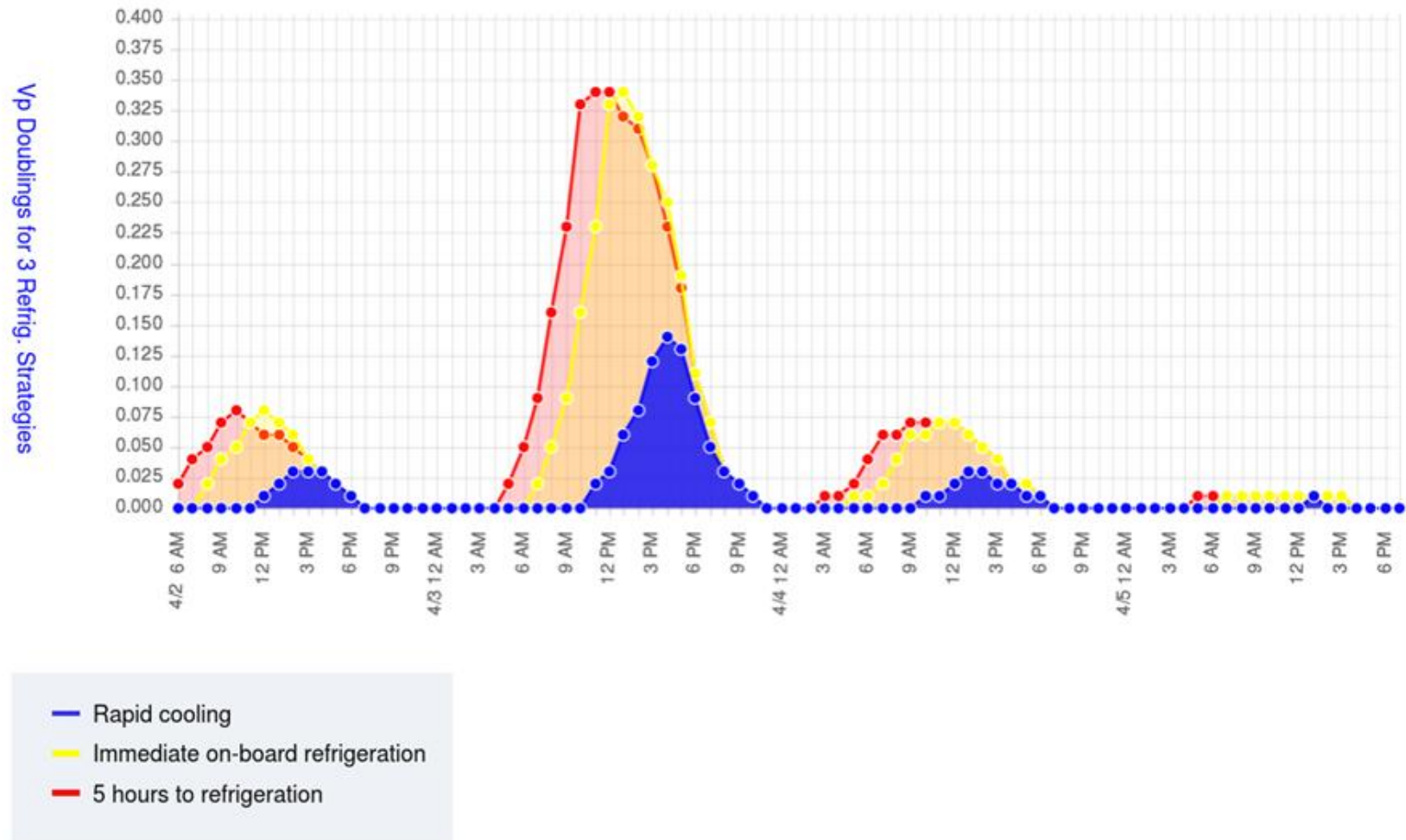
Vp Doublings for 3 Refrig. Strategies



- Rapid Cooling (Ice Slurry w/in 1 hour)
- Rapid Cooling (Direct Ice w/in 1 hour)
- Rapid Cooling (Ice Slurry w/in 2 hours)
- Rapid Cooling (Direct Ice w/in 2 hours)
- 5 hours to refrigeration

## Best Harvesting Windows

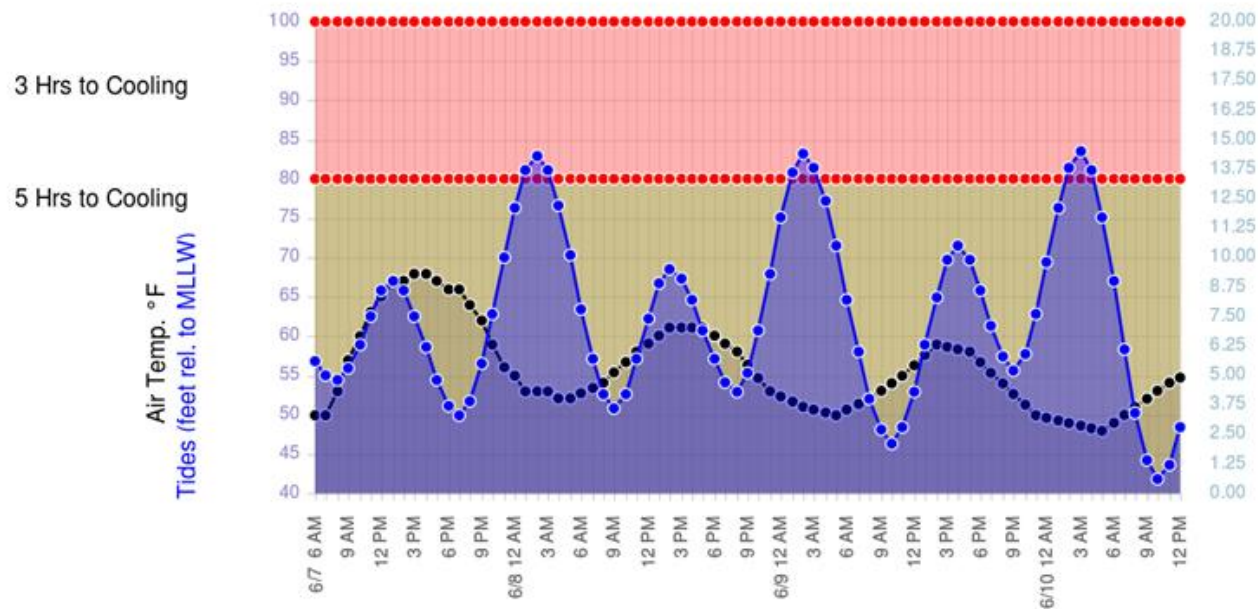
### Southwest Little Bay





# Puget Sound Temperature Warnings

## Pickering Passage Time to Cooling



## Harvest Start Time

Graph illustrates the air temperature forecast (black line) and the tidal prediction (blue line) at the selected growing area plotted on top of temperature limits (red lines) for the required times to cooling of oysters from the Washington State *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* control plan. The air temperature plotted is the NWS/NDFD forecast and the tides are from the NOAA/NOS annual prediction. This tool is intended to assist oyster producers in choosing the optimal start time of harvest in order to achieve the lowest number of bacterial doublings.





# National Shellfish Guidance

<https://products.coastalscience.noaa.gov/vibrioforecast/>



NCCOS

NATIONAL CENTERS FOR  
COASTAL OCEAN SCIENCE

Vibrio Predictive Models

[Vibrio Background](#) > [Shellfish Guidance](#) - [National Models](#)

## Shellfish Guidance - National Level Products



### NWS Quantitative Precipitation Forecasts

Many states around the country use total rainfall in a 24hr period as a trigger for opening and closing shellfish harvest areas and for issuing warnings for swimming beaches. This [product](#) provides graphical guidance of expected, cumulative rainfall several days in advance through google earth. [Follow these instructions \(PDF\)](#) to download Google Earth™ and to learn how to work with the QPF kml files.

[View Model](#)

### SHELLFISH GUIDANCE

*Vibrio parahaemolyticus*

- Chesapeake Bay
- Delaware Bay
- Gulf of Mexico
- Northeast
- National
- Pacific Northwest
- Tampa Bay

### WATER GUIDANCE

*Vibrio vulnificus*

- Chesapeake Bay

### JOIN OUR EMAIL LIST

Sign up to receive forecast updates and breaking news on *Vibrio*.

[SUBSCRIBE](#)

### WE WANT TO HEAR FROM YOU

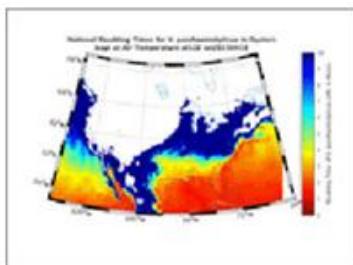
Your feedback will help us improve this website.

[SURVEY](#)



# National Shellfish Guidance

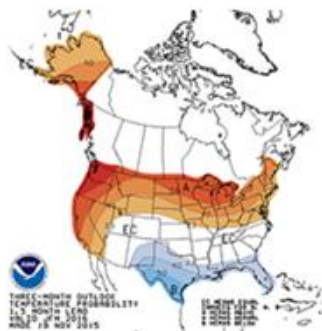
SURVEY



## Doubling Time of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* (Vp) in oysters

*Vibrio parahaemolyticus* has one of the fastest growth rates of all estuarine bacteria, and the population can replace itself, or double every hour at 90°C. This [product](#) uses modeled air temperature from the North American Mesoscale to force a statistical growth rate equation ([USFDA 2005](#)) for *Vp*. The spatially explicit graphical display allows users to determine where and when the highest doubling times will occur every hour, out to 72 hrs in advance to plan harvest and refrigeration strategies.

[View Model](#)



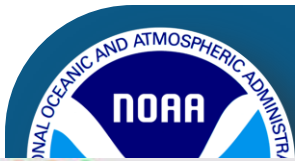
## NWS Three Month Outlooks

For longer range planning for an upcoming growing or beach season, helpful forecasts are provided by the [NWS Climate Prediction Center](#). These 3 month outlooks for temperature and precipitation, give probabilities of above average, normal or below average temperatures and rainfall with respect to a recent 30 year climatology.

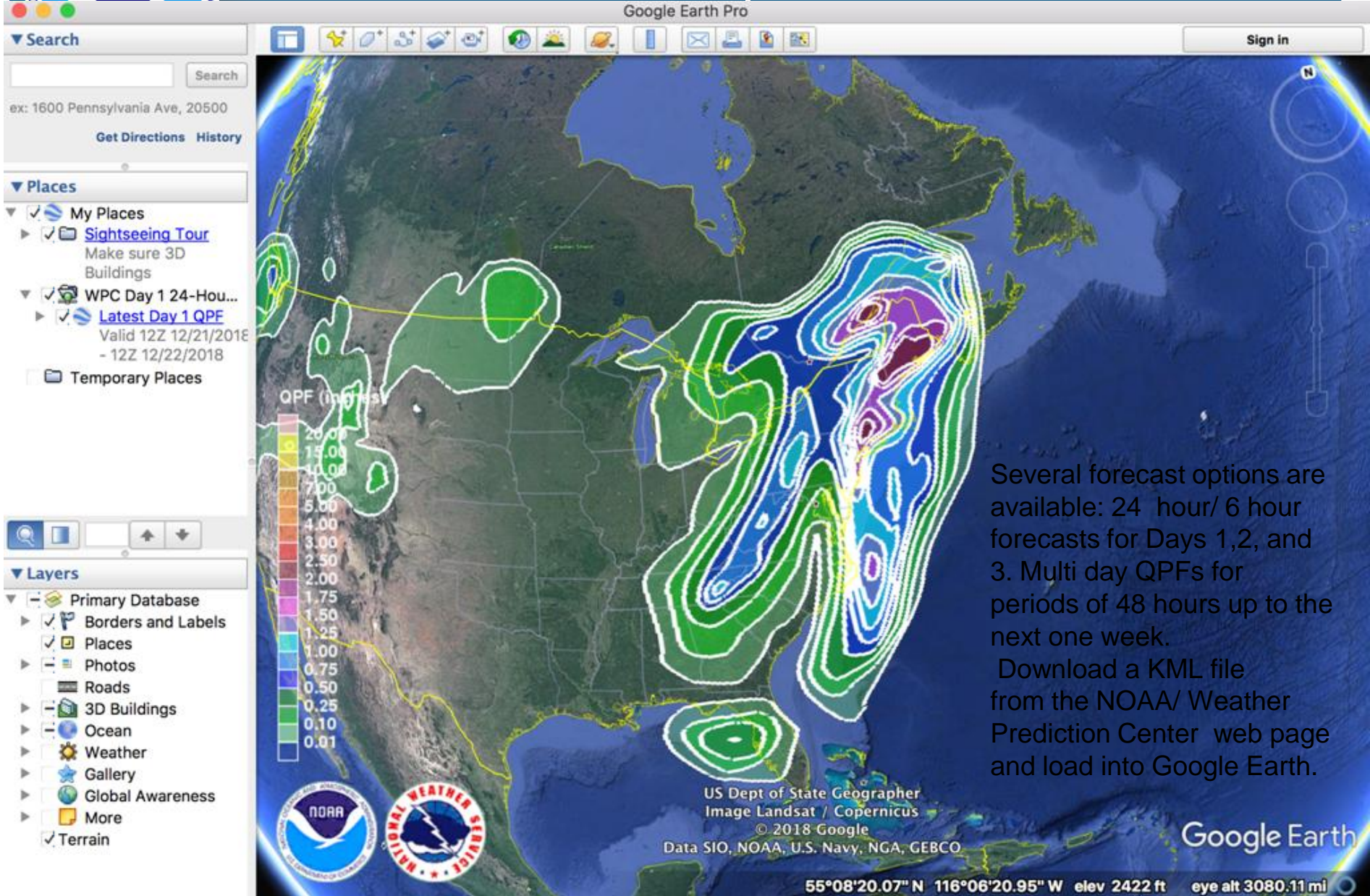
[View Model](#)

As a work in progress, current *Vibrio* models displayed here are considered experimental products, and thus NOAA will not be held liable from issues arising from their interpretation and use.





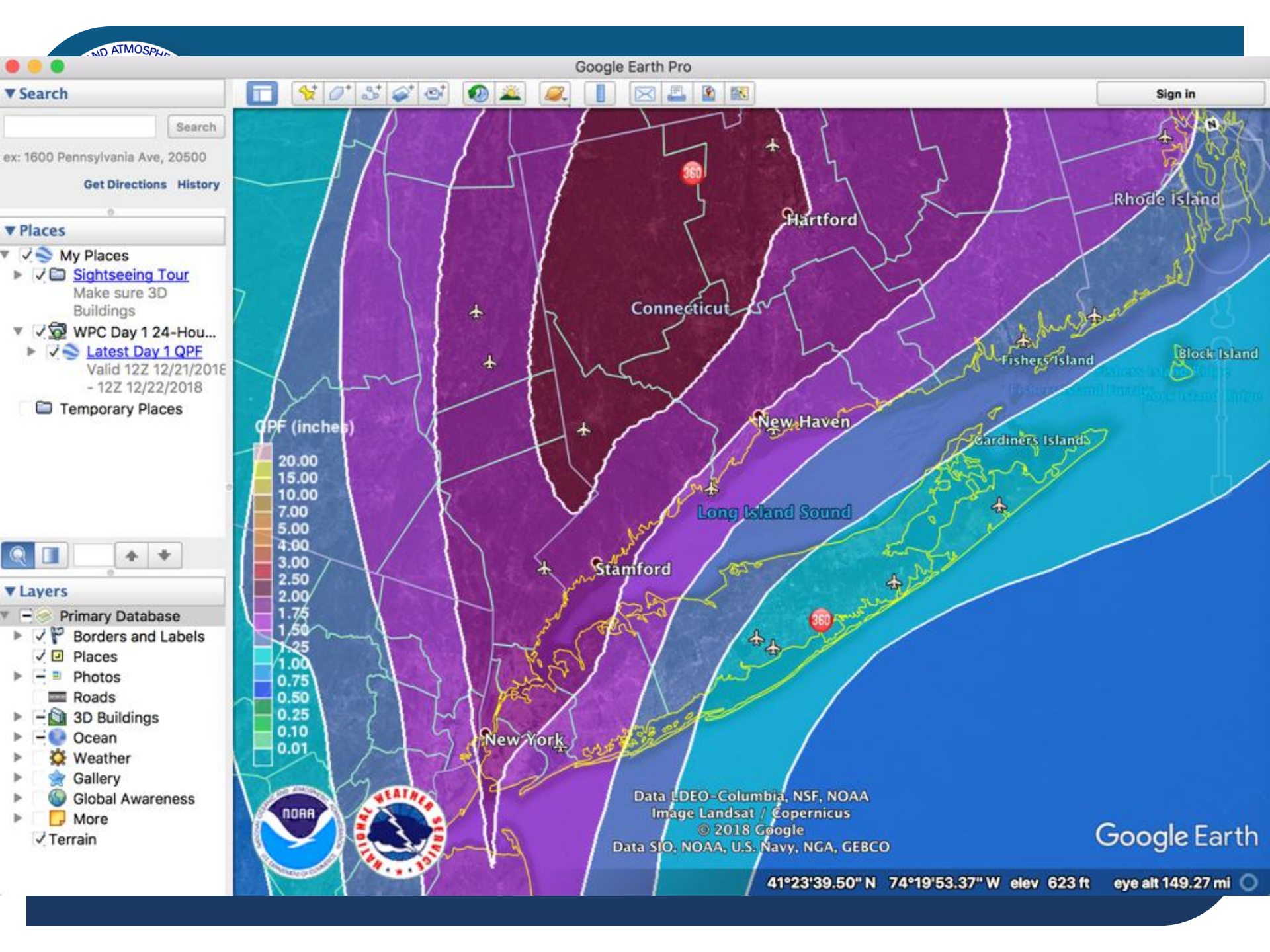
# Quantitative Precipitation Forecast



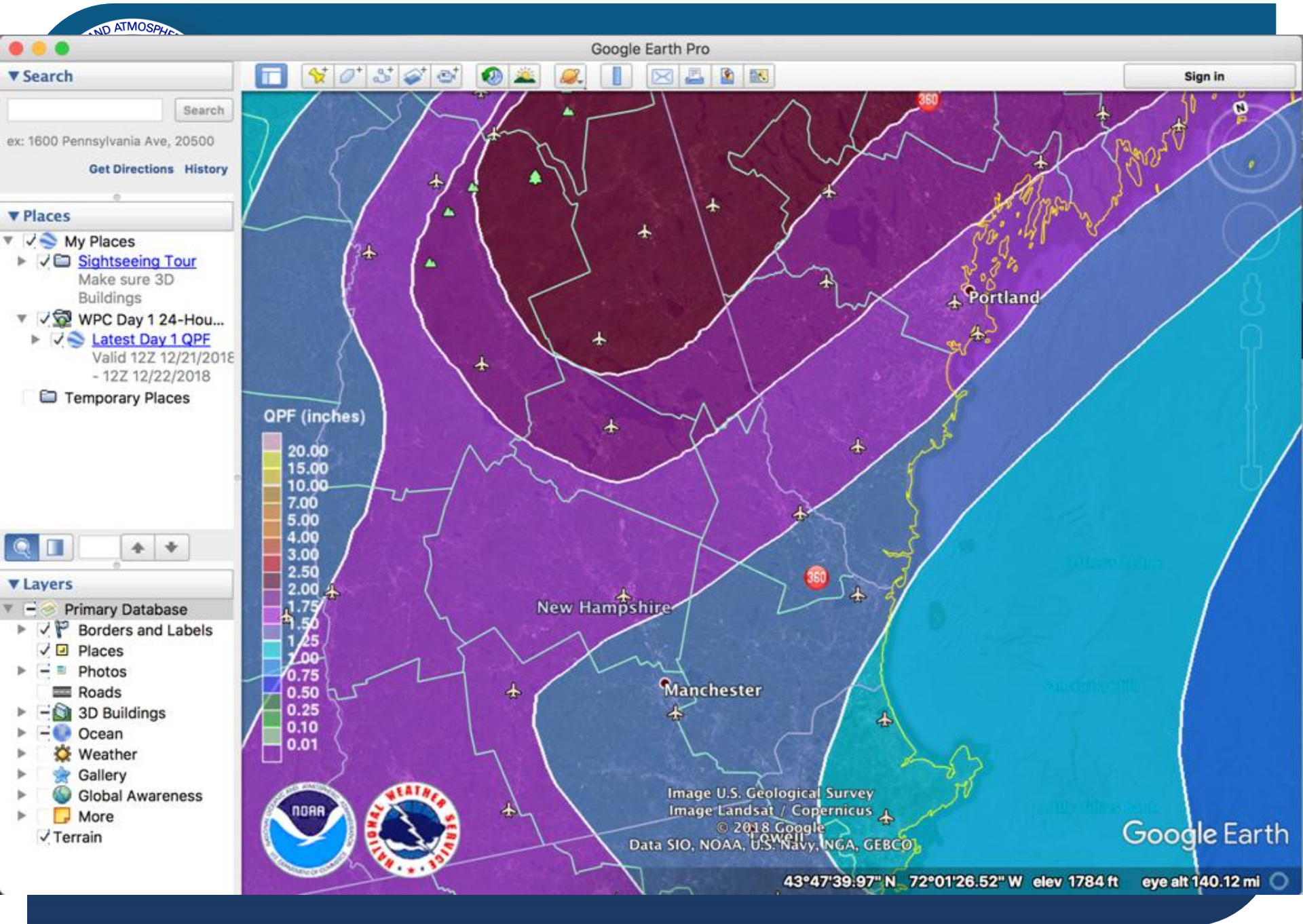
Several forecast options are available: 24 hour/ 6 hour forecasts for Days 1,2, and 3. Multi day QPFs for periods of 48 hours up to the next one week.

Download a KML file from the NOAA/ Weather Prediction Center web page and load into Google Earth.

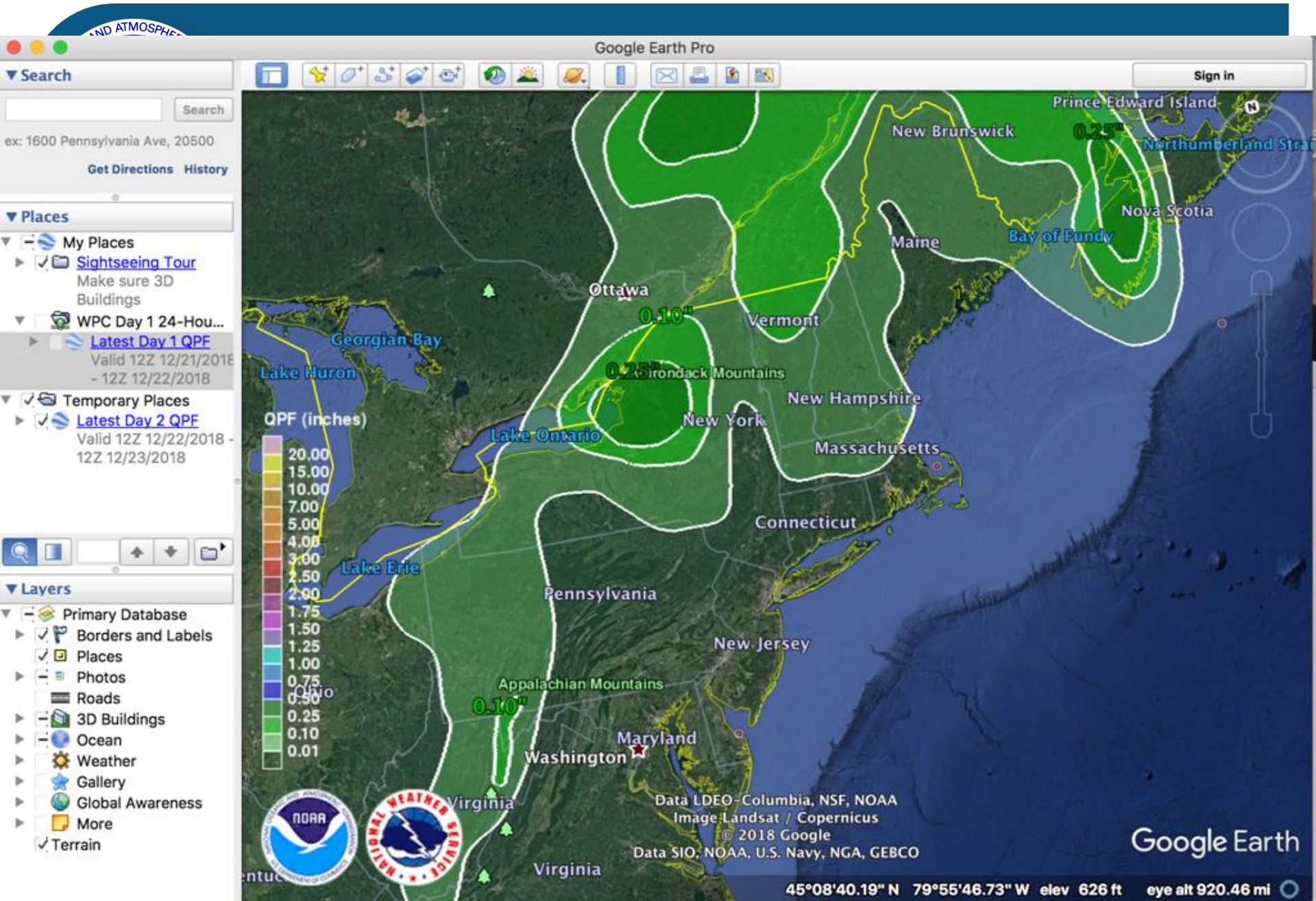




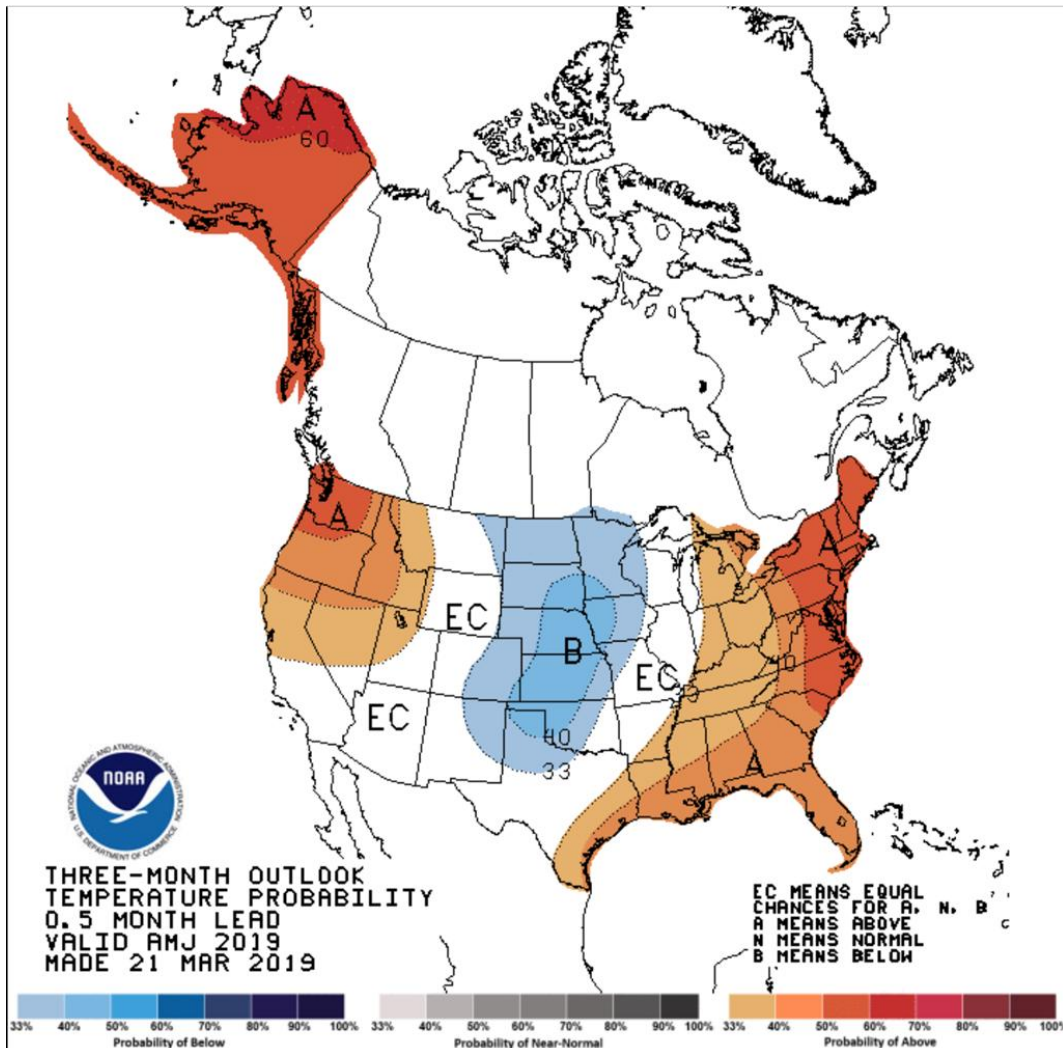








# Temperature Three Month Outlook

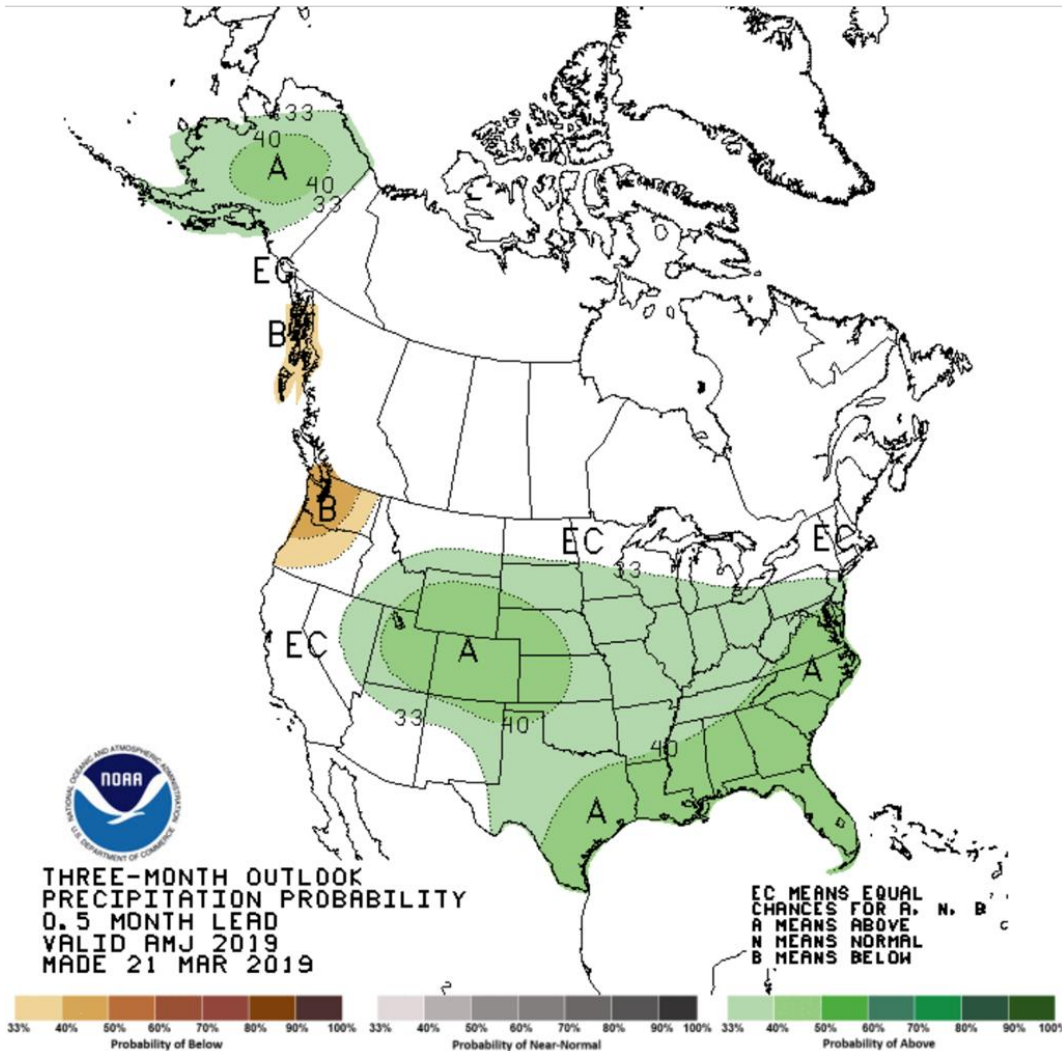


“For longer range planning for an upcoming growing or beach season, helpful forecasts are provided by the NWS Climate Prediction Center. These 3 month outlooks for temperature and precipitation, give probabilities of above average, normal or below average temperatures and rainfall with respect to a recent 30 year climatology.

[http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/long\\_range/seasonal.php?lead=1](http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/long_range/seasonal.php?lead=1)”



# Precipitation Three Month Outlook



“For longer range planning for an upcoming growing or beach season, helpful forecasts are provided by the NWS Climate Prediction Center. These 3 month outlooks for temperature and precipitation, give probabilities of above average, normal or below average temperatures and rainfall with respect to a recent 30 year climatology.

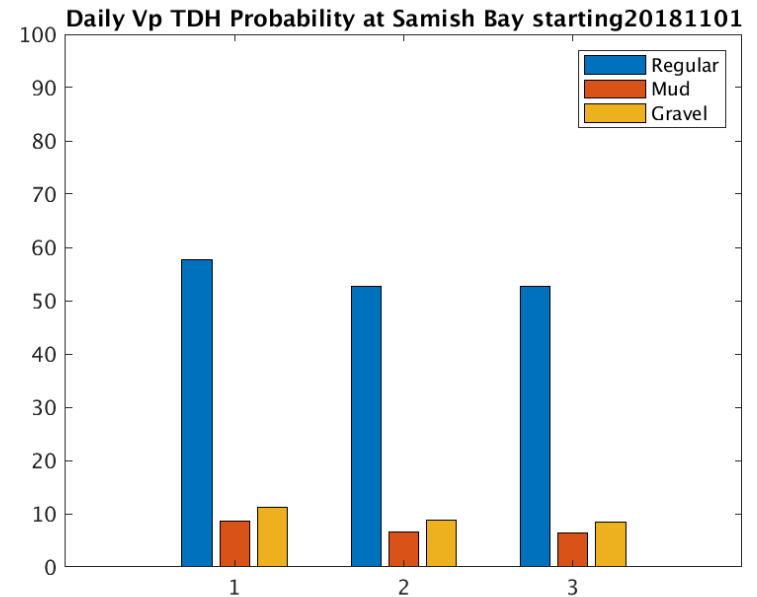
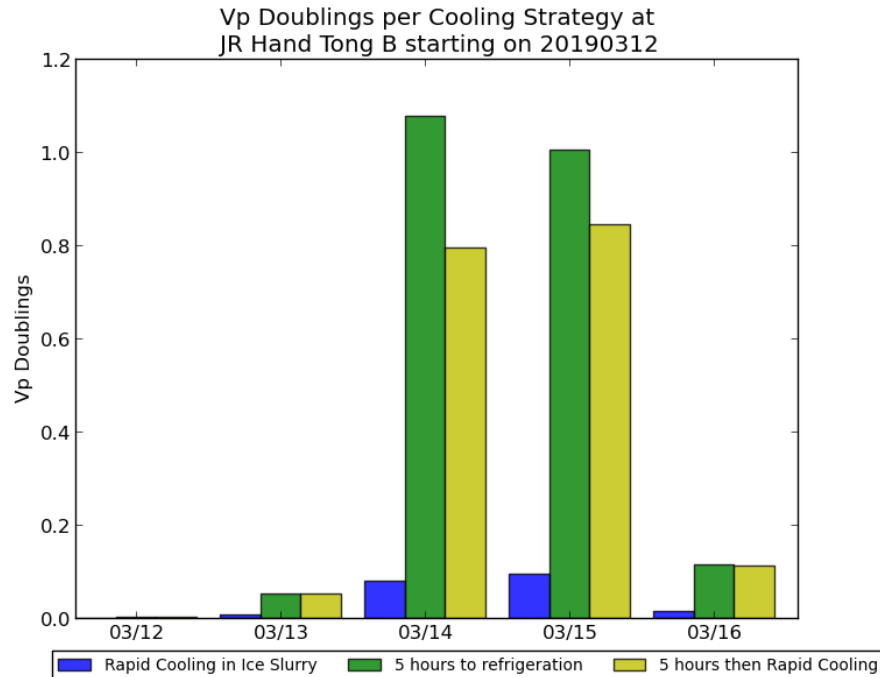
[http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/long\\_range/seasonal.php?lead=1](http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/predictions/long_range/seasonal.php?lead=1)”





# Future Tools and Projects

## James River, Virginia Vp Best Harvest Tool



## Puget Sound Vp Best Harvest Tool



# Future Tools and Projects

- Resubmergence tools - Joint NOAA/FDA team is starting to address. Identifying reliable cool waters to resubmerge oysters for purging of Vp and guidance on timing.
- Best Harvest Graphs for more growing sites and revising for new control strategies
- Other new tools and Questions?

Bob Daniels (robert.daniels@noaa.gov) 301-683-1554

IMSG @ NOAA/NWS/OPC College Park, MD

John Jacobs ([John.Jacobs@Noaa.gov](mailto:John.Jacobs@Noaa.gov)) 443-258-6072

NOAA/NOS/NCCOS Oxford, MD