WIOA Youth

Technical Assistance Sessions

Q&A

- Q1. If a youth has an IEP that is no longer current can it still be used as source documentation for a disability?
- A1. Yes. WIOA uses the American Disabilities Act's (ADA) definition of a disability. The ADA defines a disability with respect to an individual as a person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activity. This includes an individual who has a record of such an impairment, or being regarded as having such impairment. (42 U.S. Code 12102 (1))

An IEP is a record of a mental or physical impairment and as such does not need to be current or can be expired for the purpose of documentation of a disability.

- Q2. When individuals "age out" of the foster care system are they still eligible for services under WIOA?
- A2. Yes. Individuals that are placed in the foster care system or who are over the age of 18 and have "aged out" of the foster care system are eligible to receive services under WIOA.
- Q3. What documentation is needed for proof of postsecondary school enrollment?
- A3. A copy of the postsecondary school acceptance letter is sufficient proof of postsecondary school enrollment.
- Q4. Does a certificate from a technical training school count as an industry recognized credential for the purpose of the WIOA performance measure Credential Attainment?
- A4. An industry recognized credential is awarded in recognition of an individual's attainment of measureable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry/occupation. In general an industry recognized credential must be issued by a public or private entity that is authorized to issue such credentials. Please refer to <u>TEGL 15-10</u> for additional guidance related to industry recognized credentials.
- Q5. What are examples of exams that can be used to demonstrate a participant's skill progression as outlined in the Skills Progression Measurable Skills gain?
- A5. Examples, include passage of a component exam in a Registered Apprenticeship program,

employer-required knowledge-based exams, satisfactory attainment of an element on an industry or occupational competency-based assessment, or other completion test necessary to obtain a credential.

- Q6. What are the assessments in MOSES that are allowable to use to assess academic skill level?
- A6. The allowable assessment tools in MOSES reflect the National Reporting System's (NRS) approved tests and test forms. These tests include TABE, CASAS, Wonderlic GAIN, BEST, and the MAPT. <u>http://www.nrsweb.org/</u>
- Q7. How is the 5% low-income exception calculated under WIOA?
- A7. The 5% low-income exception under WIOA is calculate based on 5 percent of the youth enrolled in a given program year who would ordinarily need to be low-income.
- Q8. Does the new 5% limitation on youth that require additional assistance to complete an education program apply to both in-school and out-of-school youth?
- A8. No. The 5% limitation only applies to in-school youth.
- Q9. Does documentation of enrollment into postsecondary school need to be documented?
- A9. Yes. All data entered into MOSES is subject to data validation.