

(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

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KPMG LLP Two Financial Center 60 South Street Boston, MA 02111

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Trustees Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust:

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust (the Trust), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Trust's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to our express opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3–10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2013on our consideration of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Trust's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LIP

October 24, 2013

(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

### Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### Introduction

The Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust (the Trust) is a public instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commonwealth). It was established in 1989 to administer the Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Revolving Fund pursuant to Title VI of the Federal Clean Water Act. Its enabling statute, Chapter 29C of the Massachusetts General Laws, was amended in 1998 to provide that the Trust would also administer the provisions of Title XIV of the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act establishing the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund.

The Trust's Clean Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) and the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund programs were established to accept federal grants and required Commonwealth matching funds in an amount equal to approximately 20% of the federal grants. The Trust's program is leveraged by issuing bonds to provide construction proceeds for loans. Federal and state grants and other monies available to the Trust are pledged to secure the bonds by either financing reserve funds or pledged loans or a combination of both. Earnings on these pledged assets are used to pay a portion of the debt service on the related bonds, thereby reducing the borrowers' loan repayment obligation. Since 2002, the Trust has provided loans to communities at 2% interest rate. As the effective market interest rate on the bonds is higher than the 2% loan rate, borrowers receive a subsidy equal to the difference between these rates.

Subsidized financing has been an important incentive for many communities to undertake water and sewer infrastructure improvement projects. Since the enactment of Chapter 95 of the Acts of 1995 of the Commonwealth, the Trust has been the Commonwealth's primary program to finance such improvements. The rate for Trust loans is set by statute at 2%, although projects approved prior to 2002 may qualify for a lower rate.

The Clean Water SRF provides low cost financing to eligible borrowers for projects that reduce, eliminate, or prevent water pollution. Examples of Clean Water SRF projects include construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, upgrades to existing facilities, infiltration/inflow correction, wastewater collection systems, and nonpoint source pollution abatement projects such as landfill capping, community programs for upgrading septic systems (Title 5), brownfield remediation, pollution prevention, and stormwater remediation.

The Drinking Water SRF provides low cost financing to publicly and privately owned community water system projects that provide safe, affordable drinking water. Examples of Drinking Water SRF projects include new and upgraded drinking water treatment facilities; projects to replace contaminated sources, new water treatment, or storage facilities; consolidation or restructuring of water systems; projects and system activities that provide treatment, or effective alternatives to treatment for compliance with regulated health standards such as the Surface Water Treatment Rule; and installation or replacement of transmission or distribution systems.

The Clean Water and Drinking Water SRF programs are administered by the Trust in partnership with the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). DEP manages project development and approval while the Trust manages the flow of funds to the communities. As the loans are repaid, the funds "revolve" and become available for new projects.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis - Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

The Trust issues revenue bonds (SRF Bonds) in order to fund communities' construction projects under the Clean Water and Drinking Water programs. The SRF Bonds are secured by either reserve funds or loans to borrowers that are pledged as a source of payment and security both of which are funded by the SRF program funds, or a combination thereof. The SRF Bonds are payable from borrower loan repayments, reserve fund earnings and payments made by the Commonwealth to the Trust on behalf of the borrowers.

## Financial Highlights – Fiscal Year 2013

- At the close of fiscal year 2013, assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities by \$2.1 billion compared to \$2.0 billion for fiscal year 2012. Included in this number are total loans receivable, which increased to \$3.99 billion from \$3.92 billion, cash, which increased to \$0.45 billion from \$0.36 billion, offset by a decrease in investments (primarily reserve fund investments) to \$1.39 billion from \$1.43 billion and an increase in total debt (bonds payable), which increased to \$3.77 billion from \$3.72 billion.
- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased to \$6.02 billion from \$5.91 billion.
- On May 8, 2013, the Trust issued Series 17 bonds in the amount of \$202,250,000 consisting of \$185,605,000 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries 17A and \$16,645,000 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries 17B. These monies were used to finance water pollution abatement and drinking water projects in 79 communities. The Trust pledged \$70.7 million of direct loans for projects under the clean water SRF and \$27.1 million of direct loans for projects under the drinking water SRF. The interest payments on the Series 17 pledged direct loans will be used to pay a portion of the debt service due on the Series 17 bonds.
- For FY 2013, the Trust recorded an operating loss of \$11.7 million as compared to operating income of \$22.4 million in FY 2012. The \$34.1 million decrease in the Trust's operating income in FY 2013 was primarily attributed to FY2012 operating income including a one-time \$57.7 million gain realized on the terminations of certain GICs offset by a \$21.4 million decrease in principal forgiveness, (\$33.7 million in FY2012 to \$12.3 million in FY 2013). The principal forgiveness is primarily associated with the disbursement of ARRA capitalization grant funds received in 2011. These ARRA grants required that no less than 50% of the funds be provided as additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness, grants or negative interest loans. The Trust committed all of its ARRA project funds to additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness.
- The statement of cash flows indicates an increase in cash for the year of \$97.3 million.
- In FY 2013, the Trust continued to receive Capitalization Grants from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for both the Clean Water and Drinking Water programs. The Trust received \$48.0 million from the Clean Water Program and received \$17.0 million in the Drinking Water Program. The Commonwealth provided a match of \$13.0 million for these federally funded programs. The continued capitalization of the Trust, combined with the Trust's access to the bond market, has allowed the Trust to provide financing to all qualified borrowers.
- The Trust maintains the highest ratings of "Aaa," "AAA," and "AAA" from Moody's S&P, and Fitch rating agencies, respectively, on its recently issued bonds, allowing the Trust to continue to provide low cost financing to communities in the Commonwealth.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

## Financial Highlights – Fiscal Year 2012

- At the close of fiscal year 2012, assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities by \$2.0 billion compared to \$1.9 billion for fiscal year 2011. Included in this number are total loans receivable, which increased to \$3.9 billion from \$3.8 billion, total debt (bonds payable), which decreased to \$3.72 billion from \$3.77 billion offset by a decrease in investments (primarily reserve fund investments) to \$1.43 billion from \$1.56 billion.
- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources remained consistent with last year at \$5.9 billion.
- On June 13, 2012, the Trust issued Series 16 bonds in the amount of \$240,585,000 consisting of \$80,185,000 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries 16A and \$160,400,000 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries B. These monies were used to finance water pollution abatement and drinking water projects in 58 communities. Concurrently with the issuance of the Series 16 bonds, the Trust financed \$121.2 million of Series 16 Direct Loans. The interest payments on the Series 16 Direct Loans will be used to pay a portion of the debt service due on the Series 16 bonds.
- The Trust issued \$130,835,000 State Revolving Fund Refunding Bonds (at a true interest cost of 2.61%) to refund \$261.8 million of the Trust's bonds. The Trust used bond proceeds from the refunding bonds in addition to \$120.6 million of proceeds received from terminating certain guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) with Trinity, for a savings of \$21.6 million, resulting in an economic gain (net present value) of \$17.3 million.
- For FY 2012, the Trust recorded operating income of \$22.4 million as compared to an operating loss of \$72.3 million in FY 2011. The \$74.7 million increase in the Trust's operating income in FY 2012 was primarily attributed to the \$57.7 million in gains realized on the terminations of certain GICs combined with a \$37.3 million decrease in principal forgiveness, from \$71.0 million in FY2011 to \$33.7 million in FY 2012. The principal forgiveness is primarily associated with the disbursement of ARRA capitalization grant funds received in 2010. These ARRA grants required that no less than 50% of the funds be provided as additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness, grants or negative interest loans. The Trust committed all of its ARRA project funds to additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness.
- The statement of cash flows indicates an increase in cash for the year of \$108.5 million.
- In FY 2012, the Trust continued to receive Capitalization Grants from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for both the Clean Water and Drinking Water programs. The Trust received \$50.1 million from the Clean Water Program and received \$17.3 million in the Drinking Water Program. The Commonwealth provided a match of \$13.5 million for these federally funded programs. The continued capitalization of the Trust, combined with the Trust's access to the bond market, has allowed the Trust to provide funding to all qualified borrowers.
- The Trust maintains the highest ratings of "Aaa," "AAA," and "AAA" from Moody's S&P, and Fitch rating agencies, respectively, on its recently issued bonds, allowing the Trust to continue to provide low cost funding to communities in the Commonwealth.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis - Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

### **Overview of Financial Statements**

The financial section of this report consists of the following parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements.

The Trust's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government enterprise funds. Under this method of accounting, an economic resources measurement focus and an accrual basis of accounting are used. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. The basic financial statements include statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statements of cash flows. This report also includes notes accompanying the financial statements to fully explain the activities reported in them.

The statements of net position present information on the total assets and deferred outflows of resources, and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Trust. The difference between the two totals is the Trust's net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may be an indicator of the strength or deterioration of the financial health of the Trust.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position report the operating revenues and expenses and the nonoperating revenues and expenses of the Trust for the fiscal year. The difference – increase or decrease in net position – then determines the change in net position for the fiscal year. This change in net position added to last year's net position will reconcile to the total net position for this fiscal year.

The statements of cash flows report activity of cash and cash equivalents during the fiscal year resulting from operating activities, noncapital financing activities, and investing activities. The net result of these activities is reconciled to the cash and cash equivalent balances reported at the end of the fiscal year. These statements are prepared using the direct method of presentation, which allows the reader to easily discern the amount of cash received from grantors, borrowers, and financial institutions, and how much cash was disbursed to borrowers, vendors, and bondholders.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### **Condensed Financial Information and Financial Analysis**

#### Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust's Net Position

		(In	thousands)			
					Percentag	e change
		2013	2012	2011	2013 - 2012	2012 - 2011
Current assets	\$	918,563	732,229	740,656	25.4%	(1.1)%
Loans receivable, long term		3,711,065	3,674,409	3,449,256	1.0	6.5
Investments, long-term		1,262,224	1,336,254	1,504,028	(5.5)	(11.2)
Project fund investments		58,992	92,441	56,721	(36.2)	63.0
Deferred outflows		72,071	75,400	78,608	(4.4)	(4.1)
Other	_	1,469	2,264	2,578	(35.1)	(12.2)
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	6,024,384	5,912,997	5,831,847	1.9%	1.4%
Current liabilities Loan commitments and project		335,822	271,719	287,449	23.6%	(5.5)%
funds payable		58,979	92,415	56,249	(36.2)	64.3
Liability for derivative instruments		3,435	2,067	2,456	66.2	(15.8)
Long-term debt		3,555,255	3,542,898	3,583,515	0.3	(1.1)
Other				3,751		(100.0)
Total liabilities	\$	3,953,491	3,909,099	3,933,420	1.1%	(0.6)%
Net position:						
Restricted	\$	1,658,888	1,600,042	1,553,835	3.7%	3.0%
Unrestricted		412,005	403,856	344,592	2.0	17.2
Total net position	\$	2,070,893	2,003,898	1,898,427	3.3%	5.6%

## Net position

The Trust's net position at June 30, 2013 and 2012 were approximately \$2.1 billion and \$2.0 billion, respectively. Total assets and deferred outflows increased \$111.4 million to \$6.0 billion, while total liabilities remained relatively consistent at approximately \$3.9 billion. Total loans receivable, long-term remained constant at \$3.7 billion, similarly, investments remained relatively constant at \$1.3 billion. Total liabilities remained relatively consistent year over year as the new bond issuances of \$202.3 million for Series 17 were offset by scheduled maturities.

The Trust's net position at June 30, 2012 and 2011 were approximately \$2.0 billion and \$1.9 billion, respectively. Total assets and deferred outflows remained consistent at \$5.9 billion, and total liabilities also remained consistent at \$3.9 billion. Total loans receivable, long-term increased \$225.2 million to \$3.7 billion while investments decreased \$167.8 million to \$1.3 billion. This reflects the Trust's use of direct loans to provide additional security for its Series 16 bond issuance rather than its traditional use of an investment reserve fund; as well as the termination of \$119.1 million of GICs. Total liabilities and deferred inflow remained consistent year over year as the new bond issuances of \$240.6 million for Series 16 and \$130.8 million for Series 2012 Refunding bonds were offset by scheduled maturities and bonds refunded with cash proceeds from the GIC termination.

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### Bonds Payable

The Trust issues revenue bonds (SRF Bonds) in order to fund communities' construction projects under the Clean Water and Drinking Water programs. The SRF Bonds are secured by either reserve funds or loans to borrowers that are pledged as a source of payment and security, both of which are funded by the SRF program funds, or a combination thereof. The SRF Bonds are payable from borrower loan repayments, reserve fund earnings and contract assistance payments made by the Commonwealth to the Trust on behalf of the borrowers.

The following is a summary of bonds payable at June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands). More detailed information can be found in note 6 to the financial statements.

	 2013	2012	2011
Water Pollution Abatement Revenue Bonds: MWRA Loan Program South Essex Sewage District Loan Program New Bedford Loan Program Pool Loan Program	\$ 16,410 2,765 1,515 2,078,738	22,370 3,780 2,405 1,989,878	48,200 5,015 3,440 2,125,200
Subtotal revenue bonds	 2,099,428	2,018,433	2,181,855
Subordinated Revenue Refunding Bonds: MWRA Loan Program New Bedford Loan Program Pool Loan Program	 63,775 36,460 1,311,580	63,775 40,850 1,358,240	63,775 44,935 1,264,190
Subtotal revenue refunding bonds	 1,411,815	1,462,865	1,372,900
Total bonds	3,511,243	3,481,298	3,554,755
Add (deduct) unamortized amounts: Bond premium Total bonds payable, net	\$ 259,765 3,771,008	233,905 3,715,203	211,862 3,766,617

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### A summary of the Trust's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is as follows:

#### Summary of Changes in Net Position

(In thousands) June 30 Percentage change 2013 2012 2011 2013 - 2012 2012 - 2011 Loan servicing fees \$ 5,288 5,270 5,209 0.3% 1.2% Loan origination fees 1,698 2.243 129 (24.3)1,638.8 Interest income 150,066 216,039 159,922 (30.5)35.1 Contract assistance from Commonwealth of Massachusetts 33,895 36,700 35,886 (7.6)2.3 190,947 Total operating revenues 260,252 201,146 (26.6)29.4 Department of Environmental Protection programmatic support costs 8,921 11,369 10,482 (21.5)8.5 Principal forgiveness 12,335 33,693 71,018 (63.4) (52.6)General and administrative 8,440 5,046 8,842 (40.2)(4.5)Arbitrage rebate payments 6,725 10,487 1,122 (35.9)834.7 Interest expense 169,595 173,869 182,035 (2.5) (4.5) Total operating expenses 202,622 237,858 273,499 (14.8)(13.0)22,394 (152.1) Operating (loss) income (11, 675)(72, 353)131.0 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency capitalization grants 65,671 74,181 82,089 (11.5)(9.6)Commonwealth of Massachusetts 12,999 matching grants 8,896 5,961 46.1 49.2 (5.3) Total nonoperating revenues 78,670 83,077 88,050 (5.6)Increase in net position 66,995 105,471 15,697 (36.5) 571.9 Net position, beginning of year 2,003,898 1,898,427 1,882,730 5.6 0.8 2,070,893 2,003,898 1,898,427 3.3% 5.6% Net position, end of year \$

#### **Results of Operations**

For FY 2013, the Trust recorded an operating loss of \$11.7 million as compared to operating income of \$22.4 million in FY 2012. The \$34.1 million decrease in the Trust's operating income in FY 2013 was primarily attributed to FY2012 operating income including a one-time \$57.7 million gain realized on the terminations of certain GICs offset by a \$21.4 million decrease in principal forgiveness, (\$33.7 million in FY2012 to \$12.3 million in FY 2013). The principal forgiveness is primarily associated with the disbursement of ARRA capitalization grant funds received in 2011. These ARRA grants required that no less than 50% of the funds be provided as additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness, grants or negative interest loans. The Trust committed all of its ARRA project funds to additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness.

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### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2013 and 2012

Excluding the \$57.7 million gain realized on the termination of GICs, the Trust would have recorded a \$35.3 million operating loss in FY 2012 compared to an operating loss of \$72.4 million in FY 2011. The operating losses are primarily the result of principal forgiveness of \$33.7 million and \$71.0 million in FY 2012 and FY 2011, respectively.

Other significant factors contributing to the operating losses are DEP programmatic support costs of \$8.9 million, \$11.4 million and \$10.5 million, for FY 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which are program administrative costs funded by 4.0% of the capitalization grant. The capitalization grant revenues funding both the principal forgiveness and the programmatic support costs are classified as nonoperating revenue.

Additionally, the Trust adopted GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, in FY 2013 which resulted in reporting bond issue costs as general and administrative expenses rather than capitalized as an asset and amortized over the life of the bonds issued. This resulted in \$0.8 million, \$4.9 million and \$6.7 million increase to general and administrative costs in FY 2013, FY 2012 and FY 2011, respectively.

The \$4.4 million, or 5.3%, decrease in nonoperating revenue in FY 2013 reflects a decrease in the annual Clean Water and Drinking Water federal capitalization grants revenue and the related state matching grant. Revenue is recognized based on the funding availability schedule contained in the grant. For more information on grant revenue, refer to note 4.

The \$5.0 million, or 5.6%, decrease in nonoperating revenue in FY 2012 reflects a decrease in the annual Clean Water and Drinking Water federal capitalization grants revenue and the related state matching grant. Revenue is recognized based on the funding availability schedule contained in the grant. For more information on grant revenue, refer to note 4.

## **Future Economic Factors**

In August 2008, the Commonwealth enacted Chapter 312 of the Acts of 2008 of the Commonwealth, which provided for \$75 million in matching capitalization funds to the Clean Water (CW) and Drinking Water (DW) programs. The Trust estimates this amount to be sufficient to meet its Clean Water matching needs through FY2015 and Drinking Water matching needs through FY2014, assuming current federal funding levels are maintained. The Trust has submitted a request to the Legislature for an additional appropriation of \$57.0 million which would allow the Trust to continue to receive Federal Clean Water and Drinking Water grants through FY2017. The Trust expects the request to be submitted and acted upon during the 2014 legislative session.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide an overview of the financial picture of the Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust. Any further questions regarding any of the information contained within this report may be directed to the Executive Director or the Controller at 3 Center Plaza, Suite 430, Boston, MA 02108.

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#### Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### (In thousands)

		2013	2012
Assets and deferred outflows of resources:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$	454,452	357,127
Short-term investments (note 3)		43,248	3,039
Project fund investments (note 3) Grants receivable:		23,747	545
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		61,408	56,960
Commonwealth of Massachusetts		01,400	2,313
Loans receivable, net (note 5)		274,421	249,177
Accrued interest receivable		61,287	63,068
Total current assets	_	918,563	732,229
Nonoumont occate	_		·
Noncurrent assets: Project fund investments (note 3)		58,992	92,441
Loans receivable, long-term (note 5)		3,711,065	3,674,409
Long-term investments (note 3)		1,262,224	1,336,254
Other assets		1,469	2,264
Total noncurrent assets	_	5,033,750	5,105,368
Deferred outflows of resources (note 10)	_	72,071	75,400
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	_	6,024,384	5,912,997
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accrued expenses and interest payable		68,061	69,617
Unearned revenue		28,385	29,797
Loan commitments and project funds payable		23,623	
Long-term debt (note 6)		215,753	172,305
Total current liabilities		335,822	271,719
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Loan commitments and project funds payable		58,979	92,415
Liability for derivative instruments (note 9)		3,435	2,067
Long-term debt, net (note 6)		3,555,255	3,542,898
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,617,669	3,637,380
Total liabilities		3,953,491	3,909,099
Net position:			
Restricted for program purposes (note 7)		1,658,888	1,600,042
Unrestricted (note 7)		412,005	403,856
Total net position	\$	2,070,893	2,003,898
	-		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

	 2013	2012
Operating revenues: Loan servicing fees Loan origination fees Interest income Contract assistance from Commonwealth of Massachusetts	\$ 5,288 1,698 150,066 33,895	5,270 2,243 216,039 36,700
Total operating revenues	 190,947	260,252
Operating expenses: Commonwealth of Massachusetts: Department of Environmental Protection – programmatic support costs Principal forgiveness General and administrative Arbitrage rebate payments Interest expense	8,921 12,335 5,046 6,725 169,595	11,369 33,693 8,440 10,487 173,869
Total operating expenses	 202,622	237,858
Operating (loss) income	 (11,675)	22,394
Nonoperating revenue: Capitalization grant revenue: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency capitalization grants (note 4) Commonwealth of Massachusetts matching grants (note 4)	 65,671 12,999	74,181 8,896
Total nonoperating revenue	 78,670	83,077
Increase in net position	66,995	105,471
Net position – beginning of year, as restated	 2,003,898	1,898,427
Net position – end of year	\$ 2,070,893	2,003,898

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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# Statements of Cash Flows

#### Years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### (In thousands)

		2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities: Other cash received from borrowers Cash paid to vendors	\$	7,754 (21,958)	5,345 (24,256)
Net cash used in operating activities		(14,204)	(18,911)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Bonds proceeds Repayment of bonds Interest paid Proceeds from U.S. Environmental Protection Agency capitalization grants Proceeds from Commonwealth matching capitalization grants	_	242,657 (172,306) (165,171) 60,547 14,574	268,422 (303,668) (172,561) 110,991 12,943
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(19,699)	(83,873)
Cash flows from investing activities: Loans disbursed to recipients Cash received from borrowers Contract assistance received – principal Interest received Contract assistance received – interest Purchases of investments Cash received from termination of guaranteed investment contracts Sales/maturities of investments		(278,674) 177,917 26,970 127,208 35,841 (60,790)  102,756	(398,004) 173,739 29,722 164,434 35,264 (171,793) 150,437 227,510
Net cash provided by investing activities		131,228	211,309
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		97,325	108,525
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		357,127	248,602
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	454,452	357,127
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities: Operating income/(loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities: Reclassification of:	\$	(11,675)	22,394
Interest income Contract assistance Interest expense Principal forgiveness Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Other assets and liabilities, net		(150,066) (33,895) 169,595 12,335 (498)	(216,039) (36,700) 173,869 33,693 3,872
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(14,204)	(18,911)

During fiscal year 2012, the Trust issued bonds to partially refund various series of bonds. The \$154,832 bond proceeds combined with \$120,566 of cash were deposited immediately into irrevocable trust funds for the defeasance of \$261,775 of outstanding bond principal.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### MASSACHUSETTS WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT TRUST (A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

Notes to Financial Statements

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(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

#### (1) General

#### (a) Organization

The Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust (the Trust), is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commonwealth). The Trust was created by Chapter 275 of the Acts of 1989, and is governed by Chapter 29C of the Massachusetts General Laws. Pursuant to an Operating Agreement between the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), and the Trust, executed in 1993 and subsequently amended, the Trust administers the Commonwealth's Clean Water and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) programs.

Financial and management activities of the Trust are administered by employees of the Trust who fall under the Office of the State Treasurer. Project evaluation, selection, and oversight are provided by DEP employees.

The Trust is governed by a three-member board of trustees chaired by the State Treasurer and composed of the Secretary for Administration and Finance and the Commissioner of DEP. The Trust is reported as a component unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

## (b) Description of Business

The SRF programs, which were authorized by federal legislation – the Water Quality Act of 1987 for the Clean Water SRF and the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1996 for the Drinking Water SRF – provide low-cost financing to cities, towns, and other eligible borrowers primarily for the construction and improvement of drinking water and wastewater infrastructure. The Trust's SRF program's primary activities include providing low-cost financing for eligible projects funded by the issuance of debt in the capital markets, providing low cost interim financing for its borrowers, the investment of program funds, and the management and coordination of the programs.

SRF program capitalization grants are issued from the EPA to the Trust, for which the Commonwealth is required to provide 20% in matching funds. The Trust's program is leveraged by issuing bonds to provide construction proceeds for loans. Federal and state grants and other monies available to the Trust are pledged to secure the bonds by either financing reserve funds or pledged loans or a combination of both. Earnings on these pledged assets are used to pay a portion of the debt service on the related bonds, thereby reducing the borrowers' loan repayment obligation. Since 2002, the Trust has provided loans to communities at 2% interest rate. As the effective market interest rate on the bonds is higher than the 2% loan rate, borrowers receive a subsidy equal to the difference between these rates.

The SRF programs are called the State Revolving Fund programs because as borrowers pay down the principal balances of their loans and as the Trust pays principal on its SRF bonds, proportional amounts are released from the reserves and/or loans pledged to secure the related SRF bonds. These funds come back to the Trust and "revolve" or are used to establish new reserve funds or loans to

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Notes to Financial Statements

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borrowers that are pledged as a source of payment and security, for new SRF bonds or for other eligible purposes.

Funds pertaining to the SRF programs are limited to specific uses by laws and regulations as well as Grant and Operating Agreements entered into between EPA and the Commonwealth. As a result of these limitations on uses, these funds are classified as restricted on the statements of net position.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Trust conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to government enterprises. The following is a summary of the Trust's significant accounting policies:

#### (a) Basis of Presentation

The Trust's financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) requirements for a special purpose entity engaged solely in business-types activities. The more significant account policies are described below.

During 2013, the Trust implemented GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which resulted in the recognition of certain amounts as deferred inflows/outflows rather than assets/liabilities. The Trust also implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which resulted in the write off of bond issue costs as of July 1, 2011.

#### (b) Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues, including interest income, and expenses are generated through the issuance of loans to local government units within the Commonwealth. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Funding from federal capitalization grants and state matching grants are recorded as nonoperating revenue. Federal capitalization revenue is recognized in accordance with funding availability schedules contained within the individual grant agreements. Revenue recognition associated with these grants is based on the standard principles of eligibility, including timing requirements.

The Trust's recent federal capitalization grants beginning with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) grant received in 2009, required that a portion of the grant funds be provided as additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness, grants, or negative interest loans. The Trust provides the additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness, which has been recorded as an operating expense.

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(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

#### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Trust's policy is to treat all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash and cash equivalents.

#### (d) Investments

The Trust's investment guidelines permit investment of funds in obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States of America or the short-term external investment pool, the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT), managed by the Commonwealth, as well as in time-deposits, guaranteed investment contracts, repurchase agreements, and other permitted investments such as qualified municipal obligations.

Investments are generally carried at fair value. The investment in MMDT is valued at share price and the investment in U.S. Treasury securities are carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) are considered nonparticipating investment contracts and therefore are recorded at amortized cost.

Under the Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust Program Resolutions and bond resolutions entered into in connection with the issuance of bonds by the Trust (the Resolutions), the Trust must maintain certain investment funds in the SRF programs. The types of funds held by the Trustees are in the following accounts:

*Equity Accounts* – The equity accounts consist of cash and cash equivalents that are currently invested in MMDT. The equity accounts comprise both a federal program account and a state account and can be used for programmatic costs and operating expenses within the SRF programs. These funds are derived from: (1) funds drawn by the Trust from federal capitalization grants and Commonwealth matching funds; (2) other amounts paid to the Trust representing financial assistance provided pursuant to the Act for purposes of deposit in the SRF programs; (3) other amounts appropriated to the Trust by the Commonwealth for purposes of the SRF programs; (4) direct loan repayments; (5) interest earnings on investments or deposits of amounts held in the equity accounts; and (6) amounts transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund as a result of loan repayments in accordance with the provisions specified in the Resolutions.

*Interim Loan Accounts* – The interim loan accounts have been established to fund temporary loans in anticipation of permanent leveraged borrowings. The source of funds is the equity accounts.

*Project Accounts* – The project accounts disburse bond proceeds to borrowers as needed. These funds are restricted by the bond resolutions and are to be applied solely to the payment or refinancing of costs associated with the applicable project. When all costs have been paid, any amounts remaining unexpended in the project accounts will normally be applied to the repayment of the applicable borrower's principal.

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(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

*Debt Service Reserve Accounts* – Debt service reserve accounts consist of reserves established as security to bonds issued by the Trust. The amount deposited in each debt service reserve account is determined at the time of the issuance of the bonds, and has varied from 33% to 50% of the par amount of the bonds issued. Debt Service Reserve Funds are funded from cash, and deposits are transferred from the equity accounts. Interest earnings on the debt service reserve accounts are used for debt service payments.

*Debt Service Accounts* – Debt service accounts are used as a pass-through of principal and interest to the bondholders. The debt service accounts are also used to hold accrued interest on the bonds to be applied to pay a portion of the interest due on the bonds.

## (e) Loan Origination Fees and Costs of Issuance

The Trust requires payment of loan origination fees at the time of the first debt service payment. This origination fee revenue is recorded at the time of the bond closing which is when these fees are earned. Costs of issuance related to the bonds are recorded to general and administrative expenses when incurred.

The Trust previously reported bond issuance costs in other assets to the extent they were not offset by origination fees charged to the borrowers. These remaining costs were then amortized over the life of the bonds. The implementation of GASB Statement No 65 resulted in the write-off of bond issue costs as of July 1, 2011.

Prior to FY 2007, fees received and certain direct costs incurred, relating to the origination of loans, have been deferred and are being paid by certain borrowers with their respective loans receivable.

## (f) Risk Financing

The Trust is not insured for casualty, theft, tort claims, or other losses. No amounts have been accrued for such losses as they are not considered material. As discussed in note 1, all financial, management, and project oversight activities are provided by employees of the State Treasurer's Office, DEP, and the Executive Office for Administration and Finance. These employees are covered under the Commonwealth's existing employee benefit programs. The cost of these programs is allocated to the Trust, through a fringe benefit allocation. Costs in excess of this amount are borne by the Commonwealth. As a result, no liabilities for employee-related activities have been recorded by the Trust.

## (g) Bond Premium

Bond premium, included in long-term debt, is amortized on a straight-line basis, which approximates the effective interest basis, over the life of the associated bond issue.

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#### (h) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (i) Derivatives

The Trust complies with GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. This statement requires that derivative instruments be reported as assets or liabilities at fair value on the statement of net position. Changes in fair value are reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, depending on whether the derivative instrument qualifies for hedge accounting.

### (j) Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The Trust accounts for certain transactions that result in the consumption or acquisition of one period that are applicable to future periods as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, respectively, to distinguish them from assets and liabilities. For fiscal 2013 and 2012, the Trust has reported deferred outflows of resources pertaining to its hedging derivative instrument and to the deferred losses on its debt refunding transactions.

#### (k) Reclassifications

During 2013, the Trust implemented GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which resulted in the recognition of certain amounts as deferred inflows/outflows rather than assets/liabilities. The Trust also implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which resulted in the write off of bond issue costs as of July 1, 2011.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the FY 2012 balances to conform to the presentation used in FY 2013.

#### (l) Restatement

As a result of implementing GASB Statement Nos. 63 and 65, the Trust restated its net position at July 1, 2011 of \$1.905 billion to \$1.898 billion as a result of writing off previously capitalized bond issue costs.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013 and 2012

(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

#### (3) **Deposits and Investments**

The Trust complies with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*. Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are separately held by several of the Trust's funds.

#### (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Trust's cash and cash equivalents consist of the equity accounts previously discussed in note 2 as well as project funds that have not yet been disbursed. The project funds are held by the Bond Trustees and disbursed in accordance with executed loan agreements. A small portion of the cash and cash equivalents is held to pay the administrative costs of the Trust.

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in the MMDT. For purposes of risk categorization, MMDT shares are not categorized. The fair value of the Trust's position in MMDT is at unit value.

*Custodial Credit Risk* – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Trust's deposits may not be returned to it. Cash balances represent amounts held in bank depository accounts that may be subject to custodial credit risk. The Trust had no significant amount of cash on deposit with banks at June 30, 2013 and 2012.

## (b) Investments

*Custodial Credit Risk – Investments –* Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Trust will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Trust requires that all investment agreements be collateralized either upon execution of such agreement or upon the happening of certain events, and at all times thereafter, by securities or other obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States, by certain federal agencies or corporations or, in some cases, by corporate or municipal issuers rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aaa" by Moody's, having a market value of not less than 102% of the amount currently on deposit or in accordance with their respective agreement.

*Credit Risk* – The majority of the Trust's investments are in Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) or in Treasury or agency securities. The Treasury and agency securities are all backed by the federal government. The GICs either have collateral requirements in place upon execution of the investment agreement, or have triggered collateral requirements under which, upon a rating downgrade below a specified level, the counterparty is typically required to do one of three actions: 1) post collateral to a level sufficient to maintain an AA rating, 2) assign the investment contract to a new counterparty that has at least a AA rating, or 3) provide credit enhancement to maintain a rating on the investment contract of at least AA. MMDT and the GICs are not rated.

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*Interest Rate Risk* – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the Trust's investments. The Trust limits its exposure to interest rate risk by entering into guaranteed investment contracts and federally guaranteed fixed income securities for all of its long-term investments upon which the Trust relies to meet its obligations.

The value and maturities of the Trust's investments are presented below:

		Investment maturities (in years)					
Investment type	2013	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10		
Debt securities:							
Guaranteed investment							
contracts \$	801,849	102,502	253,291	269,949	176,107		
U.S. Treasuries – federally							
guaranteed	463,260	28,540	121,252	141,345	252,538		
Cash equivalents:							
Massachusetts Municipal							
Depository Trust							
(MMDT)	577,554	577,554					
Total investments \$	1,842,663	708,596	374,543	411,294	428,645		

		<b>Investment maturities (in years)</b>					
Investment type	2012	Less than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10		
Debt securities:							
Guaranteed investment							
contracts S	856,386	94,795	254,011	283,559	224,021		
U.S. Treasuries – federally							
guaranteed	482,907	27,791	125,252	142,821	275,601		
Cash equivalents:							
Massachusetts Municipal							
Depository Trust							
(MMDT)	450,113	450,113					
Total investments	6 1,789,406	572,699	379,263	426,380	499,622		

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*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The issuers where investments exceeded 5% of the Trust's total investments are as follows:

	Percenta total invest	
	2013	2012
Provider:		
Dexia Credit Local/FSA Capital Management		
Services, LLC	19%	19%
NATIXIS Funding Corp.	15	16
Trinity Funding Company, LLC	12	11
Citigroup	9	9

On April 30, 2012, the Trust terminated \$119.1 million of GICs with Trinity Funding Company, LLC (Trinity). The Trust received \$150.4 million in cash proceeds from Trinity which included a make-whole payment of \$29.9 million which has been recorded as interest income in the 2012 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The Trust used the cash proceeds to refund a portion of its outstanding bonds, refer to note 6.

## (4) Capitalization Grants

The Trust is awarded Clean Water and Drinking Water grants from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. These grants require that the Trust enter into binding commitments with local government units within one year of the receipt of each federal grant payment to provide assistance in an amount equal to 120% (including 20% state matching grants) of each grant award. Each federal capitalization grant contains federally mandated set-asides, including a 4% administrative allowance, that result in total grant funding actually being 83.3% federal and 16.7% state.

The total grants awarded for the Trust's fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

		Clean Wate	er Program	Drinking Water Program		
	_	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Federal capitalization State match on federal funds	\$	47,985 9,597	50,136 10,027	17,012 3,402	17,278 3,456	
Total capitalization		57,582	60,163	20,414	20,734	
Less administrative allowance and set asides		(2,303)	(2,406)	(5,187)	(5,356)	
Project capitalization	\$	55,279	57,757	15,227	15,378	

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#### (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

The periodic cash draws by the Trust on federal grants are based on the amount of incurred costs for certain eligible projects or activities. Federal capitalization revenue is recognized in accordance with funding availability schedules contained within the individual grant agreements.

The following table depicts the Trust's capitalization grant revenue by grant:

		Clean Water		Drinking	g Water	Total Programs		
	-	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Federal FY 2012 grant Federal FY 2011 grant Federal FY 2010 grant	\$	35,988 12,534 —	37,602 17,294	12,549 4,600	12,959 6,326	48,537 17,134 	50,561 23,620	
Total grant revenue – EPA	\$	48,522	54,896	17,149	19,285	65,671	74,181	
State match – FY 2012 grant State match – FY 2011 grant	\$	9,597	5,440	3,346 56	3,456	12,943 56	8,896	
Total grant revenue – state match	\$	9,597	5,440	3,402	3,456	12,999	8,896	

#### (5) Loans Receivable and Bonds Purchased

The Trust provides low-cost financing to cities, towns, and other eligible borrowers primarily for the construction and improvement of drinking water and wastewater infrastructure. These loans are provided under the Trust's Clean Water, Drinking Water, and Title V – Community Septic Management Programs.

Each loan to a borrower made with the proceeds of the Trust's SRF bonds is in the form of either a loan or the bond purchase agreement. Pursuant to an agreement with the EPA, projects financed for greater than 20 years are financed through a bond purchase agreement. Both forms of assistance are referred to as "leveraged loans" and are made pursuant to a financing agreement between the Trust and the borrower. Pursuant to the financing agreements, each borrower delivers its own general or special obligation bond to the Trust referred to as a "local bond," in order to secure its loan repayment obligations. The Trust makes loans under its Clean Water SRF program with terms up to 30 years from project completion and under its Drinking Water SRF program up to 20 years from project completion, but in no event does the Trust make a loan longer than the expected useful life of the project financed or refinanced by such loan.

The Trust recognizes the need for construction funds to be available to borrowers throughout the year, not simply at the time of an annual Trust bond issue. This need is addressed by making funds available to eligible projects through the interim loan program. Interim loans are temporary loans provided by the Trust to local governmental units or other eligible borrowers in accordance with a financing agreement for all or any part of the cost of a project in anticipation of a leveraged loan.

In addition, the Trust will from time to time provide direct loans. Direct loans are loans subject to repayment, provided to local governmental units or other eligible borrowers with SRF equity funds rather than bond proceeds.

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A summary of loan receivables as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

	_	2013	2012
Leveraged loans or bonds purchased Direct loans Interim loans Principal forgiveness	\$	3,932,718 14,986 221,956 (184,174)	3,796,500 79,977 241,174 (194,065)
Total loans receivable	_	3,985,486	3,923,586
Less current portion loans receivable	_	274,421	249,177
Long-term portion – loans receivable	\$	3,711,065	3,674,409

The interim loan receivable balances were \$221,955 and \$241,174 as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Additionally, the interim loan balances represent disbursements of construction funds of \$184,174 and \$194,065, respectively, to borrowers for which a subsidy was provided in the form of principal forgiveness. The interim loan amounts will be legally forgiven as the applicable projects are completed.

The Series 17 bond issue occurred in May 2013 and interim loans totaling \$161,508 and direct loans totaling \$64,321 were permanently financed as part of the Series 17 bond issue.

The Series 16 bond issue occurred in June 2012 and interim loans totaling \$221,865 and direct loans totaling \$23,463 were permanently financed as part of the Series 16 bond issue. An additional \$52,038 of interim loans were financed as direct loans in June 2012.

Aggregate principal maturities on leveraged loans receivable or bonds purchased are as follows (in thousands):

Years ending June 30:	
2014	\$ 235,846
2015	241,113
2016	234,856
2017	239,777
2018	231,351
2019 - 2023	1,118,110
2024 - 2028	864,102
2029 - 2033	523,866
2034 - 2038	187,502
2039 - 2043	 56,195
Total leveraged loans or bonds purchased	\$ 3,932,718

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The Trust's loans to its borrowers are subsidized by interest earnings on Debt Service Reserve Funds and contract assistance provided to the Trust by the Commonwealth. Although borrowers are obligated to the Trust to make scheduled payments, both of these subsidies are expected to be available for the lives of the financing agreements. The Commonwealth has committed to provide contract assistance in the amount of \$496 million. This obligation of the Commonwealth to the Trust is a general obligation of the Commonwealth, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Annual appropriations are made each year by the Commonwealth to fund the current year's obligation.

For the leveraged bond purchase program, pursuant to an agreement with the Commonwealth, contract assistance is drawn in an amount as if the financing was for a 20-year period. The amount that is not currently needed is invested at the applicable bond yield and used to fund the subsidy in years 21 to 30.

#### (6) **Bonds Payable**

The Trust issues special obligation bonds under its SRF programs to provide financial assistance to eligible borrowers. The financial assistance is provided pursuant to leveraged loans and bond purchase agreements between the Trust and each borrower as described in note 5.

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Notes to Financial Statements

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(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

The following is a summary of bonds payable at June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	Beginning balance, June 30, 2012		Additions	Reductions	Ending balance, June 30, 2013	Due within one year
Water Pollution Abatement Revenue Bonds	:					
MWRA Loan Program:						
Series 1993A, 4.5% to 5.45%,						
issued March 18, 1993,						
due 2000 to 2013	\$	600		600		
Series 1993B, 4.3% to 5.25%,						
issued January 6, 1994,						
due 2000 to 2014		1,005	_	390	615	300
Series 1995A, 4.5% to 6.0%,						
issued November 21, 1995,		105		<i></i>	70	70
due 2000 to 2015		135		65	70	70
Series 1998A, 4.0% to						
5.375%, issued July 9, 1998,		1 (05		0.45	2 ((0)	970
due 2000 to 2018		4,605	_	945	3,660	860
Series 2002A, 3.0% to 5.25% issued October 15, 2002,						
due 2003 to 2032		16,025		2.060	12.065	1.015
due 2003 to 2032		10,025		3,960	12,065	1,015
South Essex Sewage District						
Loan Program:						
Series 1994A, 5.3% to 6.375%,						
issued November 1, 1994,						
due 2001 to 2015		1,240		485	755	365
Series 1996A, 4.25% to 6.0%,						
issued December 5, 1996,						
due 2000 to 2016		2,540		530	2,010	545
New Bedford Loan Program:						
Series 1996A, 4.8% to 6.0%,						
issued July 10, 1996,						
due 2000 to 2016		2,405	—	890	1,515	730

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## June 30, 2013 and 2012

# (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

	Beginning balance, June 30, 2012		Additions	Reductions	Ending balance, June 30, 2013	Due within one year
Pool Loan Program:						
Series 1, 4.75% to 5.6%,						
issued July 14, 1993,						
due 2000 to 2013	\$	113	_	90	23	23
Series 2, 4.9% to 6.125%,						
issued June 1, 1995,						
due 2001 to 2015		565	_	270	295	190
Series 3, 4.6% to 6.0%,						
issued April 29, 1997,						
due 2001 to 2017		340	_	255	85	85
Series 4, 4.0% to 5.125%,						
issued December 9, 1998,						
due 2000 to 2018		8,520	—	4,735	3,785	1,025
Series 6, 4.5% to 5.66%						
issued November 6, 2000,						
due 2001 to 2030	-	20,600	—	410	20,190	1,675
Series 7, 3.0% to 5.25%						
issued July 15, 2001,						
due 2001 to 2031		9,270	_	640	8,630	560
Series 8, 3.0% to 5.0%,						
issued November 15, 2002,						
due 2003 to 2032		32,835	—	11,795	21,040	2,065
Series 9, 2.0% to 5.0%,						
issued October 10, 2003,						
due 2004 to 2033	8	84,205	—	11,945	72,260	12,370
Series 10, 2.5% to 5.25%,						
issued August 25, 2004,						
due 2005 to 2034	,	71,540	—	12,225	59,315	12,675
Series 11, 3.0% to 5.25%,						
issued October 19, 2005,						
due 2006 to 2035	9	90,675	—	11,680	78,995	11,975
Series 12, 3.0% to 5.25%,						
issued December 14, 2006,						
due 2007 to 2036	32	27,600		16,340	311,260	16,760

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## Notes to Financial Statements

### June 30, 2013 and 2012

# (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

	J	Beginning balance, une 30, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance, June 30, 2013	Due within one year
Series 13, 3.75% to 5.0%,						
issued December 18, 2007, due 2008 to 2037 Series 14, 1.0% to 5.0%,	\$	308,000		12,210	295,790	12,570
issued March 18, 2009, due 2009 to 2038 Series 15, 2.0% to 5.192%,		363,825		15,255	348,570	15,630
issued July 8, 2010, due 2012 to 2040 Series 16A and B, 2.0% to 5.0%, issued June 13, 2012,		431,205		15,540	415,665	16,080
due 2013 to 2042 Series 17A and B, 0.25% to 5.0%,		240,585		—	240,585	6,500
issued May 22, 2013, due 2014 to 2043		_	202,250	_	202,250	8,160
Subordinated Revenue Refunding Bonds: New Bedford Loan Program: Series 1998A, 4.0% to 5.25%, issued December 23, 1998, due 2001 to 2026 MWRA Loan Program: Series 1999A, 4.2% to 6.0%,		40,850		4,390	36,460	_
issued November 3, 1999, due 2000 to 2029		63,775		_	63,775	155
Pool Program Refunding Bonds: Series A and B, 2.0% to 5.25%, issued August 25, 2004, due 2005 to 2028 Series 2006, 3.0% to 5.25%,		575,375		33,695	541,680	62,210
issued December 14, 2006 due 2007 to 2034 Series 2009A, 2.0% to 5.0%,		408,215		_	408,215	—
issued July 30, 2009 due 2010 to 2029 Series 2010A, 3.0% to 5.0%,		201,825		12,965	188,860	13,525
issued July 8, 2010 due 2014 to 2026 Series 2012A and B, 3.0% to 5.0%,		41,990		—	41,990	4,560
issued June 13, 2012 due 2013 to 2032		130,835		_	130,835	13,075
Subtotal		3,481,298	202,250	172,305	3,511,243	215,753
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	_	233,905	40,407	14,547	259,765	
Total bonds payable	\$	3,715,203	242,657	186,852	3,771,008	215,753
	-	27				(Continued

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(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

The following is a summary of bonds payable at June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	Beginning balance, June 30, 2011		balance,		Ending balance, June 30, 2012	Due within one year
Water Pollution Abatement Revenue Bonds	:					
MWRA Loan Program:						
Series 1993A, 4.5% to 5.45%,						
issued March 18, 1993,	¢	1 1 6 5		575	(00	<b>COO</b>
due 2000 to 2013	\$	1,165		565	600	600
Series 1993B, 4.3% to 5.25%,						
issued January 6, 1994, due 2000 to 2014		1,470		465	1,005	390
Series 1995A, 4.5% to 6.0%,		1,470		403	1,005	390
issued November 21, 1995,						
due 2000 to 2015		390		255	135	65
Series 1998A, 4.0% to		570		255	155	05
5.375%, issued July 9, 1998,						
due 2000 to 2018		5,635	_	1,030	4,605	945
Series 2002A, 3.0% to 5.25%		0,000		1,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10
issued October 15, 2002,						
due 2003 to 2032		39,540	_	23,515	16,025	3,960
South Essex Sewage District						
Loan Program:						
Series 1994A, 5.3% to 6.375%,						
issued November 1, 1994,						
due 2001 to 2015		1,850	—	610	1,240	485
Series 1996A, 4.25% to 6.0%,						
issued December 5, 1996,						
due 2000 to 2016		3,165	_	625	2,540	530
New Bedford Loan Program:						
Series 1996A, 4.8% to 6.0%,						
issued July 10, 1996,		2 4 4 0		1.025	2 405	800
due 2000 to 2016		3,440	_	1,035	2,405	890

(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

## Notes to Financial Statements

## June 30, 2013 and 2012

# (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

	b	eginning palance, e 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance, June 30, 2012	Due within one year
Pool Loan Program:						
Series 1, 4.75% to 5.6%,						
issued July 14, 1993,						
due 2000 to 2013	\$	260		147	113	90
Series 2, 4.9% to 6.125%,						
issued June 1, 1995,						
due 2001 to 2015		905		340	565	270
Series 3, 4.6% to 6.0%,						
issued April 29, 1997,						
due 2001 to 2017		770		430	340	255
Series 4, 4.0% to 5.125%,						
issued December 9, 1998,						
due 2000 to 2018		16,935		8,415	8,520	4,735
Series 5, 4.25% to 5.75%,						
issued October 6, 1999,						
due 2000 to 2029		32,695		32,695		—
Series 6, 4.5% to 5.66%						
issued November 6, 2000,						
due 2001 to 2030		46,080	_	25,480	20,600	410
Series 7, 3.0% to 5.25%						
issued July 15, 2001,						
due 2001 to 2031		127,955	_	118,685	9,270	640
Series 8, 3.0% to 5.0%,						
issued November 15, 2002,						
due 2003 to 2032		80,765		47,930	32,835	11,795
Series 9, 2.0% to 5.0%,						
issued October 10, 2003,						
due 2004 to 2033		95,765	—	11,560	84,205	11,945
Series 10, 2.5% to 5.25%,						
issued August 25, 2004,						
due 2005 to 2034		83,450	—	11,910	71,540	12,225
Series 11, 3.0% to 5.25%,						
issued October 19, 2005,						
due 2006 to 2035		152,910	—	62,235	90,675	11,680
Series 12, 3.0% to 5.25%,						
issued December 14, 2006,						
due 2007 to 2036		343,540	—	15,940	327,600	16,340

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## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013 and 2012

(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

		Beginning balance, 1ne 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance, June 30, 2012	Due within one year
Series 13, 3.75% to 5.0%,						
issued December 18, 2007, due 2008 to 2037 Series 14, 1.0% to 5.0%,	\$	319,890	—	11,890	308,000	12,210
issued March 18, 2009, due 2009 to 2038 Series 15, 2.0% to 5.192%,		378,760	—	14,935	363,825	15,255
issued July 8, 2010, due 2012 to 2040 Series 16A and B, 2.0% to 5.0%,		444,520	_	13,315	431,205	15,540
issued June 13, 2012, due 2013 to 2032		—	240,585		240,585	
Subordinated Revenue Refunding Bonds: New Bedford Loan Program: Series 1998A, 4.0% to 5.25%, issued December 23, 1998,						
due 2001 to 2026 MWRA Loan Program: Series 1999A, 4.2% to 6.0%,		44,935	_	4,085	40,850	4,390
issued November 3, 1999, due 2000 to 2029		63,775	_	_	63,775	_
Pool Program Refunding Bonds: Series A and B, 2.0% to 5.25%, issued August 25, 2004,						
due 2005 to 2028 Series 2006, 3.0% to 5.25%,		610,680	—	35,305	575,375	33,695
issued December 14, 2006 due 2007 to 2034 Series 2009A, 2.0% to 5.0%,		408,215	_	_	408,215	_
issued July 30, 2009 due 2010 to 2029 Series 2010A, 3.0% to 5.0%,		203,305	—	1,480	201,825	12,965
issued July 8, 2010 due 2014 to 2026 Series 2012A and B, 3.0% to 5.0%,		41,990		_	41,990	_
issued June 13, 2012 due 2013 to 2032	_		130,835		130,835	
Subtotal		3,554,755	371,420	444,877	3,481,298	172,305
Add: Unamortized bond premiums		211,862	51,834	29,791	233,905	
Total bonds payable	\$	3,766,617	423,254	474,668	3,715,203	172,305

### MASSACHUSETTS WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT TRUST (A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013 and 2012

(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

All bonds are payable from amounts pledged pursuant to the Water Pollution Abatement Project Bond Resolutions, which include payments by local governmental units of principal and interest on the loans and amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Funds. Pursuant to the Commonwealth Assistance Contract (the Contract), the Commonwealth has agreed to provide Contract Assistance payments to the Trust to reduce the payments by local government units. The Contract is not pledged as security for the bonds; however, the Contract Assistance payments, when received by the Trust, are pledged as security for the bonds.

On May 8, 2013, the Trust issued Series 17 bonds in the amount of \$202,250 consisting of \$185,605 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries 17A and \$16,645 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries 17B (Federally Taxable). These monies were used to finance water pollution abatement and drinking water projects in 79 communities. Proceeds in the amount of \$158.7 million were applied to fund loans for projects under the clean water SRF and \$67.4 million of proceeds were applied to fund loans for projects under the drinking water SRF. The Trust anticipates expending all of the proceeds within two years. The Trust pledged \$70.7 million of direct loans for projects under the clean water SRF and \$27.1 million of Direct Loans for projects under the drinking water SRF. The interest payments on these Series 17 pledged direct loans will be used to pay a portion of the debt service due on the Series 17 bonds.

On June 13, 2012, the Trust issued Series 16 bonds in the amount of \$240,585 consisting of \$80,185 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries 16A and \$160,400 State Revolving Fund Bonds, Subseries B. These monies were used to finance water pollution abatement and drinking water projects in 58 communities. Proceeds in the amount of \$202.1 million were applied to fund loans for projects under the clean water SRF and \$65.2 million of proceeds were applied to fund loans for projects under the drinking water SRF. The Trust anticipates expending all of the proceeds within two years. Concurrently with the issuance of the Series 16 bonds, the Trust financed \$121.2 million of Series 16 Direct Loans. The interest payments on the Series 16 Direct Loans will be used to pay a portion of the debt service due on the Series 16 bonds.

On June 13, 2012, the Trust issued \$130,835 State Revolving Fund Refunding Bonds (at a true interest cost of 2.61%) to refund, \$7.5 million of the Trust's Pool Program Series 4 bonds; \$30.9 million of the Trust's Series 5 bonds; \$23.4 million of the Trust's Pool Program Series 6 bonds; \$93.1 million of the Trust's Pool Program Series 7 bonds; \$36.4 million of the Trust's Pool Program Series 8 bonds; and \$19.7 million of the Trust's MWRA Loan Program 2002A bonds. These bonds also advance refunded \$50.8 million of the Trust's Pool Program Series 11 bonds.

The Trust used bond proceeds from the refunding bonds in addition to \$120.5 million of proceeds received from terminating certain GIC investments with Trinity, refer to note 3(b). These proceeds were deposited with an escrow agent to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the financial statements. The total debt defeased through this new issue was \$261.8 million, for a savings of \$21.6 million, resulting in an economic gain (net present value) of \$17.3 million. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$7.8 million.

(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013 and 2012

# (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

On March 1, 2012, the Trust issued \$100,000 State Revolving Fund Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 16. The Notes were issued by the Trust to finance water pollution abatement and drinking water projects. The Notes were scheduled to mature March 1, 2013; however, they were repaid with the proceeds from the Series 16 bonds.

At June 30, 2013, debt service requirements to maturity for principal and interest are as follows:

	_	Total debt service	Principal	Interest
Year ending June 30:				
2014	\$	377,415	215,753	161,662
2015		374,993	220,115	154,878
2016		368,973	224,155	144,818
2017		354,455	219,960	134,495
2018		343,183	219,505	123,678
2019 - 2023		1,486,921	1,028,375	458,546
2024 - 2028		992,191	755,575	236,616
2029 - 2033		520,051	422,715	97,336
2034 - 2038		188,839	160,255	28,584
2039 - 2043	_	48,971	44,835	4,136
Total debt service requirements	\$	5,055,992	3,511,243	1,544,749

In prior years, the Trust has deposited bond proceeds from refunding bonds with an escrow agent to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has removed from the financial statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013 and 2012

# (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

The balances of bonds defeased "in substance" in prior years and still outstanding as of June 30 are as follows (in thousands):

		Outstanding principal amount			
Description	Redemption date	2013	2012		
MWRA Loan Program:					
Series 1993A	November 3, 1999 \$	S —	5,360		
Series 1993B	November 3, 1999	11,975	17,405		
Series 1995A	November 3, 1999	17,795	23,060		
Series 1998A	November 3, 1999	46,680	53,260		
Series 1999A	August 25, 2004	47,925	51,410		
Series 1999A	August 11, 2009	153,240	164,680		
Series 2002A	August 25, 2004	26,980	26,980		
Series 2002A	December 14, 2006	30,875	30,875		
Series 2002A	June 13, 2012	19,660	19,660		
New Bedford Loan Program:					
Series 1996A	December 23, 1998	27,670	35,945		
Series 1998A	July 8, 2010	46,195	46,195		
South Essex Sewage District Loan Program:					
Series 1994A	July 15, 2001	11,865	17,110		
Series 1996A	July 15, 2001	18,925	23,275		
	0019 10, 2001	10,720	,		
Pool Loan Program: Pool 1	July 15, 2001	1 275	2 675		
Pool 2	July 15, 2001	1,275 7,205	3,675 10,385		
Pool 3	July 15, 2001 July 15, 2001	27,515	33,510		
Pool 4	August 25, 2004	41,685	41,685		
Pool 4	June 13, 2012	7,505	7,505		
Pool 5	August 25, 2004	92,640	106,700		
Pool 5	June 13, 2012	29,370	30,940		
Pool 6	August 25, 2004	132,500	143,960		
Pool 6	June 13, 2012	21,905	23,390		
Pool 7	August 25, 2004	54,080	59,330		
Pool 7	June 13, 2012	72,550	93,055		
Pool 8	August 25, 2004	105,045	105,045		
Pool 8	June 13, 2012	36,445	36,445		
Pool 9	December 14, 2006	139,560	139,560		
Pool 10	December 14, 2006	168,620	168,620		
Pool 11	December 14, 2006	87,735	87,735		
Pool 11	June 13, 2012	50,780	50,780		
Pool 12	August 11, 2009	31,430	31,430		
			21,.23		

(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

When the Trust refunds or advance refunds its bonds, it calculates the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The resulting accounting gain or loss is then amortized over the life of the refunding bonds. The net unamortized excess of reacquisition price and the net carrying value of the defeased bonds is recorded in deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

Excess of reacquisition price over net carrying value of defeased bonds

	 2013	2012
Beginning Balance	\$ 73,333	78,608
Additions		6,342
Reductions	 (4,697)	(11,617)
Ending Balance	\$ 68,636	73,333

#### (7) Net position

As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Trust has restricted net position in the amount of \$1.7 billion and \$1.6 billion, respectively, and unrestricted net position in the amount of \$412 million and \$404 million, respectively. Restricted net position represents capitalization grants received cumulative to date from the EPA and corresponding matching amounts received from the Commonwealth. The capitalization grants are restricted to provide financial assistance, but not grants, to local communities and interstate agencies for the construction of wastewater treatment works, drinking water infrastructure improvements, and other related projects as described in note 1.

## (8) Commitment

As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Trust has agreed to provide loans to various local government units amounting to approximately \$53.2 million and \$90.9 million, respectively, excluding loans amounts already disbursed, which will be funded or collateralized with grant awards received by the Trust.

## (9) **Derivative Transactions**

#### Interest Rate Swap Agreements – \$77,255,000 dated November 21, 2006

*Objective of the Interest Rate Swap* – As a means to lower its borrowings costs, when compared with fixed-rate bonds at the time of their issuance in November 2006, the Trust entered into two interest rate swap agreements in connection with its Pool Program Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 bonds. The intention of the swaps was to hedge the Trust's exposure to interest rate risk by effectively changing the Trust's variable rate bonds maturing in 2022 and 2023 to a synthetic fixed rate of 3.88% and 3.90%, respectively. The Series 2006 carry an interest rate indexed to the Municipal Consumer Price Index (Muni-CPI).

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2013 and 2012

#### (Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

*Terms* – Under the terms of these swaps, the Trust agrees to receive a variable rate, based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI), equal to the amounts due on variable rate bonds issued by the Trust concurrently with the execution of the swap agreement. The Trust agrees to pay a fixed rate to the counterparty. Payments are made semiannually, due August 1 and February 1 of each year, on the same schedule as the fixed rate bonds issued in December 2006. The counterparty is JP Morgan Chase & Co. JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. The terms of each swap agreement are summarized below:

	_	2022 Termination	2023 Termination
Trade date		November 21, 2006	November 21, 2006
Effective date		December 14, 2006	December 14, 2006
Termination date		August 1, 2022	August 1, 2023
Notional amount	\$	30,650,000	46,605,000
Fair value at June 30, 2013		(2,089,135)	(1,345,997)
Fair value at June 30, 2012		(805,070)	(1,261,527)
Variable rate bond coupon payments		Muni-CPI* rate	Muni-CPI* rate
		+0.99%	+0.99%
Variable rate payment from counterparty		Muni-CPI* rate	Muni-CPI* rate
		+0.99%	+0.99%
Fixed rate payment to counterparty		3.88%	3.90%
Synthetic fixed rate on bonds		3.88	3.90

\* Muni-CPI rate is equal to the quotient of (1) the Reference CPI-U for the current debt service payment date minus the prior Reference CPI-U divided by (2) the prior Reference CPI-U. Reference refers to 3 months preceding the debt service payment date. Prior Reference period refers to 15 months preceding the debt service payment date.

*Fair Value* – The swaps had an aggregate negative fair value as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, which means on the August 1, 2013 debt service payment date the Trust will make a payment to the swap counterparty. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of these swaps is reflected as a liability for derivative instruments and deferred outflows of resources in the accompanying financial statements. The fair value of the derivative was estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments/receipts required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of the swap.

*Credit Risk* – As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the Trust is not exposed to credit risk because the swaps had a negative fair value. Prior to January 5, 2009, the swap counterparty was Bear Stearns Capital Markets, Inc. As of January 5, 2009, the counterparty is JP Morgan Chase & Co. JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. and is rated AA-/Aa1/AA-by Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, and Fitch Ratings, respectively. To mitigate credit risk, the Trust has the right to terminate the swap upon a ratings downgrade by the

### MASSACHUSETTS WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT TRUST (A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts)

Notes to Financial Statements

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(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

counterparty's credit support provider below BBB-/Baa3 by Standard & Poor's, and Moody's Investors Service, respectively.

*Termination Risk* – The swap contract uses the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. In addition, the Trust may terminate upon a ratings downgrade by the counterparty, as described above. The Trust and the counterparty may terminate if either party fails to perform under the terms of the Contract. If at the time of termination, the swap has a negative fair value, the Trust would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value. The source of funds for this payment is from "legally available funds." Legally available funds is defined as, "funds held in the Trust's Federal Clean Water State Revolving Fund or Drinking Water State Revolving Fund...only to the extent that Congress passes a law or EPA adopts a regulation or issues an opinion or other notice...making such amounts legally available to pay settlement amounts."

*Swap Payments and Hedged Debt* – In accordance with the swap agreement, the variable rate is calculated using the preceding 3 months' Muni-CPI rate with settlement payments made on the debt service payment dates of February 1 and August 1. As of June 30, 2013, the variable rate was calculated using the May 31, 2013 Muni-CPI rate. Assuming this rate remains the same, the debt service requirements of the variable rate debt and the net swap payments are presented in the table below. As the Muni-CPI rate varies, the variable rate payments on the bonds and the variable rate receipts from the swap are equal, the net debt service will remain fixed.

	 Variable	rate bonds <sup>1</sup>	Net swap	Total
	Principal	Interest	payments <sup>2</sup>	debt service
Fiscal year ending June 30:				
2014	\$ 	1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2015		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2016		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2017		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2018		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2019		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2020		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2021		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2022		1,802,103	1,204,712	3,006,815
2023	30,650,000	1,444,622	967,583	33,062,205
2024	46,605,000	543,570	365,227	47,513,797

<sup>1</sup> Calculated rate uses May 31, 2013 Muni-CPI rate to reflect debt service payment for August 1, 2013.

<sup>2</sup> A positive net swap payment requires a payment from the Trust to the counterparty.

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(Dollars in thousands, unless noted)

## (10) Deferred Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2013 and 2012:

	 2013	2012
Deferred outflows of resources		
Derivative instruments (note 9)	\$ 3,435	2,067
Excess of reacquisiton price over net		
carrying value of defeased bonds (note 6)	 68,636	73,333
Total deferred inflows	\$ 72,071	75,400