The primary reference for these questions and others that may arise is the EPSDT/PPHSD

Billing Guidelines for MassHealth Physicians and Mid-level Providers (04/09),

http://www.mass.gov/Eeohhs2/docs/masshealth/memlibrary/epsdt\_billing-guide.pdf.

1. Well-Child-Care Provided During a Sick-Care Visit

A 2 ½ -year-old is brought in with a rash. The child’s existing physician notices that the child

never had a two-year well-child visit. The provider has the time to perform the required range of

screenings and does so.

Q. How should this visit be billed?

A. Since all of the screens as outlined in the EPSDT Services: Medical Protocol and Periodicity

Schedule (Schedule) were provided, the visit can be billed as a completed well-child visit

using the appropriate preventive medicine visit service code, and add-on code S0302, plus

the diagnosis code appropriate for the condition for which the child was treated.

• Line A: 99392

• Line B: S0302

On additional claim lines add any screenings or tests included in Appendix Z and, if Service

Code 96110 is claimed for a behavioral health screen, add the appropriate modifier.

However, if the provider had been unable to complete all of the required screens, and the

child was scheduled to return at a later date, only the second visit could be billed as a well-

child visit according to the Schedule. For example, bill the first visit as follows:

• Line A: 99212

If the child is seen by the nurse practitioner who is providing service in collaboration with the

physician during the return visit, and all of the required screens are completed, the second

visit may be billed as follows:

• Line A: 99392 SA

• Line B: S0302

On additional claim lines add any screenings or tests included in Appendix Z and, if Service

Code 96110 is claimed for a behavioral-health screen, add the appropriate modifier.

2. Well-Child Care Provided Over Multiple Visits

A two-year old child comes in for a well-child-care visit and the physician is unable to complete

the entire breadth of screenings as outlined in Appendix W, EPSDT Services: Medical Protocol

and Periodicity Schedule of the all MassHealth provider manuals. Over a series of three visits,

the provider is able to complete the screenings as outlined in the Schedule.

Q. How should these visits be billed? Can the add-on code be claimed for one of the

visits?

A. Since all of the screens as outlined in the Schedule were eventually provided, the final visit

can be billed as a completed well-child visit using the appropriate preventive medicine visit

service code, and add-on code S0302.

• Line A: 99392

• Line B: S0302

In addition, separate claims should be generated for the two previous visits. The

appropriate evaluation and management service code should be billed to identify the type of

visit that occurred. On additional claim lines add any screenings or tests included in

Appendix Z and, if Service Code 96110 is claimed for a behavioral health screen, add the

appropriate modifier.

3. Well-Child Care and Referrals

A four-year-old comes to the office for a routine well-child care visit. The child is unable to

cooperate for hearing and vision testing. To ensure that the child’s evaluation is complete, the

physician makes a referral for purposes of performing these tests.

Q. Since the physician did not perform the hearing and vision testing, but a referral was

made, has the provider fulfilled the requirements for billing for a well-child-care visit

provided in accordance with the Schedule?

A. Yes. If the provider makes a good-faith effort to ensure that these tests are completed, the

provider may bill for the well-child-care visit as provided in accordance with the Schedule.

The primary care provider must coordinate with the testing provider, working together to

ensure that all the required well-child service components are completed, and that the

results are made part of the child’s medical record. The primary-care provider remains

responsible for ensuring that all necessary screening and testing procedures are delivered

to the child.

4. Sick Care Provided During a Well-Child-Care Visit

An eight-year-old established patient comes in for a routine well-child visit. Upon examination

the physician finds that the child has significant wheezing and a history suggestive of asthma.

Although the child enters primarily for well-child care, a portion of the visit involves evaluation,

intervention, and education about asthma.

Q. How should this visit be billed? What diagnosis code should be used?

A. The child entered for routine health maintenance. Therefore, this visit should be billed as a

well-child visit. As long as all of the screens that are required according to the Schedule are

completed, the provider may bill the S0302 visit code and receive the enhanced payment.

Also, the provider should use the diagnosis code appropriate for asthma.

• Line A: 99393

• Line B: S0302

• Line C: 96110, with modifier U1 or U2.

• Line D: 99173 (Screening test of visual acuity, quantitative, bilateral)

• Line E: 92552 Pure tone audiometry (threshold); air only

5. MassHealth Coverage of Behavioral Health Screening Code When Screening Tool

Administered by Ancillary Staff in the Hospital Outpatient Department, Primary Care

Setting

An eight-year-old established patient comes into the hospital outpatient department for a routine

well-child visit. An ancillary staff person, such as a medical assistant gives the behavioral health

screening tool to the parent to complete. The parent gives the completed screening tool to the

primary care provider during the examination.

Q. Can the primary care provider bill for the professional component of the behavioral

health screening code when the screening tool is administered by ancillary staff?

A. Only a physician (or a Hospital for a hospital-based service) may bill for his/her professional

services when provided in an OPD setting. When these services are provided by mid-level

hospital based practitioners, the payment for their services is included in the Facility

payment to the hospital and may not be billed separately.

6. Services Required to be completed during a Well-Child Visit

A provider sees three MassHealth members in one day. One member is 8, one is 2 and one is

19. All three members receive an offer from the provider to receive EPSDT/PPHSD services

and all three members (or parents/guardians) agree to the receipt of the services. The provider

is unsure if all of the screens, as detailed in Appendix W, EPSDT Services: Medical Protocol

and Periodicity Schedule for each age range are required to be administered, or if the provider

can only provide a selection of the services.

Q. Can the primary care provider only provide a subset of the required screens as

detailed in Appendix W, or is the provider required to provide all the screens as listed,

if the member agrees to the receipt of EPSDT/PPHSD services? If they only provide a

subset, can they still bill for the add-on code?

A. If all of the screens as outlined in the Schedule were provided appropriate to the child’s age,

the visit can be billed as a completed well-child visit using the appropriate preventive

medicine visit service code, and add-on code S0302. However, if the provider is unable to

complete all of the required screens, the visit can not be billed as an EPSDT visit. If the

child returns at a later date and the remainder of the screens are delivered, the second visit

would be billed as a well-child visit according to the Schedule.

If to ensure that the child’s evaluation is complete, the physician makes a referral for

purposes of performing some of the screening tests such as the hearing and vision testing,

the provider can bill for the well-child care visit as provided in accordance with the Schedule

as long as the provider has made a good-faith effort to ensure that the screening tests are

completed. The primary care provider must coordinate with the testing provider, working

together to ensure that all the required well-child service components are completed, and

that the results are made part of the child’s medical record. The primary-care provider

remains responsible for ensuring that all necessary screening and testing procedures are

delivered to the child.

Q&As 4.25.08

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